

# Converting Colors

YIQ(213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(213.6510, -6.3270,  
-0.9750)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CFD8DB
RGB	207, 216, 219
RGB Percent	81%, 85%, 86%
CMY	0.1882, 0.1529, 0.1412
CMYK	0.05, 0.01, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	195°, 14%, 84%
HSV	195°, 5%, 86%
XYZ	63.0728, 67.4925, 76.7161
YIQ	213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

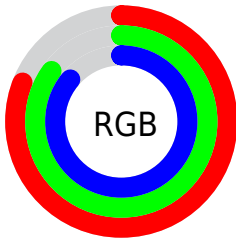
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	207, 212, 219
Decimal	13621467
CIE Lab	85.75, -2.47, -2.53
CIE LCh	86, 3.536, 225.739
Yxy	67.4925, 0.3043, 0.3256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291811547 (0xFFCFD8DB)
YUV	213.6510, 2.6371, -5.8329
Hunter-Lab	82.1538, -6.7274, 2.1420

# Details

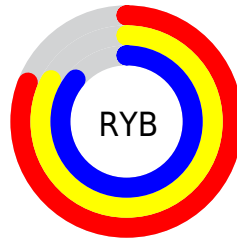
The YIQ color  $213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $212.3490, 6.3270, 0.9750$ , and the grayscale version is  $214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $158.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $204.1380, -18.0640, -3.0240$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $223.1640, 5.4100, 1.0740$ .

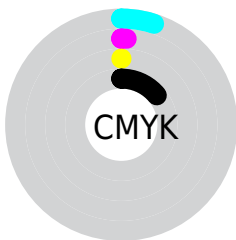
# Distribution



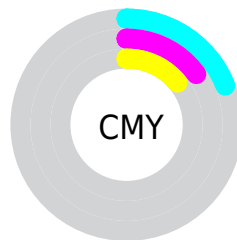
- Red (81%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 213.6510, -6.3270,  
-0.9750

■ 213.6510, -6.3270,  
-0.9750

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 185.6510, -6.3270,  
-0.9750

■ 158.9500, -5.7310,  
-0.7630

■ 132.9500, -5.7310,  
-0.7630

■ 107.8360, -5.4100,  
-1.0740

■ 83.2490, -5.1350,  
-0.5510

■ 60.2490, -5.1350,  
-0.5510

■ 38.2490, -5.1350,

-0.5510

■ 17.8360, -5.4100,  
-1.0740

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 213.6510, -6.3270,  
-0.9750

■ 213.6510, -6.3270,  
-0.9750

■ 204.1380,  
-18.0640, -3.0240

■ 223.1640, 5.4100,  
1.0740

■ 194.0380,  
-29.5260, -4.5500

■ 233.2640, 16.8720,  
2.6000

■ 184.5250,  
-41.2630, -6.5990

■ 237.3950, 17.8810,  
0.8330

■ 174.4250,  
-52.7250, -8.1250

■ 240.9170, 16.2310,  
-2.3050

■ 164.9120,  
-64.4620, -10.1740

■ 243.8520, 14.8560,  
-4.9200

■ 155.1110,  
-75.3280, -11.4880

■ 247.3740, 13.2060,  
-8.0580

■ 145.5980,  
-87.0650, -13.5370

■ 250.3090, 11.8310,  
-10.6730

■ 135.4980,  
-98.5270, -15.0630

■ 250.8960, 11.5560,  
-11.1960

■ 125.9850,  
-110.2640, -17.1120

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



213.3090, -5.3640, -1.9080



213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750



213.8900, -5.5020, 0.5940

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750



214.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400



214.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750



212.3490, 6.3270, 0.9750

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



214.8110, 4.9060, -0.8060



213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750



215.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750



214.8800, 0.4580, 2.7140



215.0500, 5.7310, 0.7630



213.8210, -1.0540, -2.9260

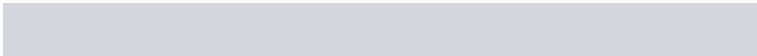


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750



214.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



215.0500, 5.7310, 0.7630



214.2130, 3.7140, -1.2300

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750



252.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370



214.3860, -4.2630, -5.3430



126.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

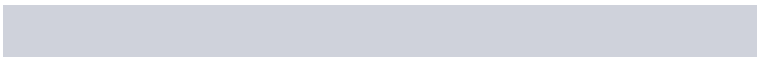
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750



247.2700, -9.6280, -1.7240



210.1290, -4.6770, 2.1630



105.5480, -4.5390, -0.3390



96.0320, -91.2830, -14.1870



25.2020, -24.1160, -3.4760



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



211.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430



243.9780, 6.2340, 8.1700



215.8710, 4.6770, -2.1630



104.3750, 3.4380, 3.7740



66.5470, 61.3780, 77.1060

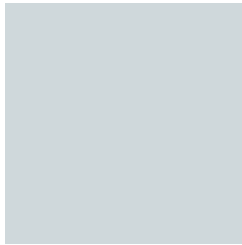


17.6300, 16.5020, 20.3260



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

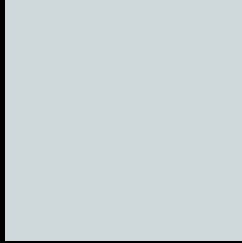
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

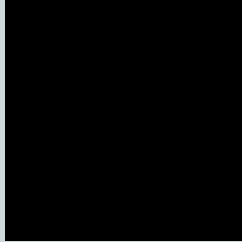
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

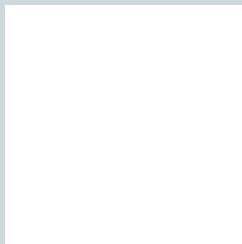
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750.



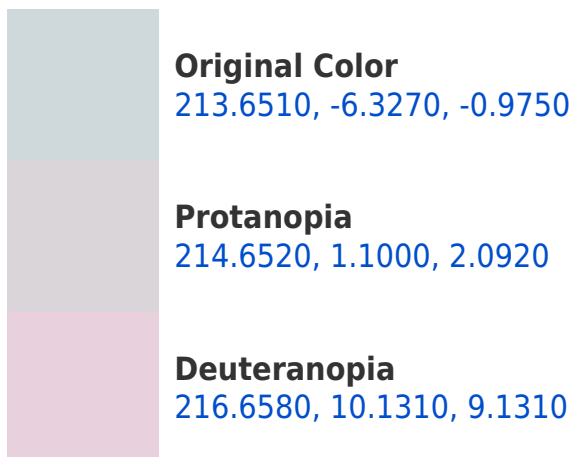
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 213.6510, -6.3270,

-0.9750.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

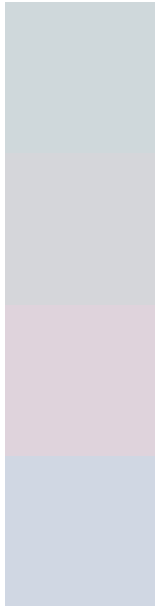




## Tritanopia

214.4430, -8.4370, 4.2270

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750

## Protanomaly

214.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320

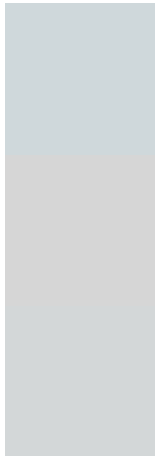
## Deuteranomaly

215.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430

## Tritanomaly

214.2750, -8.0240, 2.2480

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750

## Achromatopsia

214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

213.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 216, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 216, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 216, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 216, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 216, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 216, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 216, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 216, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 216, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 216,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 213.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 216, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
216, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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