

# Converting Colors

YIQ(216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(216.5290, 23.9760,  
17.0320)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FAC7DB
RGB	250, 199, 219
RGB Percent	98%, 78%, 86%
CMY	0.0195, 0.2197, 0.1411
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.12, 0.02
HSL	336°, 84%, 88%
HSV	336°, 20%, 98%
XYZ	72.6439, 66.2828, 75.9970
YIQ	216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

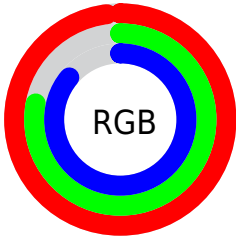
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	250, 199, 219
Decimal	16435163
CIE Lab	85.14, 21.20, -3.03
CIE LCh	85, 21.413, 351.869
Yxy	66.2828, 0.3380, 0.3084
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294625243 (0xFFFA7DB)
YUV	216.5290, 1.2182, 29.3541
Hunter-Lab	81.4143, 16.7961, 1.6451

# Details

The YIQ color **216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **232.4710, -23.9760, -17.0320**, and the grayscale version is **216.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**, and **161.5180, 22.5090, 16.0850** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **200.1440, 35.6660, 25.4420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **232.9140, 12.2860, 8.6220**.

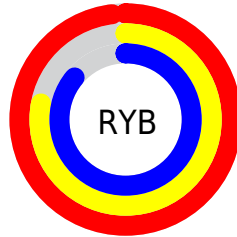
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (78%)

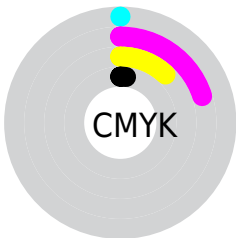
Blue (86%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (86%)

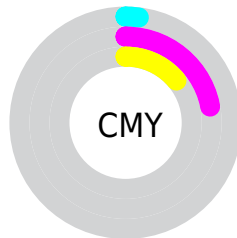


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (22%)


Yellow (14%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 216.5290, 23.9760,  
17.0320


 216.5290, 23.9760,  
17.0320


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 188.8170, 23.1050,  
16.2970

 161.5180, 22.5090,  
16.0850

 135.2190, 21.9130,  
15.8730

 109.5070, 21.0420,  
15.1380

 84.9090, 19.8500,  
14.7140

 61.3110, 18.6580,  
14.2900

 38.4140, 16.8700,

13.6540

■ 15.9410, 16.8240,  
14.4880

■ 0.2990, 0.5960,  
0.2120

■ 216.5290, 23.9760,  
17.0320

■ 216.5290, 23.9760,  
17.0320

■ 200.1440, 35.6660,  
25.4420

■ 232.9140, 12.2860,  
8.6220

■ 183.7590, 47.3560,  
33.8520

■ 249.2990, 0.5960,  
0.2120

■ 167.2600, 59.3670,  
41.9510

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,  
-1.0600

■ 150.8750, 71.0570,  
50.3610

■ 134.4900, 82.7470,  
58.7710

■ 118.1050, 94.4370,  
67.1810

■ 101.7200,  
106.1270, 75.5910

■ 85.9220, 117.5420,  
83.4780

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



216.2590, 7.2410, 17.4570



216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320



215.6300, 33.6970, 11.5610

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320



210.4290, 11.3730, -13.3870



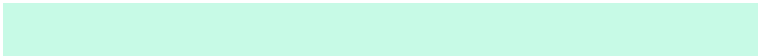
206.2800, -41.9510, -5.1430

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320



232.4710, -23.9760, -17.0320

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



204.9070, -39.7030, -12.8470



216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320



207.5560, -8.1580, -17.3580

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320



212.3710, 26.4560, -5.8960



205.5030, -27.0020, -17.2580



210.2370, -31.2240, 4.2000



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320



214.6530, 34.8900, 6.4580



205.5030, -27.0020, -17.2580



205.9870, -42.6840, -8.3800

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320



245.1690, 7.0140, 5.0460



214.0830, 2.1050, 22.4330



122.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320



212.9860, 30.1190, 21.3430



217.1840, 29.0210, 8.1970



116.4570, 6.1430, 4.3110



64.9470, 88.8900, 63.0820



20.9750, 28.6520, 20.3960



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320



212.9860, 30.1190, 21.3430



231.8160, -29.0210, -8.1970



116.4570, 6.1430, 4.3110



64.9470, 88.8900, 63.0820



20.9750, 28.6520, 20.3960



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

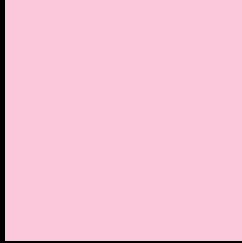
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

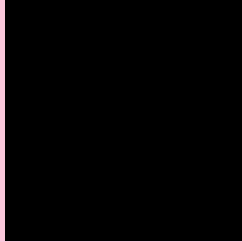
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320.



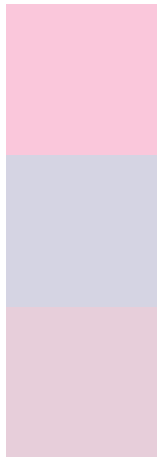
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 216.5290, 23.9760,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320

### Protanopia

214.0090, -4.2190, 4.8770

### Deuteranopia

214.8430, 11.0480, 9.0320



## Tritanopia

216.6600, 24.9850, 15.2650

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320

## Protanomaly

214.6190, 5.8670, 9.3150

## Deuteranomaly

215.1750, 16.0450, 12.0850

## Tritanomaly

216.7740, 24.6640, 15.5760

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320

## Achromatopsia

217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

216.5930, 8.7560, 6.5160

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 199, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 199, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 199, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 199, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 199, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 199, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 199, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 199, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 199, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 199,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 216.5290, 23.9760, 17.0320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 199, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
199, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor