

# Converting Colors

YIQ(213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(213.0430, -18.7540,  
9.4860)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9D4FA
RGB	201, 212, 250
RGB Percent	79%, 83%, 98%
CMY	0.2118, 0.1686, 0.0197
CMYK	0.20, 0.15, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	227°, 83%, 88%
HSV	227°, 20%, 98%
XYZ	64.8831, 66.4072, 99.8189
YIQ	213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

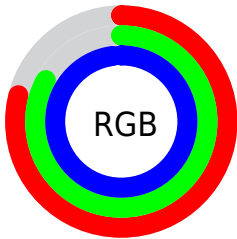
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 210, 250
Decimal	13227258
CIE Lab	85.20, 4.03, -19.80
CIE LCh	85, 20.205, 281.501
Yxy	66.4072, 0.2807, 0.2873
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291417338 (0xFFC9D4FA)
YUV	213.0430, 18.2198, -10.5617
Hunter-Lab	81.4906, -0.4864, -15.5816

# Details

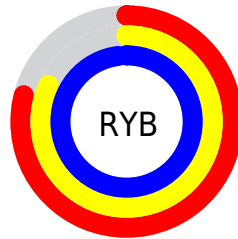
The YIQ color  $213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $237.9570, 18.7540, -9.4860$ , and the grayscale version is  $213.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $158.4020, -18.3870, 8.3410$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $194.4150, -28.4290, 14.1230$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $231.6710, -9.0790, 4.8490$ .

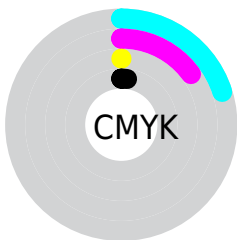
# Distribution



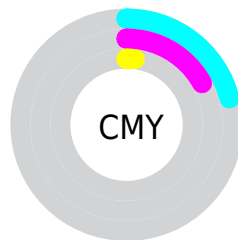
- Red (79%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 213.0430,  
-18.7540, 9.4860

■ 213.0430,  
-18.7540, 9.4860

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 184.9290,  
-18.4330, 9.1750

■ 158.4020,  
-18.3870, 8.3410

■ 131.7010,  
-17.7910, 8.5530

■ 106.5870,  
-17.4700, 8.2420

■ 82.0600, -17.4240,  
7.4080

■ 58.9460, -17.1030,  
7.0970

■ 36.7070, -17.9280,

5.5280

■ 14.9950, -18.7990,  
4.7930

■ 3.2090, -7.6580,  
6.6300

■ 213.0430,  
-18.7540, 9.4860

■ 213.0430,  
-18.7540, 9.4860

■ 194.4150,  
-28.4290, 14.1230

■ 231.6710, -9.0790,  
4.8490

■ 175.2000,  
-37.8290, 19.2830

■ 250.8860, 0.3210,  
-0.3110

■ 156.5720,  
-47.5040, 23.9200

■ 254.4300, 1.6050,  
-1.5550

■ 137.3570,  
-56.9040, 29.0800

■ 118.7290,  
-66.5790, 33.7170

■ 100.1010,  
-76.2540, 38.3540

■ 80.8860, -85.6540,  
43.5140

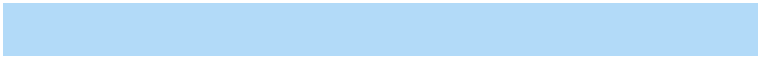
■ 62.2580, -95.3290,  
48.1510

■ 61.3720, -95.6500,  
48.4620

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209.4600, -33.4700, 0.8500



213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860



215.7850, -0.2320, 15.2240

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860



215.0550, 33.6980, 6.0340



206.9230, -19.4370, -16.6930

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860



237.9570, 18.7540, -9.4860

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208.7310, -1.2810, -15.3370



213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860



213.7350, 28.4270, -3.0690

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860



216.5310, 29.6620, 13.1020



211.3480, 16.0950, -10.8570



205.6040, -34.4760, -13.9640



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860



216.3690, 12.7430, 16.8630



211.3480, 16.0950, -10.8570



207.4460, -13.6600, -16.7640

# Sweetspot

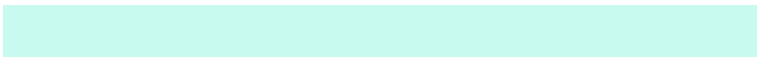
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860



243.4710, -5.6400, 3.0960



234.0950, -25.6730, -13.8090



121.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860



209.1720, -23.4310, 11.6490



210.4730, -7.9810, 17.9950



115.2430, -4.9980, 2.4740



46.2000, -72.2190, 36.8130



15.1720, -23.4310, 11.6490



# Inverse Universe

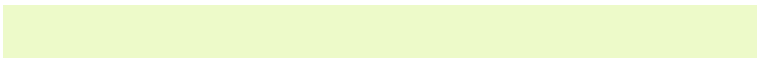
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216.9050, 25.6730, 13.8090



213.8350, 31.8620, 17.2860



240.5270, 7.9810, -17.9950



116.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890



61.2990, 99.1620, 53.1300



19.8350, 31.8620, 17.2860



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

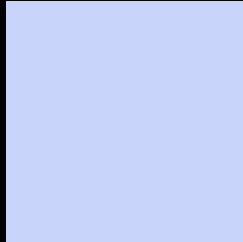
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

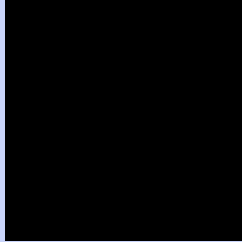
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860.



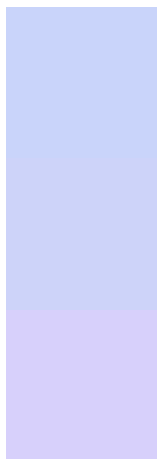
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860.

9.4860.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860

### Protanopia

213.5380, -15.7740, 10.5460

### Deuteranopia

214.9950, -9.6310, 14.8570



## Tritanopia

211.8550, -15.5890, 1.6830

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860

## Protanomaly

213.2390, -16.3700, 10.3340

## Deuteranomaly

214.0870, -12.8860, 13.2740

## Tritanomaly

212.3650, -16.9650, 4.5950

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860

## Achromatopsia

213.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

213.2860, -6.5570, 3.1950

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 212, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 212, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 212, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 212, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 212, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 212, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 212, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 212, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 212, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 212,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 213.0430, -18.7540, 9.4860 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 212, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
212, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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