

Converting Colors

YIQ(218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060)
contains.

YIQ(218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(218.2570, 0.4140,
-7.5060)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6DFCD
RGB	214, 223, 205
RGB Percent	84%, 87%, 80%
CMY	0.1608, 0.1255, 0.1961
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.08, 0.13
HSL	90°, 22%, 84%
HSV	90°, 8%, 87%
XYZ	65.1377, 71.4802, 68.1241
YIQ	218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

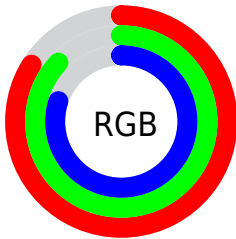
Format	Color
R _Y B	205, 223, 214
Decimal	14081997
CIE Lab	87.72, -6.23, 7.77
CIE LCh	88, 9.957, 128.750
Yxy	71.4802, 0.3181, 0.3491
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292272077 (0xFFD6DFCD)
YUV	218.2570, -6.5357, -3.7334
Hunter-Lab	84.5460, -10.4316, 11.4085

Details

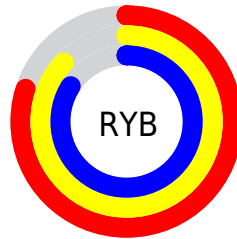
The YIQ color **218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **209.7430, -0.4140, 7.5060**, and the grayscale version is **218.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**, and **163.3710, 0.0930, -7.1950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **212.4600, 0.9200, -16.6800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **224.0540, -0.0920, 1.6680**.

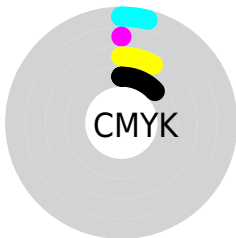
Distribution



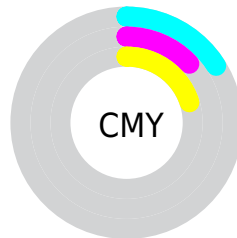
- Red (84%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 218.2570, 0.4140,
-7.5060

■ 218.2570, 0.4140,
-7.5060

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 190.3710, 0.0930,
-7.1950

■ 163.3710, 0.0930,
-7.1950

■ 136.7840, 0.3680,
-6.6720

■ 111.7840, 0.3680,
-6.6720

■ 87.1970, 0.6430,
-6.1490

■ 63.8980, 0.0470,
-6.3610

■ 42.3110, 0.3220,

-5.8380

■ 21.3820, 1.5600,
-6.2480

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 218.2570, 0.4140,
-7.5060

■ 218.2570, 0.4140,
-7.5060

■ 212.4600, 0.9200,
-16.6800

■ 224.0540, -0.0920,
1.6680

■ 206.5490, 1.7470,
-26.1650

■ 229.9650, -0.9190,
11.1530

■ 200.4530, 1.6570,
-35.5510

■ 233.8240, 4.0320,
15.0400

■ 194.6560, 2.1630,
-44.7250

■ 236.2160, 8.8000,
16.7360

■ 188.8590, 2.6690,
-53.8990

■ 182.9480, 3.4960,
-63.3840

■ 177.1510, 4.0020,
-72.5580

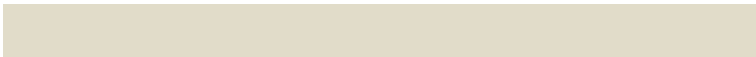
■ 171.3540, 4.5080,
-81.7320

■ 165.1440, 4.7390,
-91.4290

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



219.3290, 9.0790, -4.8490



218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060



217.3530, -8.6640, -8.1840

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060



218.6160, -16.4140, 0.1140



222.1160, 14.5330, 6.4450

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060



209.7430, -0.4140, 7.5060

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



221.7610, 8.3430, 8.4950



218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060



220.2580, -9.3540, 4.3260

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060



217.3120, -18.6140, -4.0700



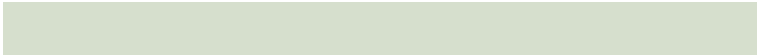
221.4440, -1.0100, 7.2940



221.6770, 17.1470, 3.1230

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060



217.1290, -13.8450, -7.9010



221.4440, -1.0100, 7.2940



222.2730, 12.6530, 7.4770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060



253.5330, -0.1830, -2.1910



215.6650, 8.2530, -0.8910



127.0600, -0.2290, -1.3570



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060



248.2630, 0.2770, -10.5310



215.5660, -4.9500, -9.4140



109.2510, 0.5510, -4.4810



129.6240, 4.0480, -73.3920



35.3520, 1.1040, -20.0160

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209.7430, -0.4140, 7.5060



236.4380, -0.8730, 10.3190



212.4340, 4.9500, 9.4140



104.0480, 0.0450, 4.6930



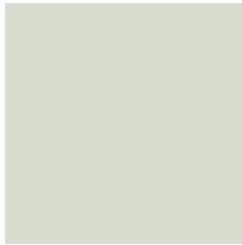
46.3760, -4.0480, 73.3920



12.6480, -1.1040, 20.0160

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

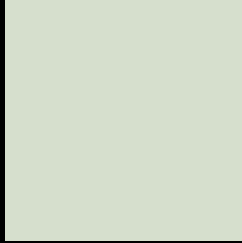
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

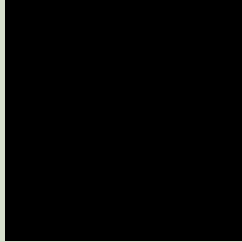
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

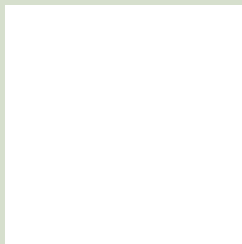
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060.



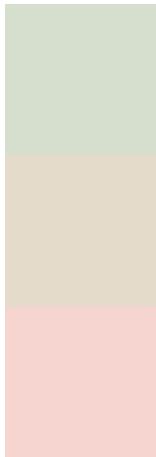
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 218.2570, 0.4140,

-7.5060.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060

Protanopia

219.8670, 10.5000, -3.0680

Deuteranopia

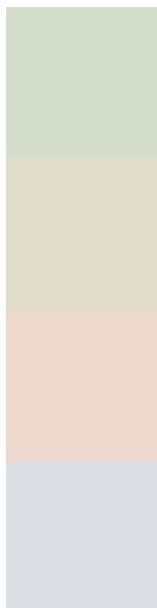
221.5960, 21.8690, 5.6530



Tritanopia

220.3510, -5.1820, 5.8100

Trichromacy



Original Color

218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060

Protanomaly

219.0730, 6.9240, -4.3400

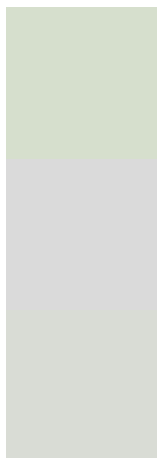
Deuteranomaly

220.2420, 13.9380, 0.7060

Tritanomaly

219.6730, -3.3930, 0.9190

Monochromacy



Original Color

218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060

Achromatopsia

218.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

218.3050, 0.4590, -2.8130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 223, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 223, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 223, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 223, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 223, 205) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 223, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 223, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 223, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 223, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 223,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 218.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 223, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
223, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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