

# Converting Colors

YIQ(215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(215.0530, -24.7140,  
7.3660)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4D9FF
RGB	196, 217, 255
RGB Percent	77%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.2314, 0.1490, 0.0001
CMYK	0.23, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	219°, 100%, 88%
HSV	219°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	65.6231, 68.5831, 104.3594
YIQ	215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

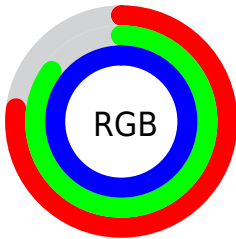
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	196, 211, 255
Decimal	12900863
CIE Lab	86.30, 0.98, -20.82
CIE LCh	86, 20.840, 272.704
Yxy	68.5831, 0.2751, 0.2875
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291090943 (0xFFC4D9FF)
YUV	215.0530, 19.6939, -16.7095
Hunter-Lab	82.8149, -3.4814, -16.7440

# Details

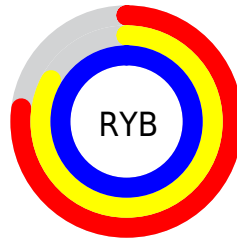
The YIQ color  $215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $235.9470, 24.7140, -7.3660$ , and the grayscale version is  $215.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $254.4020, -1.1920, -0.4240$ , and  $159.8250, -24.0720, 6.7440$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $197.8870, -35.8100, 10.2220$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $231.9200, -14.2140, 4.2980$ .

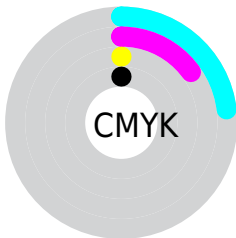
# Distribution



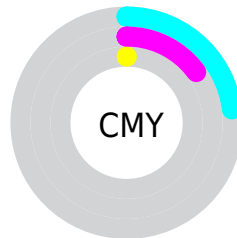
- Red (77%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 215.0530,  
-24.7140, 7.3660

■ 215.0530,  
-24.7140, 7.3660

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 186.9390,  
-24.3930, 7.0550

■ 254.4020, -1.1920,  
-0.4240

■ 159.8250,  
-24.0720, 6.7440

■ 133.7110,  
-23.7510, 6.4330

■ 108.4830,  
-23.1090, 5.8110

■ 83.4830, -23.1090,  
5.8110

■ 59.6570, -23.6590,  
4.7650

■ 36.8200, -25.6760,

2.7720

■ 17.6850, -20.8620,  
3.6340

■ 3.6650, -8.9420,  
7.8740

■ 215.0530,  
-24.7140, 7.3660

■ 215.0530,  
-24.7140, 7.3660

■ 197.8870,  
-35.8100, 10.2220

■ 231.9200,  
-14.2140, 4.2980

■ 180.4330,  
-46.0350, 13.8130

■ 249.6730, -3.3930,  
0.9190

■ 163.5660,  
-56.5350, 16.8810

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 145.8130,  
-67.3560, 20.2600

■ 128.9460,  
-77.8560, 23.3280

■ 111.7800,  
-88.9520, 26.1840

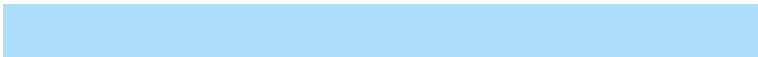
■ 94.3260, -99.1770,  
29.7750

■ 82.4870,  
-106.8800, 31.7120

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211.4270, -37.8710, -1.9910



215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660



218.0340, -5.3670, 14.6730

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660



218.2230, 33.2850, 8.0130



210.4350, -15.1270, -17.7110

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660



235.9470, 24.7140, -7.3660

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212.6670, 4.7710, -14.8850



215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660



217.1700, 31.6360, -0.6520

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660



219.3290, 27.4150, 15.2790



215.1530, 21.1380, -8.6380



208.5180, -31.3580, -15.4060



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660



219.1450, 7.5620, 17.1460



215.1530, 21.1380, -8.6380



211.0830, -8.2040, -16.5240

# Sweetspot

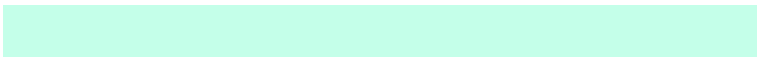
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660



243.1610, -7.7030, 1.9370



234.8510, -28.1020, -19.3500



120.6020, -4.6310, 1.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660



206.7690, -29.6660, 9.0060



205.1180, -14.1710, 20.0450



118.8300, -5.2730, 1.9510



61.6900, -80.0110, 23.8370



20.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750



# Inverse Universe

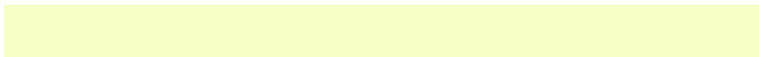
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216.0350, 28.4230, 19.0390



208.0790, 34.2910, 22.8270



245.8820, 14.1710, -20.0450



119.3430, 6.4640, 4.0000



64.8610, 92.0080, 61.6400



21.7580, 30.7610, 20.7210



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

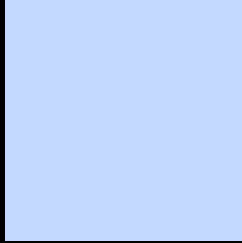
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 215.0530, -24.7140,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660

### Protanopia

216.6520, -16.0950, 10.8570

### Deuteranopia

217.8100, -10.5480, 14.9560



## Tritanopia

213.9790, -21.8700, -0.1260

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660

## Protanomaly

216.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970

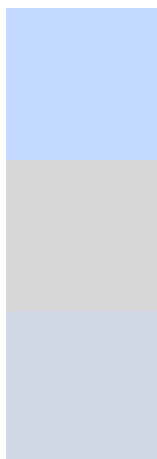
## Deuteranomaly

216.5920, -15.8660, 12.2140

## Tritanomaly

214.3750, -22.9250, 2.4750

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660

## Achromatopsia

215.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

215.2040, -9.2620, 2.6580

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 217, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 217, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 217, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 217, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 217, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 217, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 217, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 217, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 217, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 217,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 215.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 217, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
217, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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