

Converting Colors

YIQ(211.2670, -31.9090,
-10.9250)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250)
contains.

YIQ(211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(211.2670, -31.9090,
-10.9250)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEE3E4
RGB	174, 227, 228
RGB Percent	68%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.3178, 0.1097, 0.1060
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	181°, 50%, 79%
HSV	181°, 24%, 89%
XYZ	58.9227, 69.5450, 83.6931
YIQ	211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

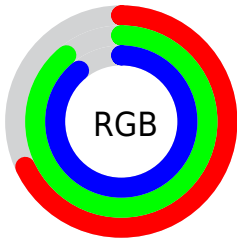
Format	Color
RYB	174, 201, 228
Decimal	11461604
CIELab	86.77, -16.65, -6.01
CIElCh	87, 17.704, 199.847
Yxy	69.5450, 0.2777, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289651684 (0xFFAEE3E4)
YUV	211.2670, 8.2494, -32.6832
Hunter-Lab	83.3936, -19.8177, -1.1274

Details

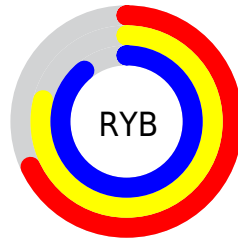
The YIQ color **211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **190.7330, 31.9090, 10.9250**, and the grayscale version is **211.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **247.8240, -14.3040, -5.0880**, and **156.5660, -31.3130, -10.7130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204.3900, -45.6170, -15.8010**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **218.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490**.

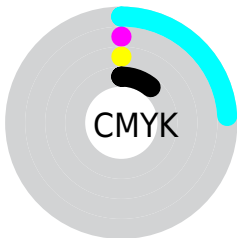
Distribution



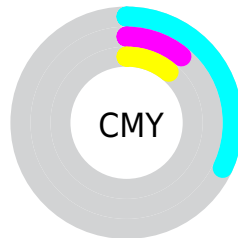
- Red (68%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 211.2670,
-31.9090, -10.9250

■ 211.2670,
-31.9090, -10.9250

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 183.5660,
-31.3130, -10.7130

■ 247.5250,
-14.9000, -5.3000

■ 156.5660,
-31.3130, -10.7130

■ 129.8650,
-30.7170, -10.5010

■ 103.8650,
-30.7170, -10.5010

■ 78.9790, -31.0380,
-10.1900

■ 54.3700, -33.6970,
-11.5610

■ 33.8760, -29.2500,

-9.5540

■ 19.7420, -17.0090,
-5.6250

■ 0.1140, -0.3210,
0.3110

■ 211.2670,
-31.9090, -10.9250

■ 211.2670,
-31.9090, -10.9250

■ 204.3900,
-45.6170, -15.8010

■ 218.1440,
-18.2010, -6.0490

■ 196.9260,
-59.0500, -20.1540

■ 225.6080, -4.7680,
-1.6960

■ 190.3480,
-72.1620, -24.8180

■ 232.1860, 8.3440,
2.9680

■ 182.8840,
-85.5950, -29.1710

■ 236.6600, 15.8170,
5.2010

■ 176.0070,
-99.3030, -34.0470

■ 237.2470, 15.5420,
4.6780

■ 169.1300,
-113.0110, -38.9230

■ 237.8340, 15.2670,
4.1550

■ 161.6660,
-126.4440, -43.2760

■ 157.4800,
-134.7880, -46.2440

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212.0200, -21.0880, -14.3040



211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250



212.5860, -34.0650, -4.8890

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250



220.4820, 4.9950, 14.1070



217.2720, 22.4210, -4.3550

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250



190.7330, 31.9090, 10.9250

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



219.0220, 29.2970, 3.1930



211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250



220.6100, 19.2540, 14.5020

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250



218.2780, -12.1060, 10.1500



220.1670, 27.6910, 10.2750



215.8250, 10.3180, -10.7860

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250



214.2000, -29.8020, 0.4540



220.1670, 27.6910, 10.2750



217.7070, 25.6300, -1.9380

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250



249.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160



205.8120, -15.1710, -27.9310



124.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250



233.1840, -42.0410, -14.5290



195.4180, -24.4840, 3.1960



111.4120, -7.1520, -2.5440



123.1310, -105.5840, -35.8560



35.1640, -30.1210, -10.2890

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196.1880, 15.1710, 27.9310



213.2090, 19.8460, 36.8220



206.5820, 24.4840, -3.1960



107.9560, 3.3000, 6.2760



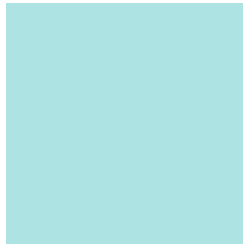
73.4710, 50.5090, 92.3730



20.9490, 14.3460, 26.3620

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

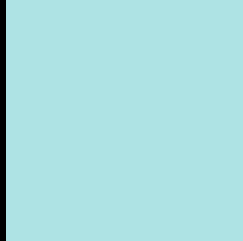
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

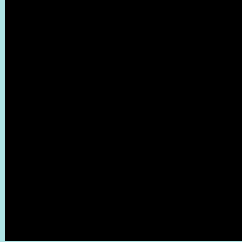
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250.



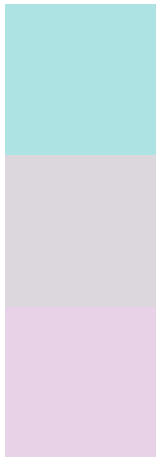
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250.

-10.9250.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250

Protanopia

216.8800, 0.4580, 2.7140

Deuteranopia

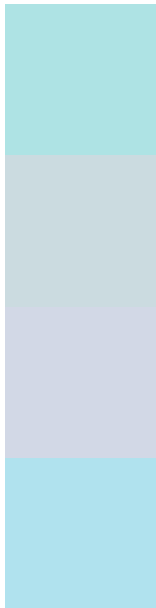
218.6730, 5.7750, 10.9830



Tritanopia

212.7000, -34.3860, -4.5780

Trichromacy



Original Color

211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250

Protanomaly

214.7860, -11.1410, -1.8370

Deuteranomaly

215.8020, -8.0700, 3.0820

Tritanomaly

212.4180, -33.6520, -6.8680

Monochromacy



Original Color

211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250

Achromatopsia

211.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

211.3190, -11.3240, -4.0280

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 227, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 227, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 227, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 227, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 227, 228) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 227, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 227, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 227, 228); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 227, 228); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 227, 228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 211.2670, -31.9090, -10.9250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 227, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
227, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor