

# Converting Colors

YIQ(214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(214.7500, -19.4870,  
6.2490)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8D8F7
RGB	200, 216, 247
RGB Percent	78%, 85%, 97%
CMY	0.2157, 0.1529, 0.0315
CMYK	0.19, 0.13, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	220°, 75%, 88%
HSV	220°, 19%, 97%
XYZ	65.1603, 68.1077, 97.6866
YIQ	214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

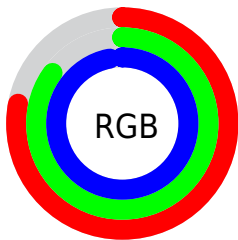
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	200, 212, 247
Decimal	13162743
CIE Lab	86.06, 0.96, -16.93
CIE LCh	86, 16.957, 273.255
Yxy	68.1077, 0.2821, 0.2949
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291352823 (0xFFC8D8F7)
YUV	214.7500, 15.8993, -12.9358
Hunter-Lab	82.5274, -3.4867, -12.4116

# Details

The YIQ color  $214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $232.2500, 19.4870, -6.2490$ , and the grayscale version is  $215.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $159.9350, -18.5700, 6.1500$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $197.8830, -29.9870, 9.3170$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $231.6170, -8.9870, 3.1810$ .

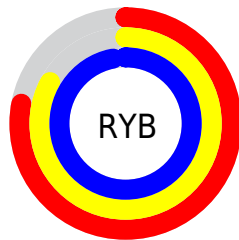
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (85%)

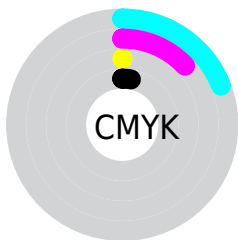
Blue (97%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (97%)

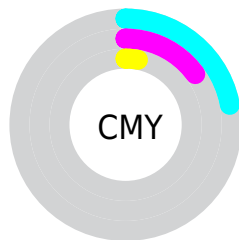


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 214.7500,  
-19.4870, 6.2490

■ 214.7500,  
-19.4870, 6.2490

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 186.6360,  
-19.1660, 5.9380

■ 159.9350,  
-18.5700, 6.1500

■ 133.4080,  
-18.5240, 5.3160

■ 108.2940,  
-18.2030, 5.0050

■ 84.1800, -17.8820,  
4.6940

■ 60.0660, -17.5610,  
4.3830

■ 38.2400, -18.1110,

3.3370

■ 16.5280, -18.9820,  
2.6020

■ 2.9810, -7.0160,  
6.0080

■ 214.7500,  
-19.4870, 6.2490

■ 214.7500,  
-19.4870, 6.2490

■ 197.8830,  
-29.9870, 9.3170

■ 231.6170, -8.9870,  
3.1810

■ 180.7280,  
-39.6160, 13.1200

■ 248.7720, 0.6420,  
-0.6220

■ 163.8610,  
-50.1160, 16.1880

■ 254.0880, 2.5680,  
-2.4880

■ 146.9940,  
-60.6160, 19.2560

■ 130.4260,  
-70.5200, 22.5360

■ 112.9720,  
-80.7450, 26.1270

■ 96.1050, -91.2450,  
29.1950

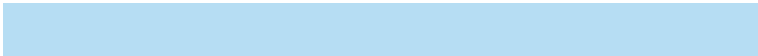
■ 79.2380,  
-101.7450, 32.2630

■ 77.4660,  
-102.3870, 32.8850

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211.8470, -30.3060, -1.4260



214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490



217.5240, -3.9910, 11.7610

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490



217.9450, 28.1960, 6.6280



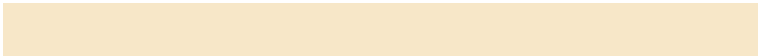
210.5110, -12.2850, -14.1490

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490



232.2500, 19.4870, -6.2490

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212.7640, 3.1200, -12.4960



214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490



216.0600, 26.1340, -0.0580

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490



218.2960, 23.0140, 12.4380



214.6410, 16.8280, -7.6200



209.6220, -25.7190, -12.9750



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490



217.9660, 6.5080, 14.2200



214.6410, 16.8280, -7.6200



211.2620, -7.1500, -13.5980

# Sweetspot

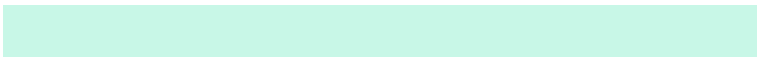
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490



244.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500



231.1230, -22.8760, -14.9400



121.7870, -3.7140, 1.2300



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490



214.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890



207.4510, -10.9150, 16.1010



113.7160, -4.9520, 1.6400



58.1850, -77.0310, 24.8970



18.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890



# Inverse Universe

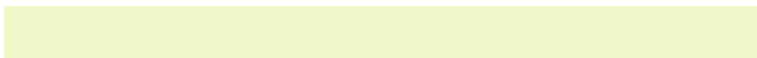
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215.8770, 22.8760, 14.9400



215.9210, 28.7440, 18.7280



239.5490, 10.9150, -16.1010



114.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880



62.7960, 90.6330, 59.0250

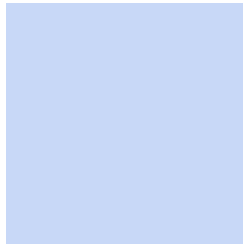


19.9210, 28.7440, 18.7280



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

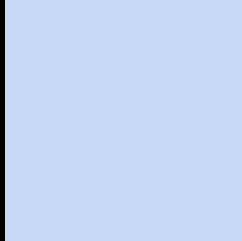
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

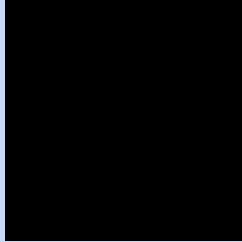
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 214.7500, -19.4870,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490

### Protanopia

215.7510, -12.0600, 9.3160

### Deuteranopia

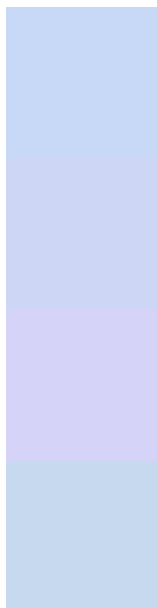
217.3220, -6.2380, 13.9380



## Tritanopia

213.9580, -17.3770, 1.0470

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490

## Protanomaly

215.2560, -15.0400, 8.2560

## Deuteranomaly

216.4030, -10.9600, 11.4080

## Tritanomaly

214.1260, -17.7900, 3.0260

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490

## Achromatopsia

215.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

214.8730, -6.8320, 2.6720

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 216, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 216, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 216, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 216, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 216, 247) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 216, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 216, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 216, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 216, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 216,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 214.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 216, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
216, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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