

Converting Colors

YIQ(214.6110, -0.8230,
-12.6230)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230)
contains.

YIQ(214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(214.6110, -0.8230,
-12.6230)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<code>CEDFC2</code>
RGB	206, 223, 194
RGB Percent	81%, 87%, 76%
CMY	0.1922, 0.1254, 0.2392
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.13, 0.13
HSL	95°, 31%, 82%
HSV	95°, 13%, 87%
XYZ	61.5772, 69.7941, 61.2680
YIQ	214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

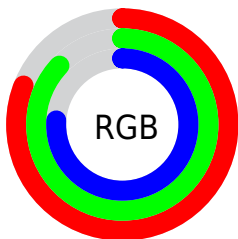
Format	Color
RYB	194, 223, 211
Decimal	13557698
CIELab	86.90, -10.87, 12.29
CIELCh	87, 16.410, 131.495
Yxy	69.7941, 0.3197, 0.3623
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291747778 (0xFFCEDFC2)
YUV	214.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518
Hunter-Lab	83.5428, -14.6324, 14.9984

Details

The YIQ color $214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCC99$. A complement of this color would be $202.3890, 0.8230, 12.6230$, and the grayscale version is $215.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $254.5440, 1.2840, -1.2440$, and $160.0240, -0.5480, -12.1000$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $208.2160, -1.5090, -22.2210$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $221.0060, -0.1370, -3.0250$.

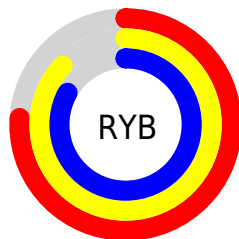
Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (87%)

Blue (76%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (83%)

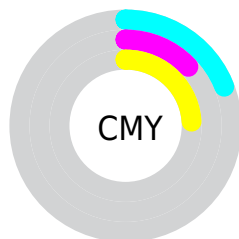


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 214.6110, -0.8230,
-12.6230

■ 214.6110, -0.8230,
-12.6230

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 186.7250, -1.1440,
-12.3120

■ 254.5440, 1.2840,
-1.2440

■ 160.0240, -0.5480,
-12.1000

■ 133.5510, -0.5940,
-11.2660

■ 108.5510, -0.5940,
-11.2660

■ 83.7790, -1.2360,
-10.6440

■ 60.7790, -1.2360,
-10.6440

■ 38.7190, -1.0070,

-9.2870

■ 17.6650, -0.9150,
-10.9550

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 214.6110, -0.8230,
-12.6230

■ 214.6110, -0.8230,
-12.6230

■ 208.2160, -1.5090,
-22.2210

■ 221.0060, -0.1370,
-3.0250

■ 201.7070, -1.8740,
-32.1300

■ 227.5150, 0.2280,
6.8840

■ 195.3120, -2.5600,
-41.7280

■ 233.2260, 2.8400,
14.6160

■ 188.9170, -3.2460,
-51.3260

■ 236.2160, 8.8000,
16.7360

■ 182.5220, -3.9320,
-60.9240

■ 175.7140, -4.8930,
-71.0450

■ 169.3190, -5.5790,
-80.6430

■ 162.9240, -6.2650,
-90.2410

■ 158.4090, -6.4930,
-97.1250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



216.2600, 13.5270, -8.3690



214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230



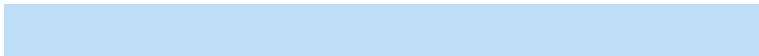
213.0700, -15.3570, -13.5410

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230



215.2820, -27.0970, 0.9910



220.7260, 24.6190, 10.8830

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230



202.3890, 0.8230, 12.6230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



220.7450, 14.4400, 13.6400



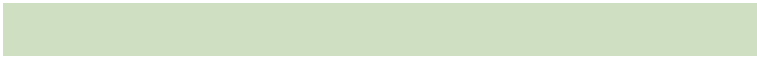
214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230



217.8430, -15.3150, 7.7330

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230



212.7280, -31.5890, -5.7090



220.0900, 0.2270, 12.4110



219.7060, 27.3710, 5.0590

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230



212.5190, -23.9310, -12.3390



220.0900, 0.2270, 12.4110



220.6980, 21.8220, 12.0140

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230



252.0660, -0.3660, -4.3820



212.6500, 12.6090, -2.7430



126.0060, -0.1370, -3.0250



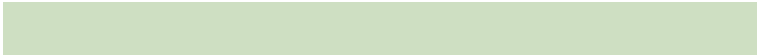
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



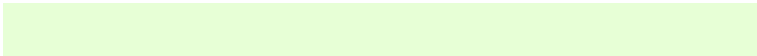
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230



243.1500, -1.1430, -17.8390



211.2510, -8.6170, -14.5450



108.9520, -0.0450, -4.6930



125.1390, -4.8920, -76.5720



34.1560, -1.2800, -20.8640

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



202.3890, 0.8230, 12.6230



225.8500, 1.1430, 17.8390



205.7490, 8.6170, 14.5450



104.3470, 0.6410, 4.9050



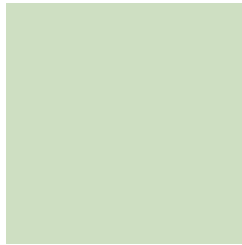
50.8610, 4.8920, 76.5720



13.8440, 1.2800, 20.8640

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

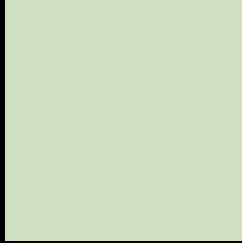
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

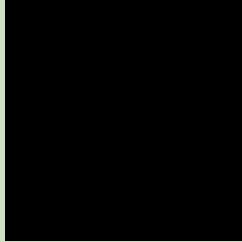
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

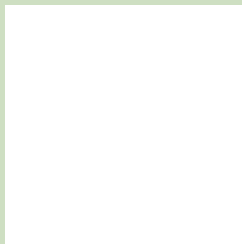
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230.



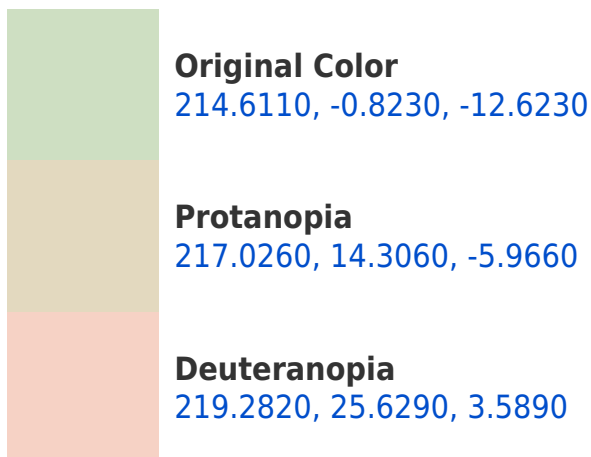
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230.

-12.6230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

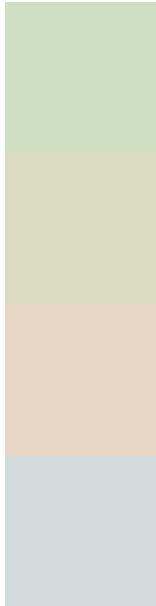




Tritanopia

217.4430, -8.4370, 4.2270

Trichromacy



Original Color

214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230

Protanomaly

215.9220, 8.6670, -8.3970

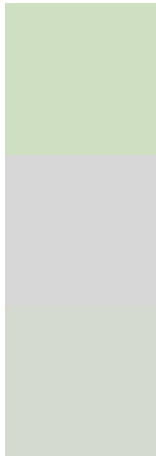
Deuteranomaly

217.6180, 15.6350, -2.5170

Tritanomaly

216.3090, -5.3640, -1.9080

Monochromacy



Original Color

214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230

Achromatopsia

215.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

214.9520, -0.0450, -4.6930

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 223, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 223, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 223, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 223, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 223, 194) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 223, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 223, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 223, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 223, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 223,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 214.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 223, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
223, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor