

# Converting Colors

YIQ(222.1240, -32.6440,  
-3.1080)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(222.1240, -32.6440,  
-3.1080)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDE9FD
RGB	189, 233, 253
RGB Percent	74%, 91%, 99%
CMY	0.2589, 0.0862, 0.0080
CMYK	0.25, 0.08, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	199°, 94%, 87%
HSV	199°, 25%, 99%
XYZ	67.8483, 76.1936, 104.0285
YIQ	222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

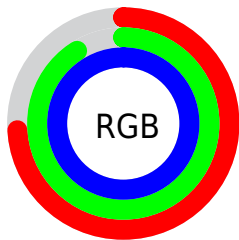
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	189, 215, 253
Decimal	12446205
CIELab	89.95, -9.82, -14.31
CIELCh	90, 17.356, 235.547
Yxy	76.1936, 0.2735, 0.3071
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290636285 (0xFFBDE9FD)
YUV	222.1240, 15.2219, -29.0497
Hunter-Lab	87.2890, -14.0105, -9.5578

# Details

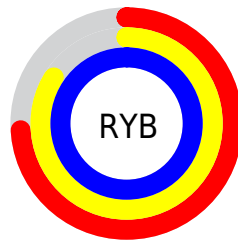
The YIQ color  $222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $219.8760, 32.6440, 3.1080$ , and the grayscale version is  $222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $252.3090, -5.3640, -1.9080$ , and  $166.3090, -31.7270, -3.2070$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $209.9530, -45.3440, -4.2240$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $234.2950, -19.9440, -1.9920$ .

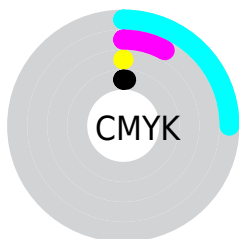
# Distribution



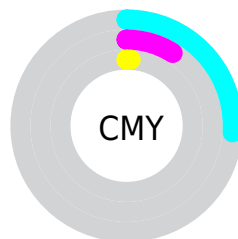
- Red (74%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 222.1240,  
-32.6440, -3.1080

■ 222.1240,  
-32.6440, -3.1080

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 194.0100,  
-32.3230, -3.4190

■ 252.3090, -5.3640,  
-1.9080

■ 166.3090,  
-31.7270, -3.2070

■ 140.1950,  
-31.4060, -3.5180

■ 114.1950,  
-31.4060, -3.5180

■ 89.0810, -31.0850,  
-3.8290

■ 64.0700, -32.5520,  
-4.7760

■ 38.9770, -36.7240,

-6.2600

■ 24.0280, -23.5660,  
-2.4300

■ 3.5510, -8.6210,  
7.5630

■ 222.1240,  
-32.6440, -3.1080

■ 222.1240,  
-32.6440, -3.1080

■ 209.9530,  
-45.3440, -4.2240

■ 234.2950,  
-19.9440, -1.9920

■ 197.4830,  
-58.6400, -5.5520

■ 246.7650, -6.6480,  
-0.6640

■ 185.3120,  
-71.3400, -6.6680

■ 254.7720, 0.6420,  
-0.6220

■ 173.1410,  
-84.0400, -7.7840

■ 161.2580,  
-97.6110, -9.6350

■ 149.0870,  
-110.3110, -10.7510

■ 136.9160,  
-123.0110, -11.8670

■ 130.9800,  
-129.0630, -12.3190

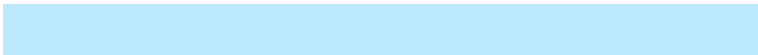
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220.6090, -32.8720, -9.9920



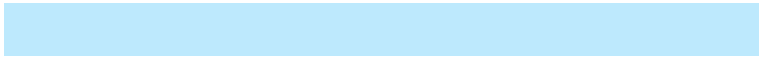
222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080



224.2010, -22.3750, 3.5210

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080



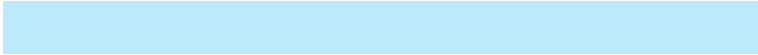
228.5560, 19.3460, 12.8340



224.3300, 7.3380, -11.8460

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080



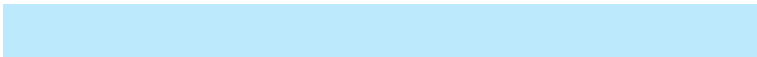
219.8760, 32.6440, 3.1080

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



225.8480, 20.6790, -5.8250



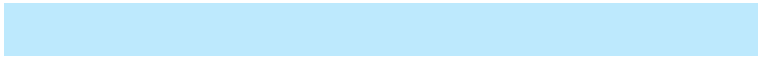
222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080



227.3190, 24.2070, 7.3350

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080



229.4500, 8.0210, 14.3330



227.4840, 27.8760, 1.4120

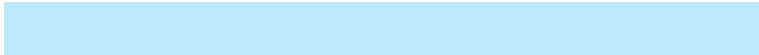


222.2510, -8.6170, -14.5450



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



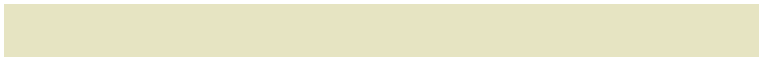
222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080



226.6260, -13.2060, 8.0580



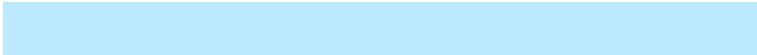
227.4840, 27.8760, 1.4120



224.7220, 12.1060, -10.1500

# Sweetspot

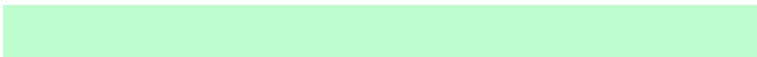
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080



245.4980, -10.2700, -1.1020



228.7340, -23.6990, -27.5630



121.7650, -6.6480, -0.6640



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

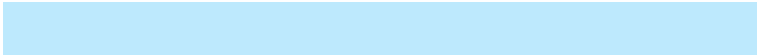


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

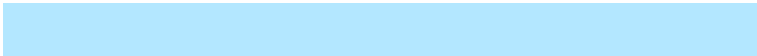


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080



218.1880, -38.6960, -3.5600



203.9270, -24.1190, 13.1050



121.7650, -6.6480, -0.6640



99.2580, -97.6110, -9.6350



33.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213.1520, 24.0200, 27.2520



207.6520, 28.6040, 32.2840



238.0730, 24.1190, -13.1050



119.9130, 4.8590, 5.5550



72.1570, 71.4640, 81.5440

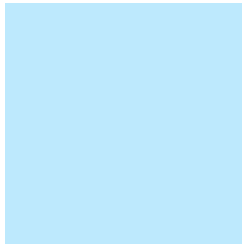


24.1520, 24.0200, 27.2520



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

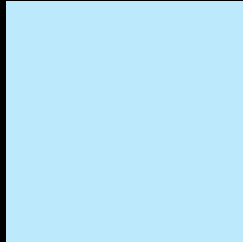
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

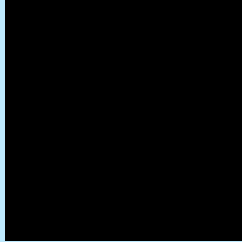
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080.

-3.1080.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080

### Protanopia

226.3230, -7.9790, 6.9410

### Deuteranopia

227.8770, -3.4870, 13.6410



## Tritanopia

222.0100, -32.3230, -3.4190

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080

## Protanomaly

224.7240, -16.5980, 3.4500

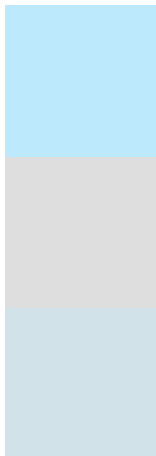
## Deuteranomaly

225.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230

## Tritanomaly

222.0100, -32.3230, -3.4190

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080

## Achromatopsia

222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

222.0140, -11.7830, -1.2150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 233, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 233, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 233, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 233, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 233, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 233, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 233, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 233, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 233, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 233,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 222.1240, -32.6440, -3.1080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 233, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
233, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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