

Converting Colors

YIQ(214.8560, -35.6660,
-25.4420)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(214.8560, -35.6660,
-25.4420)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | A5F1D3 |
| RGB | 165, 241, 211 |
| RGB Percent | 65%, 95%, 83% |
| CMY | 0.3531, 0.0548, 0.1727 |
| CMYK | 0.32, 0.00, 0.12, 0.05 |
| HSL | 156°, 73%, 80% |
| HSV | 156°, 32%, 95% |
| XYZ | 58.7253, 75.6250, 73.1101 |
| YIQ | 214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

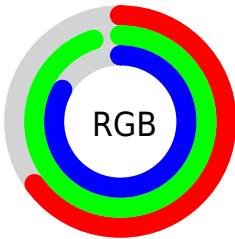
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 165, 212, 241 |
| Decimal | 10875347 |
| CIELab | 89.68, -29.68, 7.08 |
| CIELCh | 90, 30.513, 166.579 |
| Yxy | 75.6250, 0.2831, 0.3645 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289065427 (0xFFA5F1D3) |
| YUV | 214.8560, -1.9010, -43.7237 |
| Hunter-Lab | 86.9626, -31.6447, 11.0283 |

Details

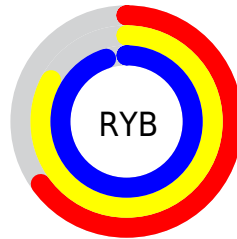
The YIQ color **214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **191.1440, 35.6660, 25.4420**, and the grayscale version is **215.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **245.1330, -19.6680, -6.9960**, and **159.2690, -35.3910, -24.9190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **206.5400, -46.7600, -33.6400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **223.0580, -24.2510, -17.5550**.

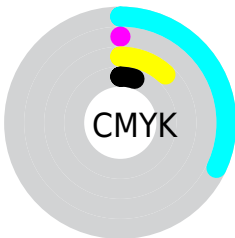
Distribution



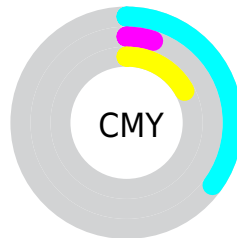
- Red (65%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 214.8560,
-35.6660, -25.4420

■ 214.8560,
-35.6660, -25.4420

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 186.8560,
-35.6660, -25.4420

■ 245.1330,
-19.6680, -6.9960

■ 159.2690,
-35.3910, -24.9190

■ 253.8040, -2.3840,
-0.8480

■ 132.0950,
-34.8410, -23.8730

■ 105.9100,
-35.7580, -23.7740

■ 79.8280, -38.4630,
-24.3110

■ 54.1590, -40.8930,
-24.3250

■ 37.6770, -27.5520,

-18.3040

■ 22.9560, -15.0360,
-13.8520

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 214.8560,
-35.6660, -25.4420

■ 214.8560,
-35.6660, -25.4420

■ 206.5400,
-46.7600, -33.6400

■ 223.0580,
-24.2510, -17.5550

■ 198.3380,
-58.1750, -41.5270

■ 231.3740,
-13.1570, -9.3570

■ 190.0220,
-69.2690, -49.7250

■ 239.6900, -2.0630,
-1.1590

■ 181.8200,
-80.6840, -57.6120

■ 246.0980, 5.7760,
5.4560

■ 173.2050,
-92.3740, -66.0220

■ 246.7820, 3.8500,
7.3220

■ 165.0030,
-103.7890, -73.9090

■ 158.1110,
-113.1410, -80.6370

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



218.5250, -6.8730, -24.1290



214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420



212.2850, -58.6830, -21.2990

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420



223.3590, -16.8280, 7.6200



220.4910, 35.1660, 1.4540

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420



191.1440, 35.6660, 25.4420

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



220.5200, 28.1950, 12.1550



214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420



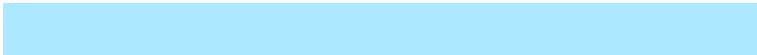
228.8510, 8.5700, 20.9060

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420



216.6820, -43.1430, -5.5670



224.5270, 18.2900, 20.9620



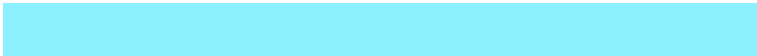
224.0640, 37.5060, -7.9180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420



212.1090, -63.8190, -16.3230



224.5270, 18.2900, 20.9620



220.2290, 33.1480, 4.9880

Sweetspot

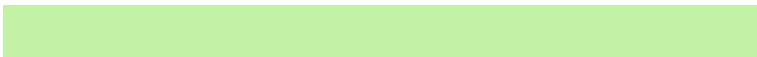
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420



247.0970, -10.8190, -7.6750



218.5820, -3.0200, -33.3880



122.8310, -7.0140, -5.0460



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420



221.6650, -45.6140, -32.3820



213.5800, -43.0960, -11.9280



115.8420, -5.5470, -4.0990



120.6620, -86.2310, -61.7110



36.7480, -26.3140, -18.7140

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191.1440, 35.6660, 25.4420



191.3350, 45.6140, 32.3820



192.4200, 43.0960, 11.9280



112.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990



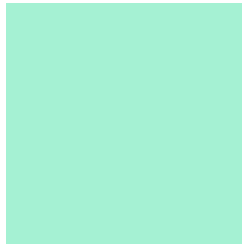
63.3380, 86.2310, 61.7110



19.2520, 26.3140, 18.7140

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

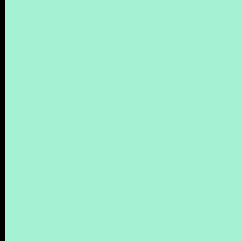
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

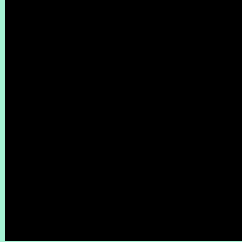
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

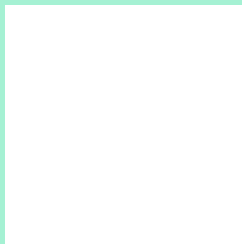
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420.



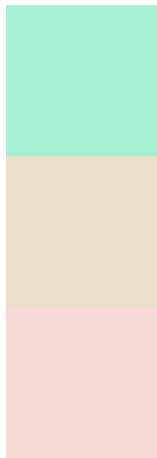
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420.

-25.4420.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420

Protanopia

224.4820, 13.0220, -4.7220

Deuteranopia

226.4540, 19.3930, 6.4730



Tritanopia

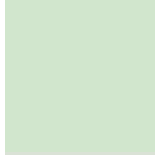
218.9270, -42.4550, -7.0230

Trichromacy



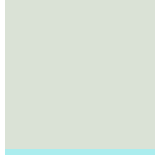
Original Color

214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420



Protanomaly

220.8710, -4.4910, -12.2270



Deuteranomaly

222.2400, -0.9160, -5.4280



Tritanomaly

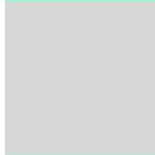
217.3800, -39.6570, -13.6810

Monochromacy



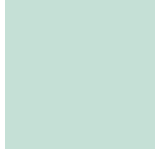
Original Color

214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420



Achromatopsia

215.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

214.7870, -12.8820, -8.8340

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 241, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 241, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 241, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 241, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

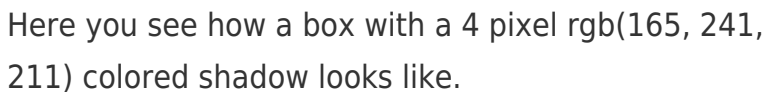
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 241, 211) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 241, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 241, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 241, 211); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 241, 211); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 241, 211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 214.8560, -35.6660, -25.4420 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 241, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
241, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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