

# Converting Colors

YIQ(218.2110, -11.1400,  
-7.3640)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(218.2110, -11.1400,  
-7.3640)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBE2DA
RGB	203, 226, 218
RGB Percent	80%, 89%, 85%
CMY	0.2040, 0.1137, 0.1451
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.04, 0.11
HSL	159°, 28%, 84%
HSV	159°, 10%, 89%
XYZ	64.4771, 72.1538, 76.8518
YIQ	218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

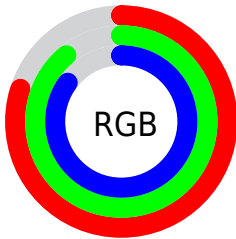
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	203, 217, 226
Decimal	13361882
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	88.04, -9.13, 1.31
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	88, 9.222, 171.820
Yxy	72.1538, 0.3020, 0.3380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291551962 (0xFFCBE2DA)
YUV	218.2110, -0.1040, -13.3400
Hunter-Lab	84.9434, -13.1588, 5.8183

# Details

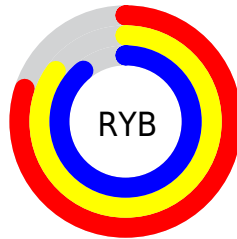
The YIQ color  $218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $210.7890, 11.1400, 7.3640$ , and the grayscale version is  $218.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $163.5100, -10.5440, -7.1520$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $210.4220, -22.2800, -14.7280$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $226.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

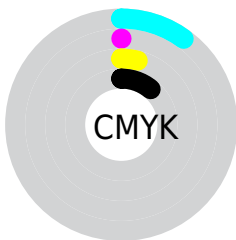
# Distribution



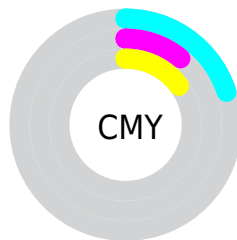
- Red (80%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 218.2110,  
-11.1400, -7.3640

■ 218.2110,  
-11.1400, -7.3640

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 190.5100,  
-10.5440, -7.1520

■ 163.5100,  
-10.5440, -7.1520

■ 136.9230,  
-10.2690, -6.6290

■ 111.9230,  
-10.2690, -6.6290

■ 87.2220, -9.6730,  
-6.4170

■ 63.6350, -9.3980,  
-5.8940

■ 41.6350, -9.3980,

-5.8940

■ 20.4500, -10.3150,  
-5.7950

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 218.2110,  
-11.1400, -7.3640

■ 218.2110,  
-11.1400, -7.3640

■ 210.4220,  
-22.2800, -14.7280

■ 226.0000, -0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 202.9320,  
-32.8240, -21.8800

■ 233.4900, 10.5440,  
7.1520

■ 195.1430,  
-43.9640, -29.2440

■ 236.4950, 12.1480,  
11.1240

■ 187.6530,  
-54.5080, -36.3960

■ 237.2930, 9.9010,  
13.3010

■ 179.9780,  
-65.9690, -43.4490

■ 237.9770, 7.9750,  
15.1670

■ 172.1890,  
-77.1090, -50.8130

■ 164.6990,  
-87.6530, -57.9650

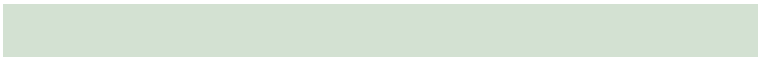
■ 156.9100,  
-98.7930, -65.3290

■ 149.4200,  
-109.3370, -72.4810

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



219.1040, -3.5290, -7.6330



218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640



218.0410, -16.4130, -5.4130

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640



221.3510, -5.1820, 5.8100



222.1390, 15.7260, 1.3420

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640



210.7890, 11.1400, 7.3640

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



222.4750, 14.9000, 5.3000



218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640



222.5970, 2.9330, 7.4210

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640



219.9370, -12.8840, 2.2200



222.9030, 10.8190, 7.6750



220.8780, 11.9670, -2.1210



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640



218.3230, -17.1470, -3.1230



222.9030, 10.8190, 7.6750



222.0790, 15.9550, 2.6990

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640



252.2660, -3.8050, -2.6290



218.8930, -1.5570, -10.3330



125.9780, -2.9340, -1.8940



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

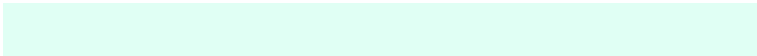


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640



244.4770, -14.9450, -9.9930



217.3620, -12.8830, -3.3070



108.2550, -5.2720, -3.5760



116.4220, -85.3150, -56.2830



31.8240, -23.4720, -15.1520



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210.7890, 11.1400, 7.3640



234.5230, 14.9450, 9.9930



211.6380, 12.8830, 3.3070



104.7450, 5.2720, 3.5760



59.5780, 85.3150, 56.2830

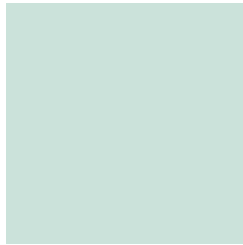


16.2900, 23.1510, 15.4630



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

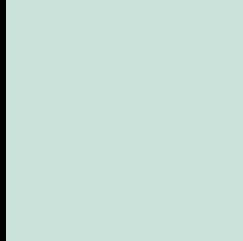
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

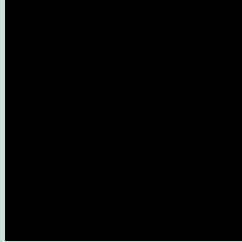
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

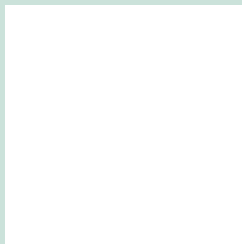
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640.



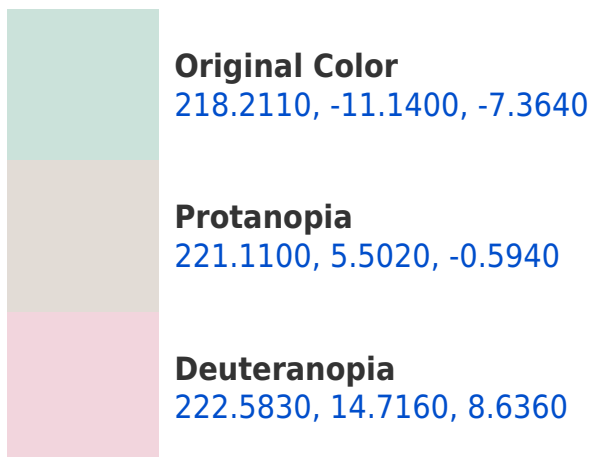
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640.

-7.3640.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

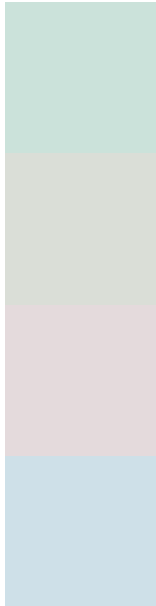




## Tritanopia

220.1540, -14.9930, 1.8950

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640

## Protanomaly

220.0060, -0.1370, -3.0250

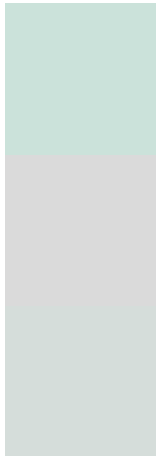
## Deuteranomaly

221.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420

## Tritanomaly

219.5300, -13.2960, -1.3280

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640

## Achromatopsia

218.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

218.2660, -3.8050, -2.6290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 226, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 226, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 226, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 226, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 226, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 226, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 226, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 226, 218); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 226, 218); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 226, 218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 218.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 226, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
226, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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