

# Converting Colors

YIQ(219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(219.8690, -1.0090,  
1.7670)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCDBE0
RGB	220, 219, 224
RGB Percent	86%, 86%, 88%
CMY	0.1372, 0.1412, 0.1216
CMYK	0.02, 0.02, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	252°, 7%, 87%
HSV	252°, 2%, 88%
XYZ	68.3013, 71.2604, 80.6743
YIQ	219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

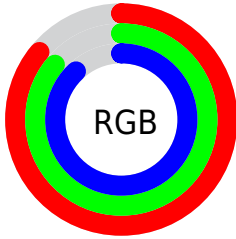
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	220, 219, 224
Decimal	14474208
CIE Lab	87.61, 1.25, -2.34
CIE LCh	88, 2.650, 298.156
Yxy	71.2604, 0.3101, 0.3236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292664288 (0xFFDCDBE0)
YUV	219.8690, 2.0366, 0.1149
Hunter-Lab	84.4159, -3.3025, 2.4290

# Details

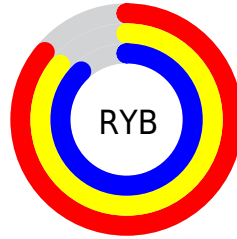
The YIQ color **219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **223.1310, 1.0090, -1.7670**, and the grayscale version is **220.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**, and **164.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **201.5730, -5.6870, 9.4570**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **238.1650, 3.6690, -5.9230**.

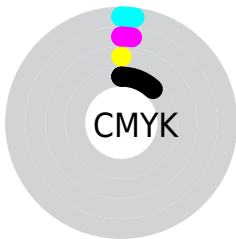
# Distribution



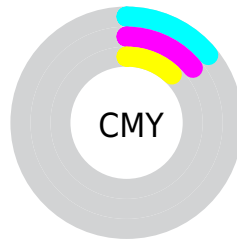
- Red (86%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 219.8690, -1.0090,  
1.7670

■ 219.8690, -1.0090,  
1.7670

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 191.8690, -1.0090,  
1.7670

■ 164.8690, -1.0090,  
1.7670

■ 138.7550, -0.6880,  
1.4560

■ 112.8690, -1.0090,  
1.7670

■ 88.7550, -0.6880,  
1.4560

■ 65.4560, -1.2840,  
1.2440

■ 43.4560, -1.2840,

1.2440

■ 22.7550, -0.6880,  
1.4560

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 219.8690, -1.0090,  
1.7670

■ 219.8690, -1.0090,  
1.7670

■ 201.5730, -5.6870,  
9.4570

■ 238.1650, 3.6690,  
-5.9230

■ 182.6900,  
-10.0900, 17.6700

■ 251.4660, 9.9510,  
-9.6410

■ 164.3940,  
-14.7680, 25.3600

■ 145.5110,  
-19.1710, 33.5730

■ 127.2150,  
-23.8490, 41.2630

■ 108.9190,  
-28.5270, 48.9530

■ 90.3350, -32.3340,  
57.3780

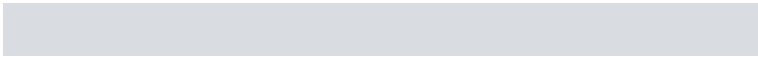
■ 72.0390, -37.0120,  
65.0680

■ 53.1560, -41.4150,  
73.2810

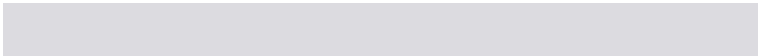
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



219.6730, -3.3930, 0.9190



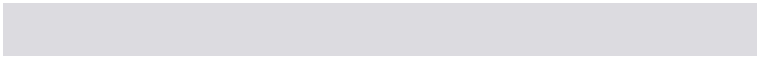
219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670



219.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670



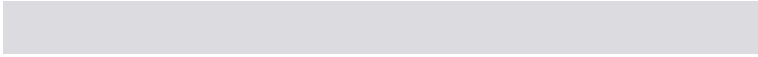
220.0390, 4.2640, -0.1840



218.6790, -3.5300, -2.1060

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670



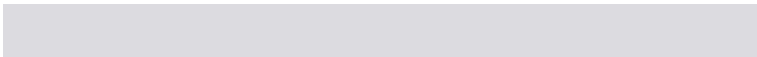
223.1310, 1.0090, -1.7670

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



219.0490, -1.6960, -2.3040



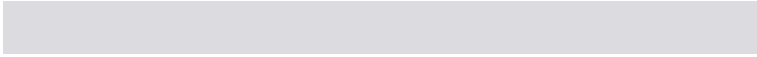
219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670



219.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670



219.9790, 4.4930, 1.1730



219.1310, 1.0090, -1.7670

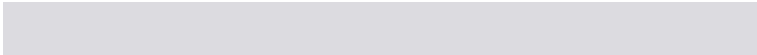


219.0210, -4.4930, -1.1730



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670



220.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



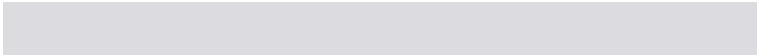
219.1310, 1.0090, -1.7670



218.8640, -2.6130, -2.2050

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670



252.6410, -0.3670, 1.1450



221.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370



126.2280, -0.6420, 0.6220



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670



248.5100, -1.3760, 2.9120



220.4670, 0.1830, 2.1910



108.7550, -0.6880, 1.4560



30.5290, -35.6360, 62.1560



8.4620, -9.4480, 17.0480



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



220.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040



250.0760, 2.8420, 3.5620



222.5330, -0.1830, -2.1910



109.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810



68.6980, 59.6350, 81.1630

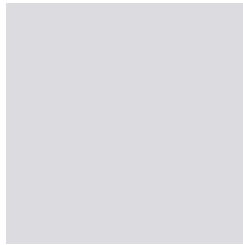


18.7980, 16.0890, 22.3050



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

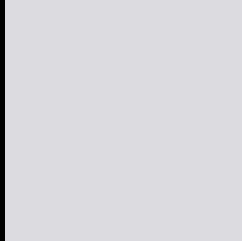
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

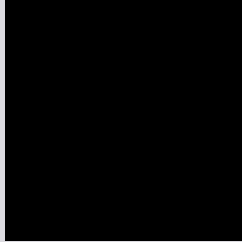
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

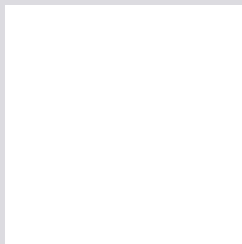
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670.



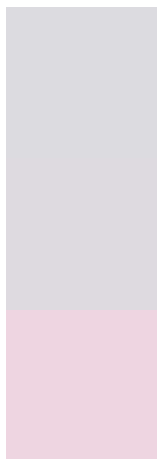
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 219.8690, -1.0090,

1.7670.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670

### Protanopia

219.8800, 0.4580, 2.7140

### Deuteranopia

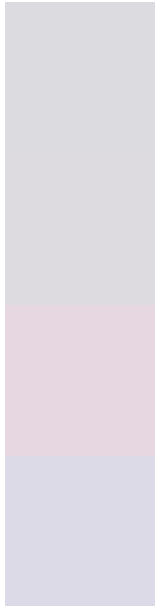
221.8430, 11.0480, 9.0320



## Tritanopia

220.5470, -2.7980, 6.6580

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670

## Protanomaly

219.5810, -0.1380, 2.5020

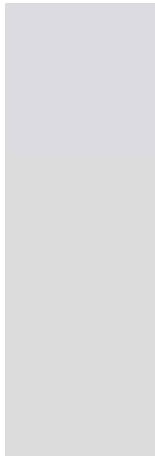
## Deuteranomaly

220.9240, 6.3260, 6.5020

## Tritanomaly

220.3790, -2.3850, 4.6790

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670

## Achromatopsia

220.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

220.1140, -0.3210, 0.3110

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 219, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 219, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 219, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 219, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 219, 224) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 219, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 219, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 219, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 219, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 219,  
224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 219.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 219, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
219, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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