

# Converting Colors

YIQ(213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(213.6470, 35.0270,  
9.4830)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDC6BF
RGB	253, 198, 191
RGB Percent	99%, 78%, 75%
CMY	0.0077, 0.2236, 0.2508
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.25, 0.01
HSL	7°, 94%, 87%
HSV	7°, 25%, 99%
XYZ	70.1166, 65.0295, 58.1679
YIQ	213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

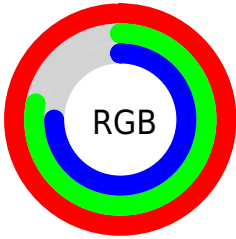
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	253, 199, 191
Decimal	16631487
CIE Lab	84.50, 18.60, 10.99
CIE LCh	84, 21.604, 30.583
Yxy	65.0295, 0.3627, 0.3364
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294821567 (0xFFFDC6BF)
YUV	213.6470, -11.1650, 34.5126
Hunter-Lab	80.6409, 14.0828, 13.6815

# Details

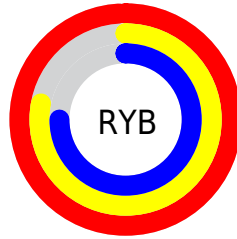
The YIQ color  $213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $230.3530, -35.0270, -9.4830$ , and the grayscale version is  $214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $254.0880, 2.5680, -2.4880$ , and  $158.5650, 32.3220, 8.9460$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $197.8830, 49.1020, 13.2140$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $229.4110, 20.9520, 5.7520$ .

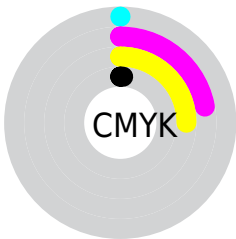
# Distribution



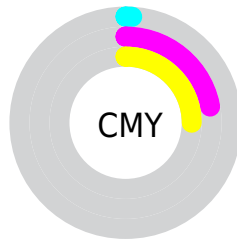
- Red (99%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 213.6470, 35.0270,  
9.4830


 213.6470, 35.0270,  
9.4830


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 186.0490, 33.8350,  
9.0590


 254.0880, 2.5680,  
-2.4880

 158.5650, 32.3220,  
8.9460

 132.2660, 31.7260,  
8.7340

 106.4830, 29.6170,  
8.4090

 81.9990, 28.1040,  
8.2960

 58.8030, 25.7200,  
7.4480

 36.0200, 23.6110,

7.1230

■ 12.8460, 24.1610,  
8.1690

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 213.6470, 35.0270,  
9.4830

■ 213.6470, 35.0270,  
9.4830

■ 197.8830, 49.1020,  
13.2140

■ 229.4110, 20.9520,  
5.7520

■ 181.4180, 63.7730,  
17.1570

■ 245.8760, 6.2810,  
1.8090

■ 165.6540, 77.8480,  
20.8880

254.4020, -1.1920,  
-0.4240

■ 149.3030, 92.1980,  
25.1420

■ 133.5390,  
106.2730, 28.8730

■ 117.0740,  
120.9440, 32.8160

■ 101.3100,  
135.0190, 36.5470

■ 92.0830, 143.0880,  
38.9920

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



214.7420, 27.6900, 15.8020



213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830



212.1810, 33.1030, 0.2950

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830



205.5060, -13.8890, -18.1210



209.2700, -26.8230, 7.0410

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830



230.3530, -35.0270, -9.4830

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205.3450, -40.5760, -2.5280



213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830



203.6920, -31.9080, -16.4520

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830



207.8520, 5.6880, -14.9840



203.2920, -42.2250, -11.1930



213.2510, -7.4760, 14.3480



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



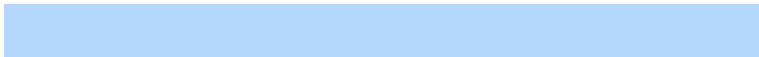
213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830



210.6700, 27.0520, -5.6840



203.2920, -42.2250, -11.1930



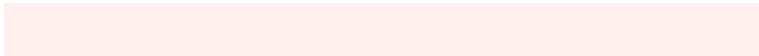
208.6390, -32.4160, 3.7760

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830



243.5560, 10.1780, 2.7700



215.9220, 18.9760, 30.5600



120.8760, 6.2810, 1.8090



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

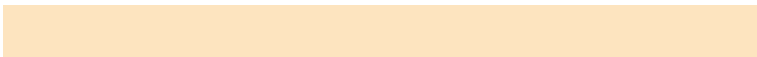
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830



207.8220, 41.9040, 11.5040



231.2570, 26.7770, -6.2070



119.4740, 7.4730, 2.2330



69.4360, 108.0610, 29.5090



23.2450, 36.2190, 9.9070



# Inverse Universe

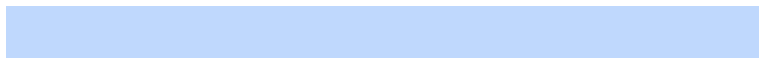
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230.3530, -35.0270, -9.4830



228.1780, -41.9040, -11.5040



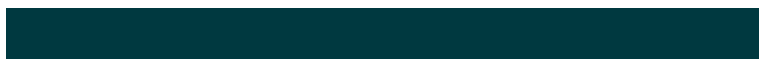
212.7430, -26.7770, 6.2070



122.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100



121.5640, -108.0610, -29.5090



40.7550, -36.2190, -9.9070



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

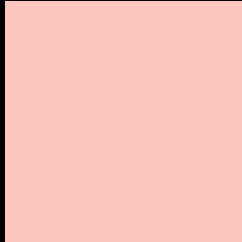
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

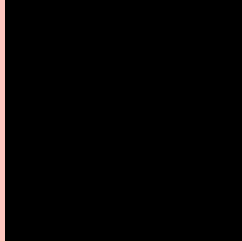
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830.



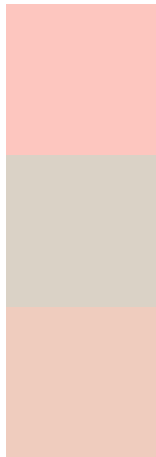
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 213.6470, 35.0270,

9.4830.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830

### Protanopia

211.0240, 8.6200, -2.0360

### Deuteranopia

212.8690, 25.3540, 3.0660



## Tritanopia

214.6500, 30.9450, 17.3850

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830

## Protanomaly

212.2210, 18.4310, 1.8790

## Deuteranomaly

213.1900, 28.8840, 5.1720

## Tritanomaly

214.1400, 32.3210, 14.4730

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830

## Achromatopsia

214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

213.7520, 12.5620, 3.6180

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 198, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 198, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 198, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 198, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 198, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 198, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 198, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 198, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 198, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 198,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 213.6470, 35.0270, 9.4830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 198, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
198, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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