

Converting Colors

YIQ(211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750)
contains.

YIQ(211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(211.6150, -5.5050,
17.1750)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9CAF7
RGB	217, 202, 247
RGB Percent	85%, 79%, 97%
CMY	0.1489, 0.2078, 0.0314
CMYK	0.12, 0.18, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	260°, 74%, 88%
HSV	260°, 18%, 97%
XYZ	66.5254, 63.7069, 96.7744
YIQ	211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

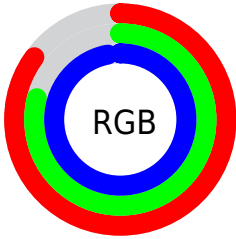
Format	Color
R _Y B	217, 202, 247
Decimal	14273271
CIE Lab	83.81, 13.71, -20.20
CIE LCh	84, 24.413, 304.158
Yxy	63.7069, 0.2931, 0.2806
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292463351 (0xFFD9CAF7)
YUV	211.6150, 17.4448, 4.7226
Hunter-Lab	79.8166, 9.0970, -16.0151

Details

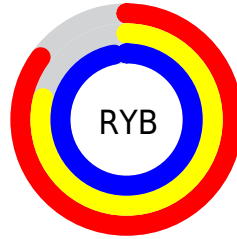
The YIQ color $211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $237.3850, 5.5050, -17.1750$, and the grayscale version is $211.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $157.0880, -5.4590, 16.3410$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $192.1560, -8.1660, 26.8580$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $231.0740, -2.8440, 7.4920$.

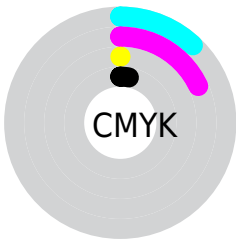
Distribution



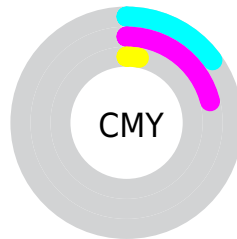
- Red (85%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 211.6150, -5.5050,
17.1750

■ 211.6150, -5.5050,
17.1750

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 184.0880, -5.4590,
16.3410

■ 157.0880, -5.4590,
16.3410

■ 130.5610, -5.4130,
15.5070

■ 105.4470, -5.0920,
15.1960

■ 81.0340, -5.3670,
14.6730

■ 58.0940, -5.5960,
13.3160

■ 36.5670, -5.5500,

12.4820

■ 13.8770, -3.4870,
13.6410

■ 2.8670, -6.6950,
5.6970

■ 211.6150, -5.5050,
17.1750

■ 211.6150, -5.5050,
17.1750

■ 192.1560, -8.1660,
26.8580

■ 231.0740, -2.8440,
7.4920

■ 172.9850,
-11.6980, 35.8060

■ 250.2450, 0.6880,
-1.4560

■ 153.5260,
-14.3590, 45.4890

■ 254.0880, 2.5680,
-2.4880

■ 133.7680,
-17.6160, 54.9600

■ 114.8960,
-20.5520, 64.1200

■ 95.1380, -23.8090,
73.5910

■ 75.6790, -26.4700,
83.2740

■ 55.9210, -29.7270,
92.7450

■ 52.6760, -30.4150,
94.2010

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



207.8400, -28.4280, 8.5960



211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750



212.9290, 17.0980, 20.5380

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750



210.0950, 36.2210, -1.1470



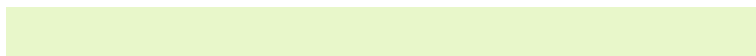
199.5170, -38.7850, -18.4730

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750



237.3850, 5.5050, -17.1750

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202.0000, -18.3360, -20.1280



211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750



207.3550, 23.3850, -10.8150

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750



211.6860, 39.2910, 9.2990



204.9010, 3.9920, -17.2880



199.7580, -49.4690, -12.0690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750



213.0350, 28.4230, 19.0390



204.9010, 3.9920, -17.2880



200.3990, -32.6410, -19.6890

Sweetspot

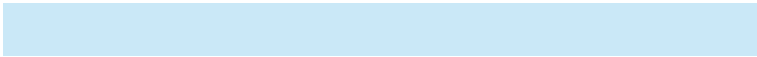
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750



244.9770, -1.1930, 5.1030



224.7400, -22.6950, -1.6950



121.5100, -1.3760, 2.9120



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750



211.0650, -6.6520, 21.4440



218.1930, 7.6070, 21.8390



112.5640, -1.4680, 4.5800



39.7420, -22.7540, 70.9900



12.7060, -7.0190, 22.5890

Inverse Universe

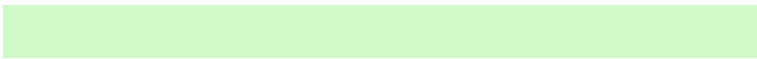
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218.8750, 17.1900, 18.8700



219.9620, 21.4990, 23.3790



230.5080, -8.2030, -22.0510



114.5000, 4.5840, 5.0320



69.7500, 71.0520, 77.9960



22.0870, 22.6450, 24.6370

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

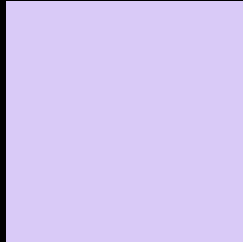
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

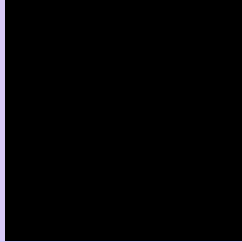
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 211.6150, -5.5050,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750

Protanopia

209.8090, -17.9750, 11.8890

Deuteranopia

210.9950, -9.6310, 14.8570



Tritanopia

210.0310, -1.2850, 6.7710

Trichromacy



Original Color

211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750

Protanomaly

210.3150, -13.5280, 13.8960

Deuteranomaly

211.0060, -8.1640, 15.8040

Tritanomaly

210.7690, -3.3030, 10.3050

Monochromacy



Original Color

211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750

Achromatopsia

212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

211.7320, -1.8810, 6.5590

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 202, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 202, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 202, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 202, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 202, 247) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 202, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 202, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 202, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 202, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 202,  
247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 211.6150, -5.5050, 17.1750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 202, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
202, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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