

# Converting Colors

YIQ(220.2190, 20.7720,  
-13.0200)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(220.2190, 20.7720,  
-13.0200)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8DFAF
RGB	232, 223, 175
RGB Percent	91%, 87%, 69%
CMY	0.0902, 0.1255, 0.3136
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.25, 0.09
HSL	51°, 55%, 80%
HSV	51°, 25%, 91%
XYZ	67.4055, 73.0250, 51.1157
YIQ	220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

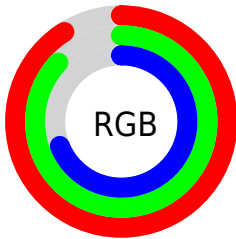
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	186, 232, 175
Decimal	15261615
CIELab	88.46, -4.37, 24.66
CIELCh	88, 25.048, 100.054
Yxy	73.0250, 0.3519, 0.3812
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293451695 (0xFFE8DFAF)
YUV	220.2190, -22.2930, 10.3319
Hunter-Lab	85.4547, -8.7473, 24.3533

# Details

The YIQ color  $220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCC99$ . A complement of this color would be  $186.7810, -20.7720, 13.0200$ , and the grayscale version is  $220.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $252.2640, 7.7040, -7.4640$ , and  $165.1480, 19.5340, -12.6100$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $215.2490, 29.2550, -18.0810$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $225.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590$ .

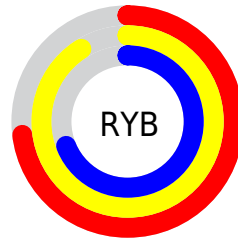
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (87%)

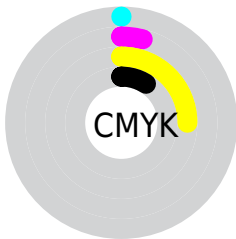
Blue (69%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (69%)

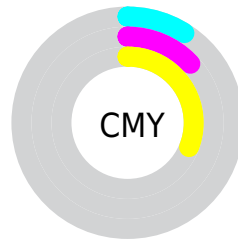


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 220.2190, 20.7720,  
-13.0200

■ 220.2190, 20.7720,  
-13.0200

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 192.3330, 20.4510,  
-12.7090

■ 252.2640, 7.7040,  
-7.4640

■ 165.1480, 19.5340,  
-12.6100

■ 138.9630, 18.6170,  
-12.5110

■ 112.8920, 17.3790,  
-12.1010

■ 88.7070, 16.4620,  
-12.0020

■ 64.9350, 15.8200,  
-11.3800

■ 42.1090, 15.2700,

-12.4260

■ 22.7480, 9.2170,  
-7.3510

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 220.2190, 20.7720,  
-13.0200

■ 220.2190, 20.7720,  
-13.0200

■ 215.2490, 29.2550,  
-18.0810

■ 225.1890, 12.2890,  
-7.9590

■ 210.8660, 37.4630,  
-23.6650

■ 229.5720, 4.0810,  
-2.3750

■ 205.7820, 46.2670,  
-29.0370

■ 234.6560, -4.7230,  
2.9970

■ 200.8120, 54.7500,  
-34.0980

■ 238.1440, -9.0330,  
4.0150

■ 196.4290, 62.9580,  
-39.6820

■ 239.9050, -9.8580,  
2.4460

■ 191.4590, 71.4410,  
-44.7430

■ 242.2530,  
-10.9580, 0.3540

■ 186.4890, 79.9240,  
-49.8040

■ 244.6010,  
-12.0580, -1.7380

■ 183.8330, 84.6470,  
-52.8010

■ 246.3620,  
-12.8830, -3.3070

■ 248.1230,  
-13.7080, -4.8760

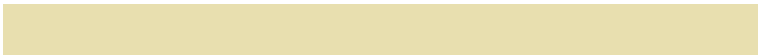
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



222.7420, 35.7170, -3.0270



220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200



217.3950, -0.4550, -19.2950

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200



213.0290, -51.6700, -10.7260



225.0000, 18.3360, 20.1280

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200



186.7810, -20.7720, 13.0200

# Split Complementary

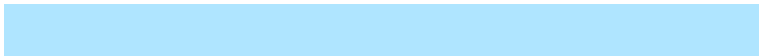
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



224.6650, 0.2260, 17.9380



220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200



215.8180, -40.5300, -3.3620

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200



212.4780, -43.0490, -18.2890



220.0920, -20.4500, 7.1820



221.0900, 26.5900, 13.7100



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200



215.2560, -16.1810, -20.6370



220.0920, -20.4500, 7.1820



226.3740, 14.3470, 20.8350

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200



251.1870, 6.6030, -4.0290



193.1830, 30.7620, 15.1940



125.5720, 4.0810, -2.3750



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200



239.5200, 27.0540, -16.7380



219.8210, 6.9730, -21.7550



112.4580, 4.4020, -2.6860



141.5710, 65.4340, -40.5020



40.4900, 18.5710, -11.6770



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186.7810, -20.7720, 13.0200



196.4800, -27.0540, 16.7380



187.1790, -6.9730, 21.7550



105.5420, -4.4020, 2.6860



36.8420, -65.1590, 41.0250

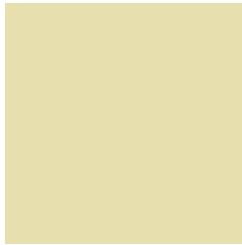


10.5100, -18.5710, 11.6770



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

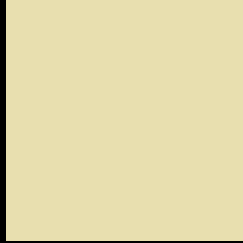
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

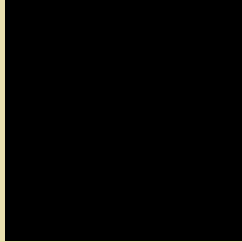
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

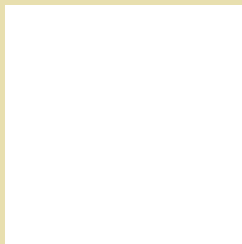
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 220.2190, 20.7720,

-13.0200.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200

### Protanopia

220.7140, 23.7520, -11.9600

### Deuteranopia

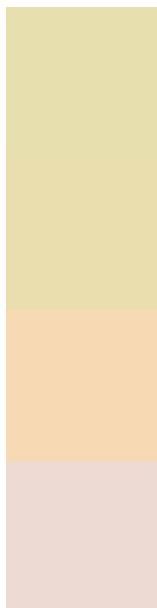
222.7250, 34.3870, -0.9490



## Tritanopia

224.1140, 8.8470, 10.3750

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200

## Protanomaly

220.4150, 23.1560, -12.1720

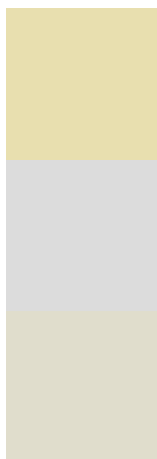
## Deuteranomaly

221.7520, 29.7570, -5.1470

## Tritanomaly

222.5840, 12.9750, 1.6390

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200

## Achromatopsia

220.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

219.9590, 7.2450, -4.6510

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 223, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 223, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 223, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 223, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 223, 175) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 223, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 223, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 223, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 223, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 223,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 220.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 223, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
223, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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