

Converting Colors

YIQ(211.4810, -20.7680,
-9.0880)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(211.4810, -20.7680,
-9.0880)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BADFDB
RGB	186, 223, 219
RGB Percent	73%, 87%, 86%
CMY	0.2707, 0.1254, 0.1412
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.02, 0.13
HSL	173°, 37%, 80%
HSV	173°, 17%, 87%
XYZ	59.4194, 68.3333, 77.0618
YIQ	211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

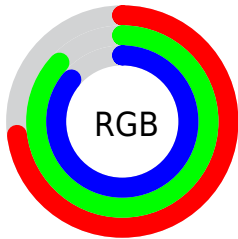
Format	Color
R _{YB}	186, 206, 223
Decimal	12247003
CIE Lab	86.17, -12.87, -2.07
CIE LCh	86, 13.036, 189.153
Yxy	68.3333, 0.2901, 0.3336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290437083 (0xFFBADFDB)
YUV	211.4810, 3.7069, -22.3468
Hunter-Lab	82.6639, -16.3548, 2.5929

Details

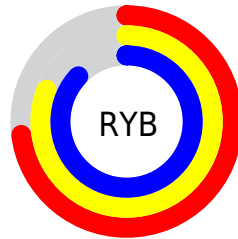
The YIQ color **211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **197.5190, 20.7680, 9.0880**, and the grayscale version is **211.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251.4120, -7.1520, -2.5440**, and **156.7800, -20.1720, -8.8760** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204.6750, -33.2380, -14.3740**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **218.2870, -8.2980, -3.8020**.

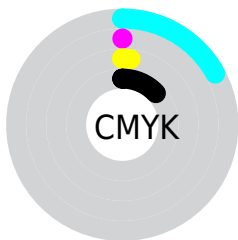
Distribution



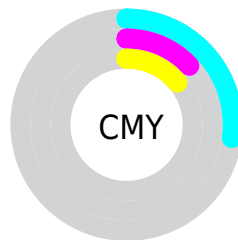
- Red (73%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 211.4810,
-20.7680, -9.0880

■ 211.4810,
-20.7680, -9.0880

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 183.7800,
-20.1720, -8.8760

■ 251.1130, -7.7480,
-2.7560

■ 156.7800,
-20.1720, -8.8760

■ 130.4920,
-19.3010, -8.1410

■ 105.3780,
-18.9800, -8.4520

■ 80.7910, -18.7050,
-7.9290

■ 57.7910, -18.7050,
-7.9290

■ 34.6060, -19.6220,

-7.8300

■ 17.1830, -13.9370,
-6.2330

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 211.4810,
-20.7680, -9.0880

■ 211.4810,
-20.7680, -9.0880

■ 204.6750,
-33.2380, -14.3740

■ 218.2870, -8.2980,
-3.8020

■ 197.4560,
-45.9830, -20.1830

■ 225.5060, 4.4470,
2.0070

■ 190.6500,
-58.4530, -25.4690

■ 232.3120, 16.9170,
7.2930

■ 183.7300,
-70.6020, -31.0660

■ 233.2520, 17.1460,
8.6500

■ 176.6250,
-83.6680, -36.5640

■ 233.4800, 16.5040,
9.2720

■ 169.7050,
-95.8170, -42.1610

■ 233.8220, 15.5410,
10.2050

■ 162.8990,
-108.2870, -47.4470

■ 234.0500, 14.8990,
10.8270

■ 156.0930,
-120.7570, -52.7330

■ 234.2780, 14.2570,
11.4490

■ 153.5870,
-125.2040, -54.7400

■ 234.6200, 13.2940,
12.3820

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211.8040, -11.5520, -10.9120



211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880



211.9630, -24.9410, -5.0450

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880



217.3240, -0.5520, 10.0080



216.4120, 19.2110, -1.2450

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880



197.5190, 20.7680, 9.0880

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



217.5420, 21.9610, 3.9850



211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880



218.0110, 10.6350, 11.0110

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880



215.4580, -12.7930, 6.0790



218.0350, 19.2550, 8.9750



214.9440, 11.6010, -6.5030

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880



212.8540, -23.0160, -1.3840



218.0350, 19.2550, 8.9750



216.9500, 20.6320, 0.5360

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880



250.9990, -7.4270, -3.0670



208.9150, -7.7910, -18.5030



125.4940, -4.4470, -2.0070



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



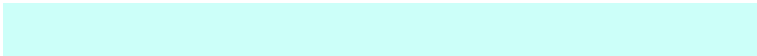
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880



239.0670, -28.4700, -12.6780



203.7190, -18.2020, -0.5220



108.5970, -6.2350, -2.6430



121.2100, -98.7970, -43.2210



33.0780, -27.0030, -11.7310

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197.5190, 20.7680, 9.0880



219.9330, 28.4700, 12.6780



205.2810, 18.2020, 0.5220



104.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



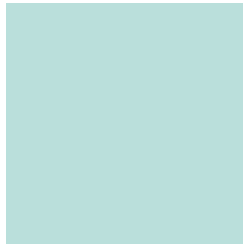
54.7900, 98.7970, 43.2210



14.9220, 27.0030, 11.7310

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

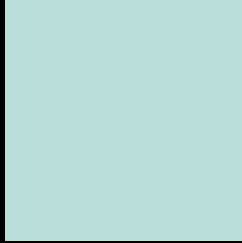
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

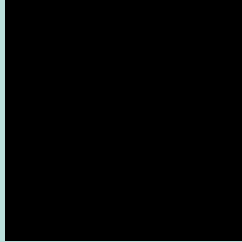
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

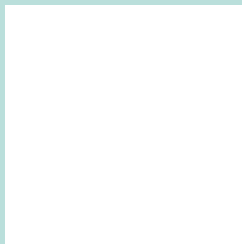
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880.



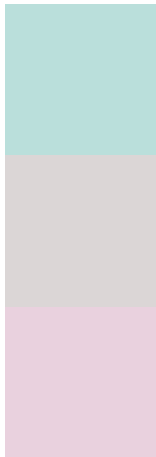
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880.

-9.0880.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880

Protanopia

215.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600

Deuteranopia

217.6580, 10.1310, 9.1310



Tritanopia

212.7830, -24.2540, -0.9740

Trichromacy



Original Color

211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880

Protanomaly

213.8960, -5.6390, -2.4310

Deuteranomaly

215.3960, -1.0550, 2.6010

Tritanomaly

212.2730, -22.8780, -3.8860

Monochromacy



Original Color

211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880

Achromatopsia

211.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

210.9990, -7.4270, -3.0670

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 223, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 223, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 223, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 223, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 223, 219) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 223, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 223, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 223, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 223, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 223,  
219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 211.4810, -20.7680, -9.0880 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 223, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
223, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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