

# Converting Colors

YIQ(215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(215.2220, 8.6630,  
13.7110)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8CCE5
RGB	232, 204, 229
RGB Percent	91%, 80%, 90%
CMY	0.0901, 0.2000, 0.1019
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.01, 0.09
HSL	306°, 38%, 85%
HSV	306°, 12%, 91%
XYZ	69.0190, 65.9968, 83.2325
YIQ	215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

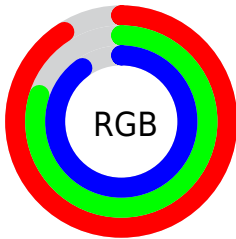
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 204, 229
Decimal	15256805
CIE Lab	84.99, 14.09, -8.74
CIE LCh	85, 16.582, 328.191
Yxy	65.9968, 0.3162, 0.3024
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293446885 (0xFFE8CCE5)
YUV	215.2220, 6.7926, 14.7143
Hunter-Lab	81.2384, 9.4837, -3.8784

# Details

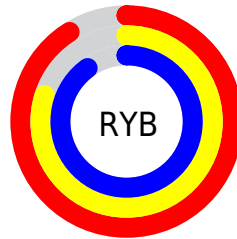
The YIQ color  $215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCFF}$ . A complement of this color would be  $220.7780, -8.6630, -13.7110$ , and the grayscale version is  $215.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $160.5100, 7.7920, 12.9760$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $201.4930, 15.6300, 25.1180$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $229.0650, 1.3750, 2.6150$ .

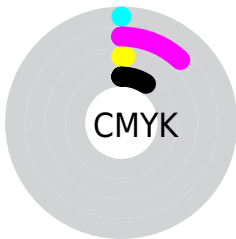
# Distribution



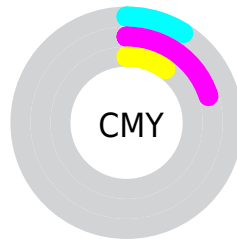
- Red (91%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 215.2220, 8.6630,  
13.7110

■ 215.2220, 8.6630,  
13.7110

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 187.8090, 8.3880,  
13.1880

■ 160.5100, 7.7920,  
12.9760

■ 134.0970, 7.5170,  
12.4530

■ 108.9830, 7.8380,  
12.1420

■ 84.2710, 6.9670,  
11.4070

■ 60.9720, 6.3710,  
11.1950

■ 39.4450, 6.4170,

10.3610

■ 17.2710, 6.9670,  
11.4070

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 215.2220, 8.6630,  
13.7110

■ 215.2220, 8.6630,  
13.7110

■ 201.4930, 15.6300,  
25.1180

■ 229.0650, 1.3750,  
2.6150

■ 187.6500, 22.9180,  
36.2140

■ 242.7940, -5.5920,  
-8.7920

■ 173.3340, 30.1600,  
48.1440

■ 245.9570, -7.6090,  
-10.7850

■ 159.4910, 37.4480,  
59.2400

■ 246.2990, -8.5720,  
-9.8520

145.7620, 44.4150,  
70.6470

246.5270, -9.2140,  
-9.2300

131.9190, 51.7030,  
81.7430

246.8690,  
-10.1770, -8.2970

118.1900, 58.6700,  
93.1500

247.0970,  
-10.8190, -7.6750

103.7600, 66.2330,  
104.7690

247.4390,  
-11.7820, -6.7420

92.9660, 71.8250,  
113.5610

247.6670,  
-12.4240, -6.1200

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



214.0290, -6.9710, 10.7010



215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110



215.6270, 20.5840, 12.4240

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110



212.0650, 18.5700, -6.1500



206.9190, -30.8090, -8.8330

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110



220.7780, -8.6630, -13.7110

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



206.7040, -23.0140, -12.4380



215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110



210.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110



213.5870, 26.0880, 0.7760



208.4790, -9.2590, -13.9230



208.3200, -30.2600, -2.2600



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110



215.2700, 25.9030, 9.6390



208.4790, -9.2590, -13.9230



206.3490, -29.2040, -10.3880

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110



249.0160, 3.0710, 4.9190



208.0890, -7.2000, 9.3440



123.7770, 2.2460, 3.3500



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110



233.4120, 11.1840, 17.5840



213.6260, 13.1570, 9.3570



107.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650



71.6470, 55.6450, 87.3970



20.4930, 15.6300, 25.1180



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110



233.4120, 11.1840, 17.5840



222.3740, -13.1570, -9.3570



107.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650



71.6470, 55.6450, 87.3970

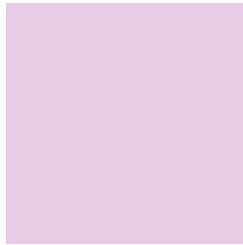


20.4930, 15.6300, 25.1180



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

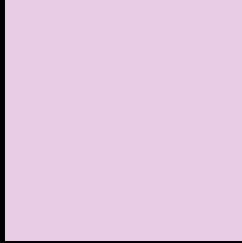
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

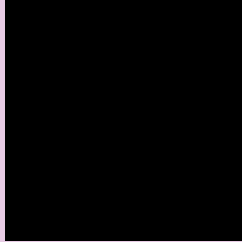
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 215.2220, 8.6630,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110

### Protanopia

213.2090, -7.6580, 6.6300

### Deuteranopia

214.6020, 4.5370, 11.3930



## Tritanopia

214.5980, 10.3600, 10.4880

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110

## Protanomaly

213.7260, -1.7440, 9.5840

## Deuteranomaly

214.6130, 6.0040, 12.3400

## Tritanomaly

214.9400, 9.3970, 11.4210

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110

## Achromatopsia

215.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

215.0160, 3.0710, 4.9190

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 204, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 204, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 204, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 204, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 204, 229) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 204, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 204, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 204, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 204, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 204,  
229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 215.2220, 8.6630, 13.7110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 204, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
204, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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