

# Converting Colors

YIQ(216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(216.6520, -25.2630,  
0.7930)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1DFF6
RGB	193, 223, 246
RGB Percent	76%, 87%, 96%
CMY	0.2432, 0.1254, 0.0354
CMYK	0.22, 0.09, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	206°, 75%, 86%
HSV	206°, 22%, 96%
XYZ	65.0096, 70.7696, 97.3981
YIQ	216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

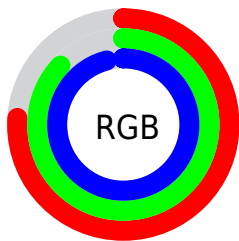
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	193, 212, 246
Decimal	12705782
CIE Lab	87.37, -5.04, -14.48
CIE LCh	87, 15.327, 250.820
Yxy	70.7696, 0.2788, 0.3035
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290895862 (0xFFC1DFF6)
YUV	216.6520, 14.4686, -20.7428
Hunter-Lab	84.1247, -9.2776, -9.7576

# Details

The YIQ color  $216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $222.3480, 25.2630, -0.7930$ , and the grayscale version is  $217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $253.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600$ , and  $161.8370, -24.3460, 0.6940$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $202.7200, -37.1380, 1.2460$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $230.5840, -13.3880, 0.3400$ .

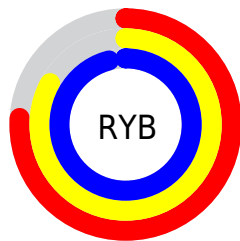
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (87%)

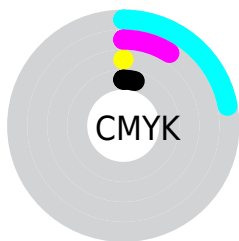
Blue (96%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (96%)

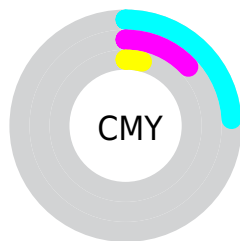


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 216.6520,  
-25.2630, 0.7930

■ 216.6520,  
-25.2630, 0.7930

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 188.5380,  
-24.9420, 0.4820

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,  
-1.0600

■ 161.8370,  
-24.3460, 0.6940

■ 135.7230,  
-24.0250, 0.3830

■ 109.6090,  
-23.7040, 0.0720

■ 84.9080, -23.1080,  
0.2840

■ 61.1960, -23.9790,  
-0.4510

■ 38.0710, -25.1250,

-1.7090

■ 19.3490, -20.0360,  
-0.3240

■ 2.9810, -7.0160,  
6.0080

■ 216.6520,  
-25.2630, 0.7930

■ 216.6520,  
-25.2630, 0.7930

■ 202.7200,  
-37.1380, 1.2460

■ 230.5840,  
-13.3880, 0.3400

■ 189.6740,  
-48.6920, 1.3880

■ 243.6300, -1.8340,  
0.1980

■ 175.7420,  
-60.5670, 1.8410

■ 253.9740, 2.8890,  
-2.7990

■ 162.1090,  
-71.8460, 2.5060

■ 148.7640,  
-83.9960, 2.4360

■ 134.8320,  
-95.8710, 2.8890

■ 121.1990,  
-107.1500, 3.5540

■ 109.6370,  
-117.1910, 3.8090

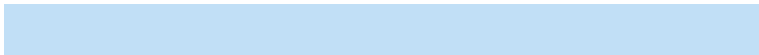
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



214.3970, -29.1590, -5.6950



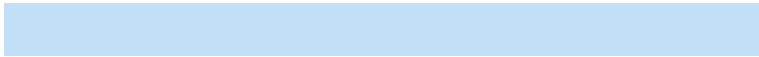
216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930



218.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230

# Triad

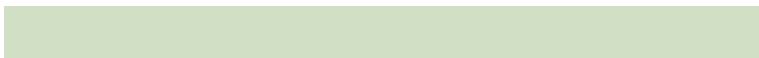
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930



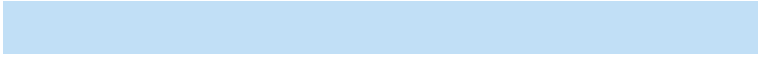
221.8290, 22.8310, 10.2470



216.4370, -0.2730, -11.5770

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



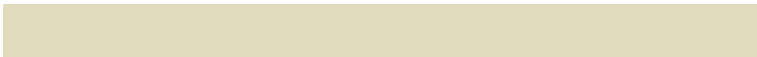
216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930



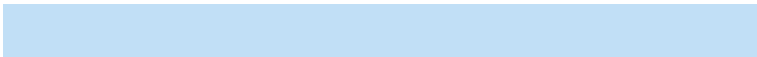
222.3480, 25.2630, -0.7930

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



218.0750, 12.6100, -8.2700



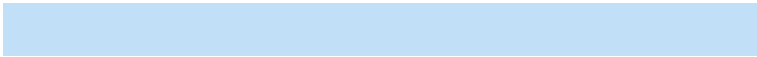
216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930



221.1080, 26.1790, 4.6350

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930



222.0330, 13.5690, 12.9050



219.8530, 22.2830, -1.8530

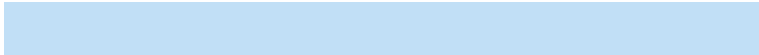


214.7820, -14.4860, -12.8060



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930



220.3990, -5.1370, 10.5030



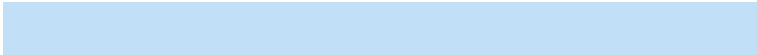
219.8530, 22.2830, -1.8530



217.0030, 3.9450, -10.9270

# Sweetspot

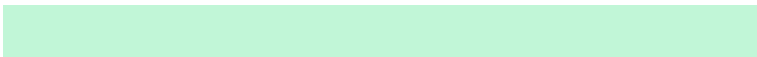
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930



246.4060, -7.0150, 0.4810



226.6190, -21.6370, -20.8770



122.9610, -4.2640, 0.1840



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

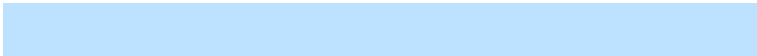


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930



218.2430, -31.3610, 1.1750



201.3900, -18.1130, 14.3910



115.4770, -5.7770, 0.0710



83.4260, -88.8560, 2.4080



26.0970, -28.0140, 1.0900



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212.2670, 21.9580, 20.5660



212.9520, 27.4590, 25.4990



237.6100, 18.1130, -14.3910



114.3860, 4.9050, 4.7210



67.6980, 76.8300, 72.3980

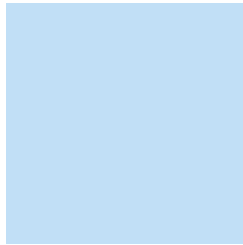


21.4030, 24.5710, 22.7710



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

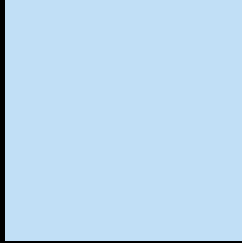
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

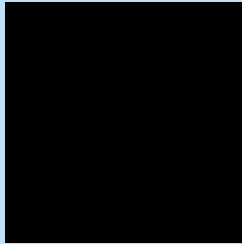
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

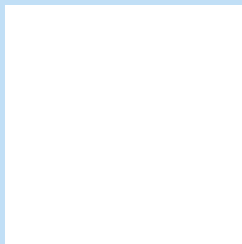
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930.



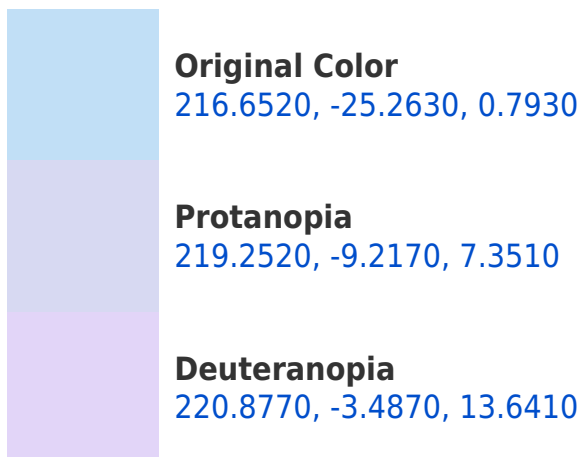
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 216.6520, -25.2630,

0.7930.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

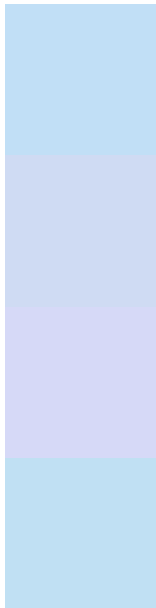




## Tritanopia

216.4840, -24.8500, -1.1860

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930

## Protanomaly

218.1480, -14.8560, 4.9200

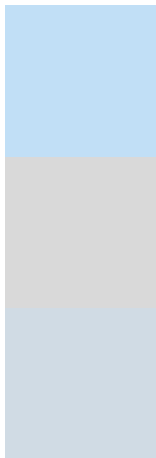
## Deuteranomaly

219.5230, -11.4180, 8.6940

## Tritanomaly

216.5980, -25.1710, -0.8750

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930

## Achromatopsia

217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

216.7370, -9.4450, 0.4670

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 223, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 223, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 223, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 223, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 223, 246) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 223, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 223, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 223, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 223, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 223,  
246) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 216.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 223, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
223, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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