

# Converting Colors

YIQ(217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(217.5440, -15.9110,  
7.5210)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CFD9F8
RGB	207, 217, 248
RGB Percent	81%, 85%, 97%
CMY	0.1882, 0.1490, 0.0275
CMYK	0.17, 0.12, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	225°, 74%, 89%
HSV	225°, 17%, 97%
XYZ	67.4856, 69.6691, 98.6795
YIQ	217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

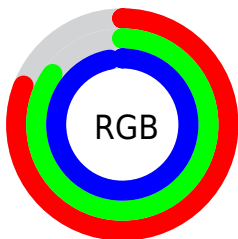
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">207, 215, 248</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13621752</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">86.83, 2.81, -16.25</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">87, 16.487, 279.812</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">69.6691, 0.2862, 0.2954</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291811832</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFCFD9F8</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">217.5440, 15.0148, -9.2471</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">83.4680, -1.7481, -11.6676</a>

# Details

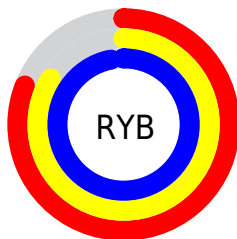
The YIQ color  $217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $237.4560, 15.9110, -7.5210$ , and the grayscale version is  $217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $162.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $198.9160, -25.5860, 12.1580$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $236.1720, -6.2360, 2.8840$ .

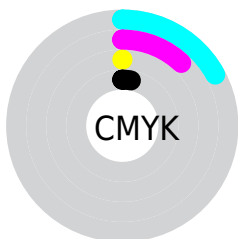
# Distribution



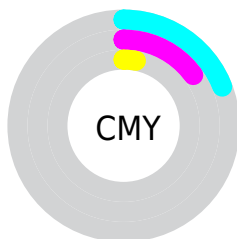
- Red (81%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 217.5440,  
-15.9110, 7.5210

■ 217.5440,  
-15.9110, 7.5210

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 189.4300,  
-15.5900, 7.2100

■ 162.4300,  
-15.5900, 7.2100

■ 136.2020,  
-14.9480, 6.5880

■ 111.0880,  
-14.6270, 6.2770

■ 86.0880, -14.6270,  
6.2770

■ 62.8600, -13.9850,  
5.6550

■ 40.4470, -14.2600,

5.1320

■ 19.2080, -15.0850,  
3.5630

■ 3.0950, -7.3370,  
6.3190

■ 217.5440,  
-15.9110, 7.5210

■ 217.5440,  
-15.9110, 7.5210

■ 198.9160,  
-25.5860, 12.1580

■ 236.1720, -6.2360,  
2.8840

■ 180.8750,  
-35.5360, 16.2720

■ 253.6150, 2.5220,  
-1.6540

■ 162.5460,  
-44.6150, 21.1210

■ 254.2020, 2.2470,  
-2.1770

■ 143.9180,  
-54.2900, 25.7580

■ 125.2900,  
-63.9650, 30.3950

■ 107.2490,  
-73.9150, 34.5090

■ 88.6210, -83.5900,  
39.1460

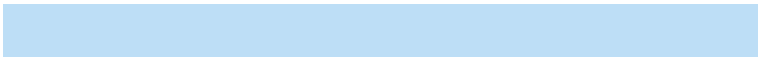
■ 70.2920, -92.6690,  
43.9950

■ 64.0790, -96.3830,  
45.2250

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



214.8690, -27.3720, 0.4680



217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210



219.7910, -0.3690, 12.1990

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210



219.7060, 27.3710, 5.0590



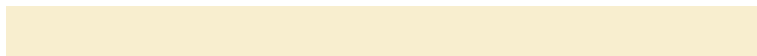
212.9560, -15.0360, -13.8520

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210



237.4560, 15.9110, -7.5210

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



214.7960, 0.0940, -12.7220



217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210



218.2230, 24.1170, -2.0510

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210



220.5410, 23.7020, 10.9820



216.5590, 14.1230, -8.1570



212.0780, -27.0030, -11.7310



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210



220.4070, 9.5800, 13.6120



216.5590, 14.1230, -8.1570



213.2940, -10.1760, -13.8240

# Sweetspot

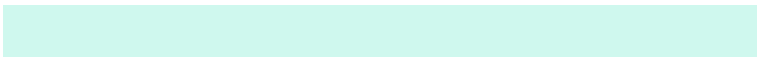
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210



245.2430, -4.9980, 2.4740



234.6010, -21.2260, -11.8020



122.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210



216.8580, -19.6710, 9.5850



214.6640, -7.2010, 14.8710



115.8300, -5.2730, 1.9510



48.5480, -73.3190, 34.7210



15.7590, -23.7060, 11.1260



# Inverse Universe

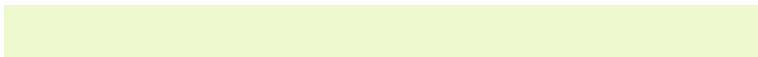
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



220.3990, 21.2260, 11.8020



220.6170, 26.5440, 14.5440



240.3360, 7.2010, -14.8710



116.3430, 6.4640, 4.0000



61.7550, 97.8780, 54.3740

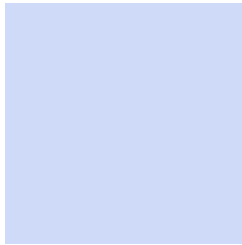


19.9490, 31.5410, 17.5970



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

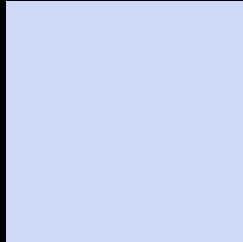
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

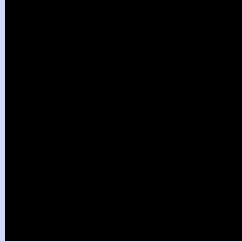
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210.



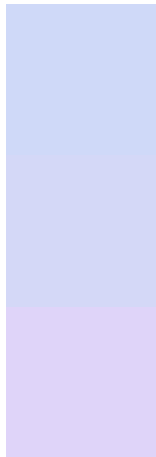
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 217.5440, -15.9110,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210

### Protanopia

218.3380, -12.3350, 8.7930

### Deuteranopia

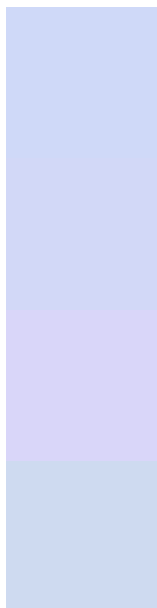
219.5070, -5.3210, 13.8390



## Tritanopia

216.7520, -13.8010, 2.3190

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210

## Protanomaly

217.7400, -13.5270, 8.3690

## Deuteranomaly

218.8870, -9.4470, 11.5210

## Tritanomaly

216.9200, -14.2140, 4.2980

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210

## Achromatopsia

218.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

218.0580, -5.9150, 2.5730

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 217, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 217, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 217, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 217, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

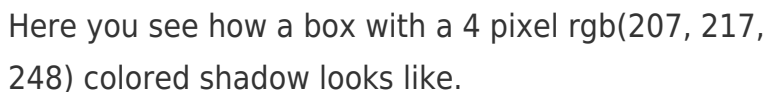
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 217, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 217, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 217, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 217, 248); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 217, 248); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 217, 248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 217.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 217, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
217, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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