

Converting Colors

YIQ(220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(220.6460, -7.9310,
-4.9470)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2E2DD
RGB	210, 226, 221
RGB Percent	82%, 89%, 87%
CMY	0.1765, 0.1137, 0.1334
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.02, 0.11
HSL	161°, 22%, 85%
HSV	161°, 7%, 89%
XYZ	66.8237, 73.3165, 79.0312
YIQ	220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

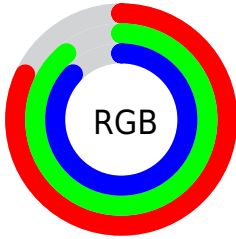
Format	Color
RYB	210, 219, 226
Decimal	13820637
CIELab	88.60, -6.26, 0.60
CIElCh	89, 6.286, 174.496
Yxy	73.3165, 0.3049, 0.3345
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292010717 (0xFFD2E2DD)
YUV	220.6460, 0.1745, -9.3365
Hunter-Lab	85.6251, -10.5385, 5.2134

Details

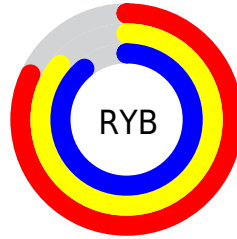
The YIQ color $220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $215.3540, 7.9310, 4.9470$, and the grayscale version is $221.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $165.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $212.9710, -19.3920, -12.0000$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $228.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060$.

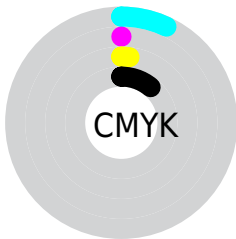
Distribution



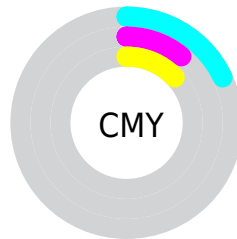
- Red (82%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 220.6460, -7.9310,
-4.9470

■ 220.6460, -7.9310,
-4.9470

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 192.6460, -7.9310,
-4.9470

■ 165.6460, -7.9310,
-4.9470

■ 139.0590, -7.6560,
-4.4240

■ 113.9450, -7.3350,
-4.7350

■ 89.3580, -7.0600,
-4.2120

■ 65.6570, -6.4640,
-4.0000

■ 43.6570, -6.4640,

-4.0000

■ 23.0700, -6.1890,
-3.4770

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 220.6460, -7.9310,
-4.9470

■ 220.6460, -7.9310,
-4.9470

■ 212.9710,
-19.3920, -12.0000

■ 228.3210, 3.5300,
2.1060

■ 205.5950,
-30.2570, -18.8410

■ 235.6970, 14.3950,
8.9470

■ 197.9200,
-41.7180, -25.8940

■ 236.4950, 12.1480,
11.1240

■ 190.5440,
-52.5830, -32.7350

■ 237.2930, 9.9010,
13.3010

■ 182.8690,
-64.0440, -39.7880

■ 237.9770, 7.9750,
15.1670

■ 175.1940,
-75.5050, -46.8410

■ 167.7040,
-86.0490, -53.9930

■ 160.0290,
-97.5100, -61.0460

■ 152.6530,
-108.3750, -67.8870

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220.8700, -2.7500, -5.2300



220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470



220.7320, -11.0490, -3.5050

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470



222.6670, -3.2560, 3.9440



223.3880, 10.5910, 0.7910

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470



215.3540, 7.9310, 4.9470

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



223.9690, 10.4530, 3.2930



220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470



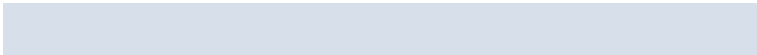
223.1300, 2.7500, 5.2300

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



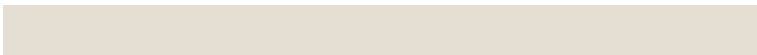
220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470



221.8620, -8.2990, 1.7250



224.0550, 7.3350, 4.7350



222.8390, 7.7030, -1.9370

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470



220.9000, -11.4620, -1.5260



224.0550, 7.3350, 4.7350



223.2140, 11.1410, 1.8370

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470



253.2770, -2.3380, -1.6820



220.8870, -1.4200, -7.3080



126.9890, -1.4670, -0.9470



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470



247.3250, -11.4610, -7.0530



219.4550, -8.7110, -1.8230



108.3690, -5.5930, -3.2650



117.1060, -87.2410, -54.4170



31.9380, -23.7930, -14.8410

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215.3540, 7.9310, 4.9470



239.6750, 11.4610, 7.0530



216.5450, 8.7110, 1.8230



104.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650



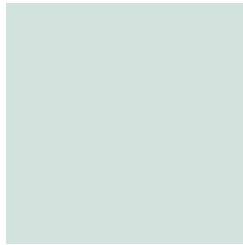
58.8940, 87.2410, 54.4170



16.0620, 23.7930, 14.8410

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

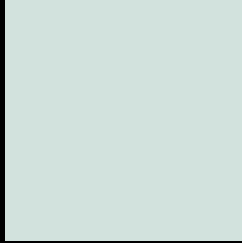
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

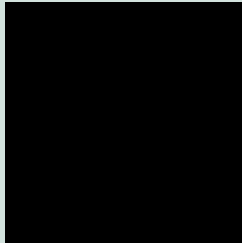
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

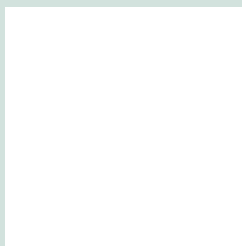
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470.



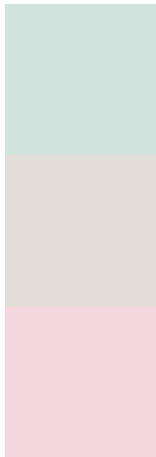
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470.

-4.9470.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470

Protanopia

222.4520, 4.5390, 0.3390

Deuteranopia

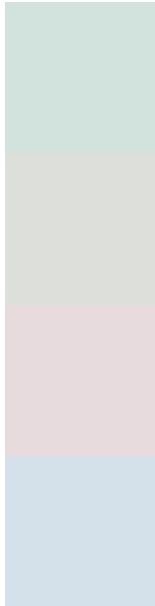
224.2840, 14.1200, 8.4240



Tritanopia

222.0620, -11.7380, 3.4780

Trichromacy



Original Color

220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470

Protanomaly

221.9460, 0.0920, -1.6680

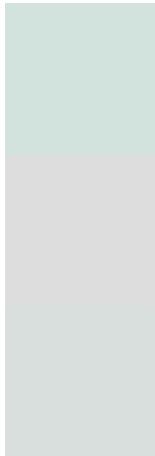
Deuteranomaly

222.9300, 6.1890, 3.4770

Tritanomaly

221.5520, -10.3620, 0.5660

Monochromacy



Original Color

220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470

Achromatopsia

221.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

220.9780, -2.9340, -1.8940

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 226, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 226, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 226, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 226, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 226, 221) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 226, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 226, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 226, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 226, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 226,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 220.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 226, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
226, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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