

# Converting Colors

YIQ(217.6000, -2.2900,  
-13.5700)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(217.6000, -2.2900,  
-13.5700)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CFE3C5
RGB	207, 227, 197
RGB Percent	81%, 89%, 77%
CMY	0.1883, 0.1098, 0.2274
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.13, 0.11
HSL	100°, 35%, 83%
HSV	100°, 13%, 89%
XYZ	63.2772, 72.2371, 63.4336
YIQ	217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

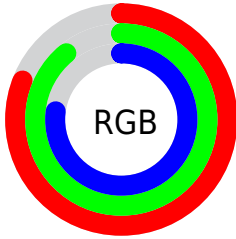
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	197, 227, 217
Decimal	13624261
CIELab	88.08, -12.04, 12.41
CIELCh	88, 17.296, 134.129
Yxy	72.2371, 0.3181, 0.3631
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291814341 (0xFFCFE3C5)
YUV	217.6000, -10.1558, -9.2962
Hunter-Lab	84.9924, -15.8426, 15.2439

# Details

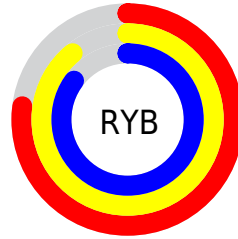
The YIQ color  $217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be  $206.4000, 2.2900, 13.5700$ , and the grayscale version is  $218.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $254.8860, 0.3210, -0.3110$ , and  $163.0130, -2.0150, -13.0470$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $210.4930, -3.8470, -23.9030$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $224.7070, -0.7330, -3.2370$ .

# Distribution



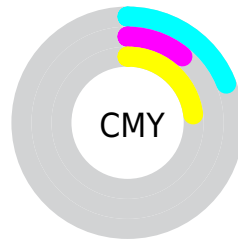
- Red (81%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 217.6000, -2.2900,  
-13.5700

■ 217.6000, -2.2900,  
-13.5700

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 189.7140, -2.6110,  
-13.2590

254.8860, 0.3210,  
-0.3110

■ 163.0130, -2.0150,  
-13.0470

■ 136.5400, -2.0610,  
-12.2130

■ 110.6540, -2.3820,  
-11.9020

■ 86.6540, -2.3820,  
-11.9020

■ 63.1810, -2.4280,  
-11.0680

■ 40.7080, -2.4740,

-10.2340

■ 20.0240, -0.5480,  
-12.1000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 217.6000, -2.2900,  
-13.5700

■ 217.6000, -2.2900,  
-13.5700

■ 210.4930, -3.8470,  
-23.9030

■ 224.7070, -0.7330,  
-3.2370

■ 203.5000, -5.7250,  
-33.9250

■ 231.7000, 1.1450,  
6.7850

■ 196.3930, -7.2820,  
-44.2580

■ 237.6670, 5.9120,  
14.0080

■ 188.9870, -9.4350,  
-54.8030

■ 238.5640, 7.7000,  
14.6440

■ 181.8800,  
-10.9920, -65.1360

■ 174.8870,  
-12.8700, -75.1580

■ 167.7800,  
-14.4270, -85.4910

■ 160.6730,  
-15.9840, -95.8240

■ 155.6740,  
-17.7250, -102.8210

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



219.4340, 12.9770, -9.4150



217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700



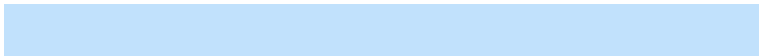
215.8740, -17.7410, -14.3890

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700



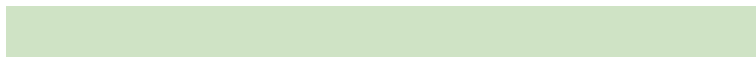
218.5100, -27.7390, 1.6130



223.9110, 25.5360, 10.7840

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700



206.4000, 2.2900, 13.5700

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



224.5280, 16.5490, 13.9650



217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700



221.6690, -14.7650, 8.7790

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700



215.9450, -33.6980, -6.0340



223.5140, 1.9690, 13.8810



222.7770, 28.6090, 4.6490



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700



215.4370, -26.6360, -12.8760



223.5140, 1.9690, 13.8810



224.4810, 23.9310, 12.3390

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700



251.7670, -0.9620, -4.5940



217.7100, 12.3800, -4.1000



125.7070, -0.7330, -3.2370



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

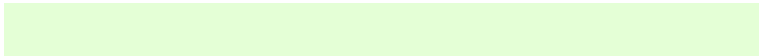


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700



242.2530, -2.9310, -18.4750



215.1800, -9.8550, -14.1350



111.2400, -0.9160, -5.4280



122.7140, -14.0610, -81.1090



35.0200, -3.8930, -23.0690



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206.4000, 2.2900, 13.5700



226.7470, 2.9310, 18.4750



208.8200, 9.8550, 14.1350



106.7600, 0.9160, 5.4280



55.9870, 13.4650, 80.8970

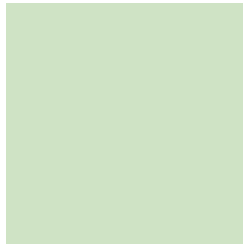


15.9800, 3.8930, 23.0690



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

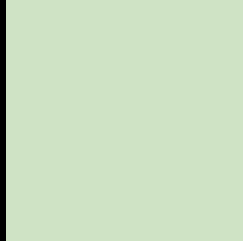
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

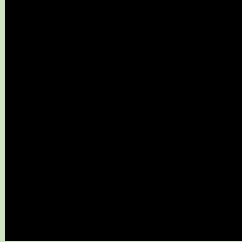
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

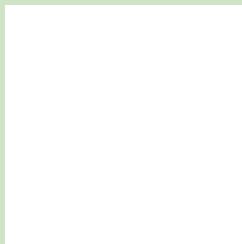
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 217.6000, -2.2900,

-13.5700.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700

### Protanopia

220.2110, 15.2230, -6.0650

### Deuteranopia

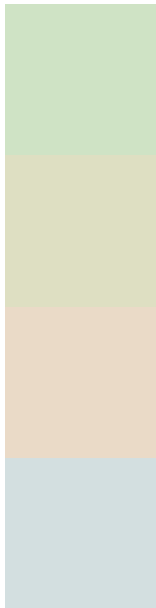
222.5810, 26.2250, 3.8010



## Tritanopia

220.6600, -10.5460, 3.9020

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700

## Protanomaly

219.3950, 8.7130, -9.2310

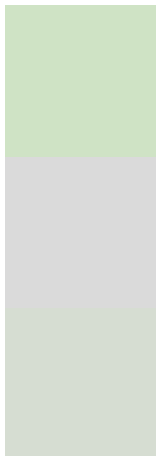
## Deuteranomaly

220.6180, 15.6350, -2.5170

## Tritanomaly

219.5260, -7.4730, -2.2330

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700

## Achromatopsia

218.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

217.6530, -0.6410, -4.9050

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 227, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 227, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 227, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 227, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 227, 197) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 227, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 227, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 227, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 227, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 227,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 217.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 227, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
227, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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