

Converting Colors

YIQ(216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(216.2510, 9.7190,
5.5830)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5D2D7
RGB	229, 210, 215
RGB Percent	90%, 82%, 84%
CMY	0.1019, 0.1765, 0.1568
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.06, 0.10
HSL	344°, 27%, 86%
HSV	344°, 8%, 90%
XYZ	67.6285, 67.6560, 73.7905
YIQ	216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

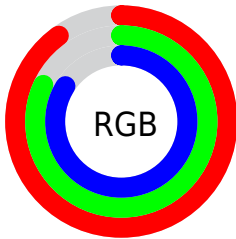
Format	Color
R _Y B	229, 210, 215
Decimal	15061719
CIE Lab	85.83, 7.44, -0.10
CIE LCh	86, 7.436, 359.238
Yxy	67.6560, 0.3235, 0.3236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293251799 (0xFFE5D2D7)
YUV	216.2510, -0.6167, 11.1809
Hunter-Lab	82.2533, 2.8192, 4.3875

Details

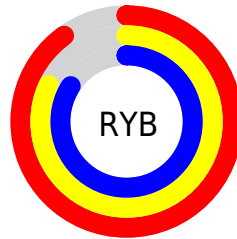
The YIQ color $216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $222.7490, -9.7190, -5.5830$, and the grayscale version is $216.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $161.5390, 8.8480, 4.8480$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $200.8120, 21.5010, 12.3250$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $231.6900, -2.0630, -1.1590$.

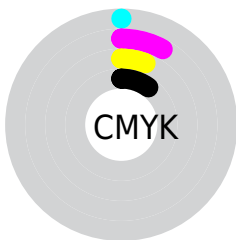
Distribution



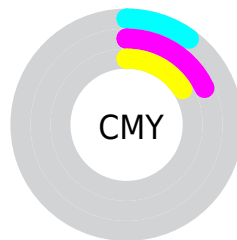
- Red (90%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 216.2510, 9.7190,
5.5830

■ 216.2510, 9.7190,
5.5830

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 188.2510, 9.7190,
5.5830

■ 161.5390, 8.8480,
4.8480

■ 135.5390, 8.8480,
4.8480

■ 109.6530, 8.5270,
5.1590

■ 85.3540, 7.9310,
4.9470

■ 62.0550, 7.3350,
4.7350

■ 40.6420, 7.0600,

4.2120

■ 19.6420, 7.0600,
4.2120

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 216.2510, 9.7190,
5.5830

■ 216.2510, 9.7190,
5.5830

■ 200.8120, 21.5010,
12.3250

■ 231.6900, -2.0630,
-1.1590

■ 185.3730, 33.2830,
19.0670

■ 246.5420,
-13.5700, -7.3780

■ 169.9340, 45.0650,
25.8090

■ 247.2260,
-15.4960, -5.5120

■ 154.6090, 56.5260,
32.8620

■ 139.1700, 68.3080,
39.6040

■ 124.3180, 79.8150,
45.8230

■ 108.8790, 91.5970,
52.5650

■ 93.4400, 103.3790,
59.3070

■ 78.0010, 115.1610,
66.0490

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



216.1410, 4.2170, 6.1770



216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830



215.7520, 12.5620, 3.6180

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830



213.5070, 2.7060, -4.9900



213.2420, -12.4250, -0.5930

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830



222.7490, -9.7190, -5.5830

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212.9490, -13.1580, -3.8300



216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830



212.8590, -4.2170, -6.1770

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



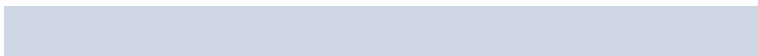
216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830



214.6110, 8.3450, -2.5590



212.4500, -10.3150, -5.7950



214.0900, -8.9410, 2.3470

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830



215.5840, 12.9750, 1.6390



212.4500, -10.3150, -5.7950



213.1170, -13.5710, -1.8510

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830



251.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710



216.3520, 2.2450, 8.8770



126.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830



238.1590, 12.9740, 7.1660



218.0290, 10.2240, 1.9360



106.9300, 6.1890, 3.4770



58.8790, 91.5970, 52.5650



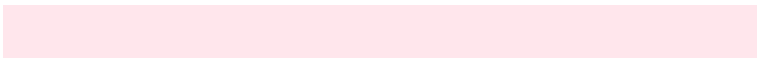
16.7310, 26.2230, 14.8550

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830



238.1590, 12.9740, 7.1660



220.9710, -10.2240, -1.9360



106.9300, 6.1890, 3.4770



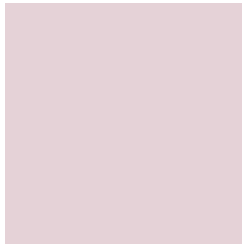
58.8790, 91.5970, 52.5650



16.7310, 26.2230, 14.8550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

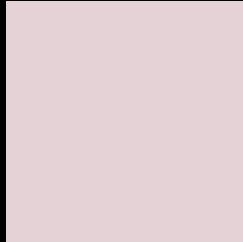
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

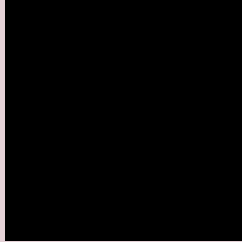
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 216.2510, 9.7190,

5.5830.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830

Protanopia

215.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810

Deuteranopia

216.8710, 13.8450, 7.9010



Tritanopia

216.5160, 7.6550, 9.9510

Trichromacy



Original Color

216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830

Protanomaly

216.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410

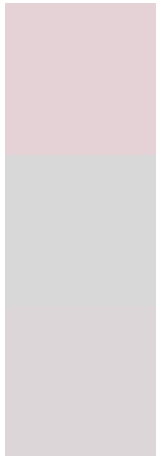
Deuteranomaly

216.8600, 12.3780, 6.9540

Tritanomaly

216.6470, 8.6640, 8.1840

Monochromacy



Original Color

216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830

Achromatopsia

216.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

216.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 210, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 210, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 210, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 210, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 210, 215) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 210, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 210, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 210, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 210, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 210,  
215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 216.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 210, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
210, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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