

Converting Colors

YIQ(214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970)
contains.

YIQ(214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(214.1570, -19.0750,
9.7970)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAD5FC
RGB	202, 213, 252
RGB Percent	79%, 84%, 99%
CMY	0.2078, 0.1647, 0.0119
CMYK	0.20, 0.15, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	227°, 89%, 89%
HSV	227°, 20%, 99%
XYZ	65.7188, 67.1739, 101.5751
YIQ	214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

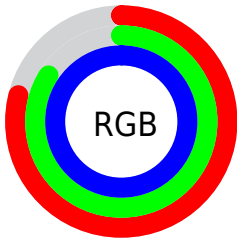
Format	Color
R _Y B	202, 211, 252
Decimal	13293052
CIE Lab	85.59, 4.24, -20.26
CIE LCh	86, 20.702, 281.815
Yxy	67.1739, 0.2803, 0.2865
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291483132 (0xFFCAD5FC)
YUV	214.1570, 18.6566, -10.6617
Hunter-Lab	81.9597, -0.3005, -16.1081

Details

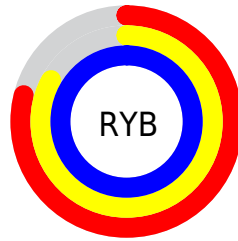
The YIQ color $214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $239.8430, 19.0750, -9.7970$, and the grayscale version is $214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $158.9290, -18.4330, 9.1750$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $194.9420, -28.4750, 14.9570$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $233.3720, -9.6750, 4.6370$.

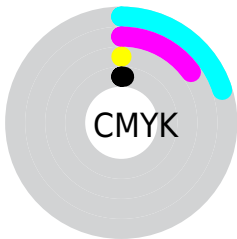
Distribution



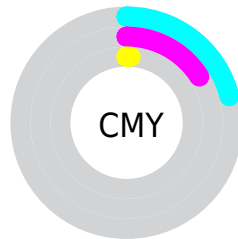
- Red (79%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 214.1570,
-19.0750, 9.7970

■ 214.1570,
-19.0750, 9.7970

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 186.0430,
-18.7540, 9.4860

■ 158.9290,
-18.4330, 9.1750

■ 132.8150,
-18.1120, 8.8640

■ 107.7010,
-17.7910, 8.5530

■ 83.1740, -17.7450,
7.7190

■ 59.6470, -17.6990,
6.8850

■ 37.5220, -18.8450,

5.6270

■ 15.6960, -19.3950,
4.5810

■ 3.3230, -7.9790,
6.9410

■ 214.1570,
-19.0750, 9.7970

■ 214.1570,
-19.0750, 9.7970

■ 194.9420,
-28.4750, 14.9570

■ 233.3720, -9.6750,
4.6370

■ 176.3140,
-38.1500, 19.5940

■ 252.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 156.8000,
-48.1460, 24.5420

■ 254.6580, 0.9630,
-0.9330

■ 137.5850,
-57.5460, 29.7020

■ 118.9570,
-67.2210, 34.3390

■ 99.7420, -76.6210,
39.4990

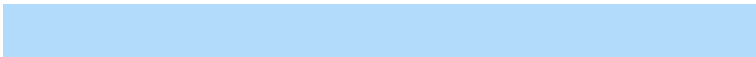
■ 80.5270, -86.0210,
44.6590

■ 61.6000, -96.2920,
49.0840

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210.3890, -34.7080, 1.2600



214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970



216.4970, 0.6390, 15.9590

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970



216.0550, 33.6980, 6.0340



207.6240, -20.0330, -16.9050

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970



239.8430, 19.0750, -9.7970

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210.2040, -1.2350, -16.1710



214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970



214.6210, 28.7480, -3.3800

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970



217.2430, 30.5330, 13.8370



212.3480, 16.0950, -10.8570



206.3050, -35.0720, -14.1760

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970



217.7820, 13.0180, 17.3860



212.3480, 16.0950, -10.8570



208.1470, -14.2560, -16.9760

Sweetspot

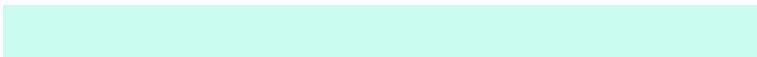
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970



243.4710, -5.6400, 3.0960



235.6820, -25.9480, -14.3320



121.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970



208.5850, -23.1560, 12.1720



211.5870, -8.3020, 18.3060



115.2430, -4.9980, 2.4740



46.2000, -72.2190, 36.8130



14.5850, -23.1560, 12.1720

Inverse Universe

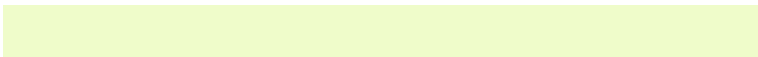
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218.2040, 26.2690, 14.0210



213.7210, 32.1830, 16.9750



242.4130, 8.3020, -18.3060



116.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890



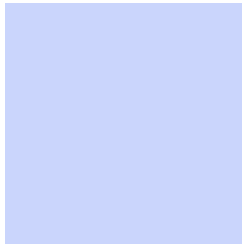
61.2990, 99.1620, 53.1300



19.7210, 32.1830, 16.9750

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

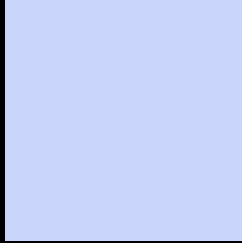
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

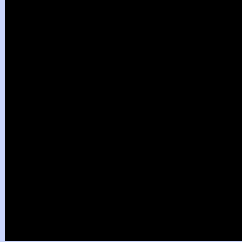
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970.

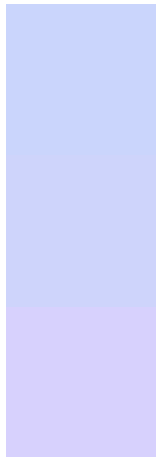


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970

Protanopia

214.6520, -16.0950, 10.8570

Deuteranopia

215.8100, -10.5480, 14.9560



Tritanopia

212.8550, -15.5890, 1.6830

Trichromacy



Original Color

214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970

Protanomaly

214.3530, -16.6910, 10.6450

Deuteranomaly

214.9020, -13.8030, 13.3730

Tritanomaly

213.3650, -16.9650, 4.5950

Monochromacy



Original Color

214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970

Achromatopsia

214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

214.4000, -6.8780, 3.5060

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 213, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 213, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 213, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 213, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 213, 252) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 213, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 213, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 213, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 213, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 213,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 214.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 213, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
213, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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