

Converting Colors

YIQ(219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(219.0260, 14.3060,
-5.9660)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5DBC1
RGB	229, 219, 193
RGB Percent	90%, 86%, 76%
CMY	0.1020, 0.1412, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.16, 0.10
HSL	43°, 41%, 83%
HSV	43°, 16%, 90%
XYZ	67.2719, 71.1703, 60.6552
YIQ	219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

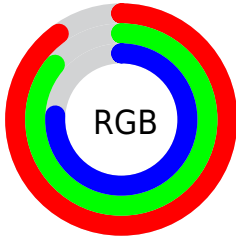
Format	Color
RYB	207, 229, 193
Decimal	15064001
CIELab	87.57, -0.82, 14.00
CIELCh	88, 14.026, 93.362
Yxy	71.1703, 0.3379, 0.3575
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293254081 (0xFFE5DBC1)
YUV	219.0260, -12.8308, 8.7472
Hunter-Lab	84.3625, -5.2957, 16.4252

Details

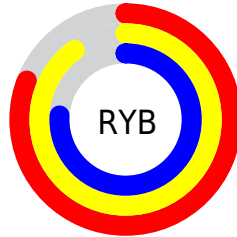
The YIQ color **219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **202.9740, -14.3060, 5.9660**, and the grayscale version is **219.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **254.3160, 1.9260, -1.8660**, and **163.8410, 13.3890, -5.8670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **212.8820, 23.3390, -9.9810**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **225.1700, 5.2730, -1.9510**.

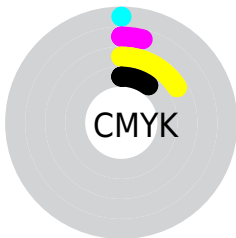
Distribution



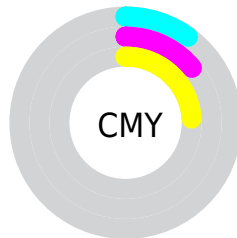
- Red (90%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 219.0260, 14.3060,
-5.9660

■ 219.0260, 14.3060,
-5.9660

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 191.1400, 13.9850,
-5.6550

■ 254.3160, 1.9260,
-1.8660

■ 163.8410, 13.3890,
-5.8670

■ 137.9550, 13.0680,
-5.5560

■ 112.0690, 12.7470,
-5.2450

■ 87.8840, 11.8300,
-5.1460

■ 64.6990, 10.9130,
-5.0470

■ 42.5140, 9.9960,

-4.9480

■ 21.5850, 11.2340,
-5.3580

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 219.0260, 14.3060,
-5.9660

■ 219.0260, 14.3060,
-5.9660

■ 212.8820, 23.3390,
-9.9810

■ 225.1700, 5.2730,
-1.9510

■ 206.1510, 32.6470,
-13.4730

■ 231.9010, -4.0350,
1.5410

■ 200.0070, 41.6800,
-17.4880

■ 237.2470,
-10.8210, 3.3790

■ 193.8630, 50.7130,
-21.5030

■ 240.7690,
-12.4710, 0.2410

■ 187.2460, 59.7000,
-24.6840

■ 244.8780,
-14.3960, -3.4200

■ 181.1020, 68.7330,
-28.6990

■ 247.2260,
-15.4960, -5.5120

■ 174.3710, 78.0410,
-32.1910

■ 168.2270, 87.0740,
-36.2060

■ 165.3260, 91.1090,
-37.7470

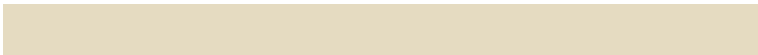
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220.6080, 21.5950, -0.3970



219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660



217.3450, 2.9820, -9.9940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660



215.5390, -26.6830, -6.5150



222.3530, 9.6720, 11.9440

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660



202.9740, -14.3060, 5.9660

Split Complementary

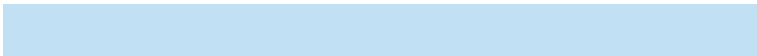
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



221.3560, -3.5780, 9.7820



219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660



216.8970, -24.5750, -0.6630

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660



214.9540, -20.7220, -9.9220



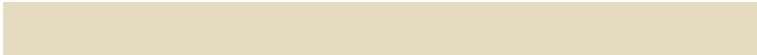
219.0770, -16.0940, 5.3300



221.9750, 19.4840, 10.3320

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660



216.2130, -5.4540, -11.2940



219.0770, -16.0940, 5.3300



221.9010, 5.1330, 11.6050

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660



251.1700, 5.2730, -1.9510



204.9040, 18.2460, 10.7420



125.3270, 3.3930, -0.9190



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660



241.8970, 18.9830, -8.1290



222.5040, 6.7880, -12.8920



111.8710, 4.6770, -2.1630



129.2440, 71.2090, -29.5190



36.9680, 20.2210, -8.5390

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



202.9740, -14.3060, 5.9660



220.1030, -18.9830, 8.1290



199.4960, -6.7880, 12.8920



106.1290, -4.6770, 2.1630



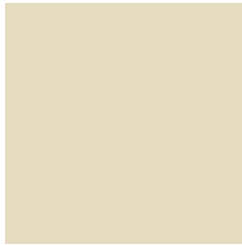
49.7560, -71.2090, 29.5190



14.0320, -20.2210, 8.5390

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

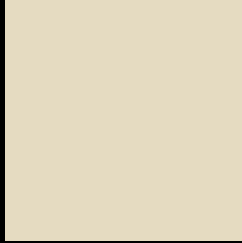
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

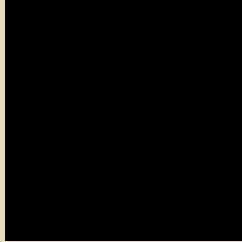
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660.



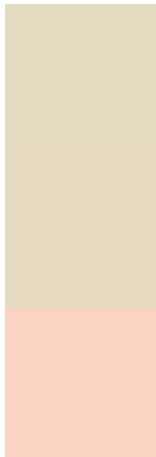
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 219.0260, 14.3060,

-5.9660.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660

Protanopia

219.3250, 14.9020, -5.7540

Deuteranopia

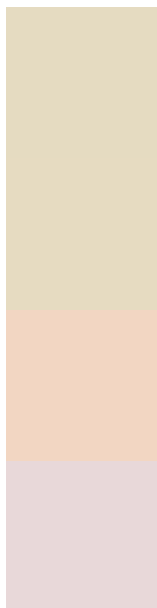
220.8370, 28.3800, 3.2920



Tritanopia

221.8040, 6.7840, 9.2160

Trichromacy



Original Color

219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660

Protanomaly

219.3250, 14.9020, -5.7540

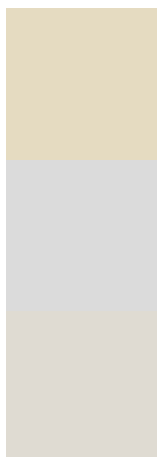
Deuteranomaly

220.0920, 23.1080, -0.2840

Tritanomaly

220.8980, 9.2150, 3.7030

Monochromacy



Original Color

219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660

Achromatopsia

219.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

219.1700, 5.2730, -1.9510

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 219, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 219, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 219, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 219, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 219, 193) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 219, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 219, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 219, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 219, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 219,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 219.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 219, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
219, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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