

Converting Colors

YIQ(213.5470, -11.9660,
-3.4060)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(213.5470, -11.9660,
-3.4060)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8DBDD
RGB	200, 219, 221
RGB Percent	78%, 86%, 87%
CMY	0.2157, 0.1411, 0.1334
CMYK	0.10, 0.01, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	186°, 24%, 83%
HSV	186°, 10%, 87%
XYZ	62.1995, 68.1648, 78.2767
YIQ	213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

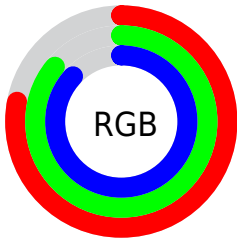
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 210, 221
Decimal	13163485
CIE Lab	86.09, -5.94, -3.15
CIE LCh	86, 6.725, 207.933
Yxy	68.1648, 0.2981, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291353565 (0xFFC8DBDD)
YUV	213.5470, 3.6743, -11.8807
Hunter-Lab	82.5620, -10.0074, 1.5807

Details

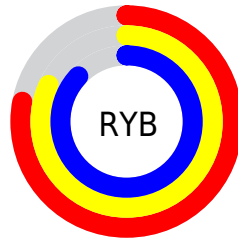
The YIQ color $213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCCC$. A complement of this color would be $207.4530, 11.9660, 3.4060$, and the grayscale version is $214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $158.8460, -11.3700, -3.1940$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $205.7950, -24.5280, -7.0240$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $221.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120$.

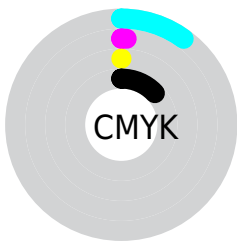
Distribution



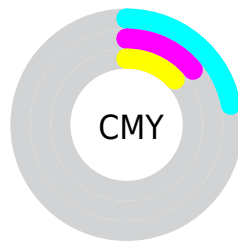
- Red (78%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 213.5470,
-11.9660, -3.4060

■ 213.5470,
-11.9660, -3.4060

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 185.8460,
-11.3700, -3.1940

■ 158.8460,
-11.3700, -3.1940

■ 132.8460,
-11.3700, -3.1940

■ 107.1450,
-10.7740, -2.9820

■ 83.1450, -10.7740,
-2.9820

■ 60.3300, -9.8570,
-3.0810

■ 38.3300, -9.8570,

-3.0810

■ 16.5470, -11.9660,
-3.4060

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 213.5470,
-11.9660, -3.4060

■ 213.5470,
-11.9660, -3.4060

■ 205.7950,
-24.5280, -7.0240

■ 221.2990, 0.5960,
0.2120

■ 198.0430,
-37.0900, -10.6420

■ 229.0510, 13.1580,
3.8300

■ 190.2910,
-49.6520, -14.2600

■ 233.5140, 19.1640,
5.1160

■ 182.5390,
-62.2140, -17.8780

■ 234.6880, 18.6140,
4.0700

■ 174.4880,
-75.3720, -21.7080

■ 235.8620, 18.0640,
3.0240

■ 166.7360,
-87.9340, -25.3260

■ 237.0360, 17.5140,
1.9780

■ 158.3970,
-100.2210, -28.4210

■ 238.7970, 16.6890,
0.4090

■ 150.6450,
-112.7830, -32.0390

■ 239.9710, 16.1390,
-0.6370

■ 142.8930,
-125.3450, -35.6570

■ 241.1450, 15.5890,
-1.6830

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



213.4610, -8.8480, -4.8480



213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060



214.1280, -12.1040, -0.9040

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060



216.4290, 3.3460, 5.4420



215.4260, 7.4280, -2.4600

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060



207.4530, 11.9660, 3.4060

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



216.2740, 10.9120, 0.4800



213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060



216.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060



216.0800, -2.9810, 4.4670



216.2680, 11.0490, 3.5050



214.6210, 2.3850, -4.6790

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060



214.9650, -10.0870, 1.0890



216.2680, 11.0490, 3.5050



215.7360, 9.4910, -1.3010

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060



252.0210, -4.4930, -1.1730



212.5550, -6.4170, -10.3610



125.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



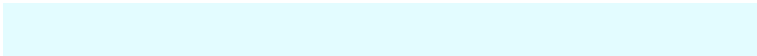
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

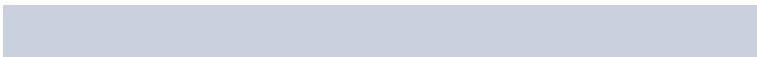
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060



244.8670, -15.8630, -4.3670



207.6770, -9.2160, 1.8240



106.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090



111.8810, -98.7080, -28.3080



29.8980, -26.3160, -7.6600

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208.4450, 6.4170, 10.3610



238.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110



213.3230, 9.2160, -1.8240



103.4290, 3.3460, 5.4420



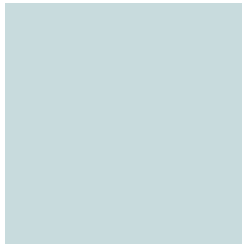
69.6250, 52.7110, 85.5030



18.5420, 13.9340, 22.8140

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

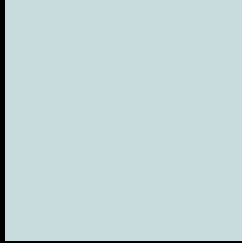
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

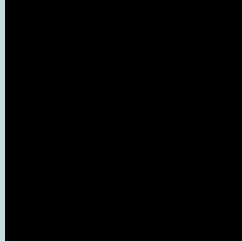
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060.

-3.4060.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

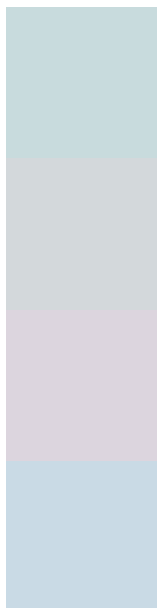




Tritanopia

214.4530, -14.3970, 2.1070

Trichromacy



Original Color

213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060

Protanomaly

214.8470, -3.9430, -0.1270

Deuteranomaly

216.1190, 1.2830, 4.2830

Tritanomaly

214.1710, -13.6630, -0.1830

Monochromacy



Original Color

213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060

Achromatopsia

214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

214.0210, -4.4930, -1.1730

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 219, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 219, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 219, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 219, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 219, 221) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 219, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 219, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 219, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 219, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 219,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 213.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 219, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
219, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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