

# Converting Colors

YIQ(222.1250, -25.2170,  
-0.0410)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(222.1250, -25.2170,  
-0.0410)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6E5FA
RGB	198, 229, 250
RGB Percent	78%, 90%, 98%
CMY	0.2236, 0.1019, 0.0197
CMYK	0.21, 0.08, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	204°, 84%, 88%
HSV	204°, 21%, 98%
XYZ	68.5582, 74.9498, 101.2714
YIQ	222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

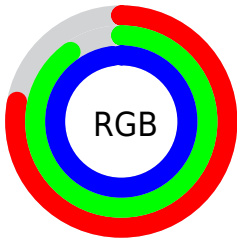
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	198, 217, 250
Decimal	13035002
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	89.37, -5.77, -13.56
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	89, 14.731, 246.953
Yxy	74.9498, 0.2801, 0.3062
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291225082 (0xFFC6E5FA)
YUV	222.1250, 13.7424, -21.1576
Hunter-Lab	86.5736, -10.1483, -8.7544

# Details

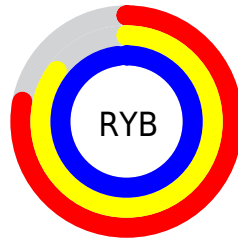
The YIQ color  $222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $225.8750, 25.2170, 0.0410$ , and the grayscale version is  $222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $167.0110, -24.8960, -0.3520$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $208.7800, -37.3670, -0.1110$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $235.4700, -13.0670, 0.0290$ .

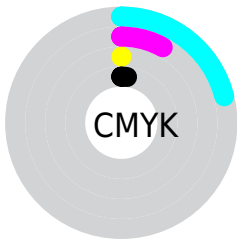
# Distribution



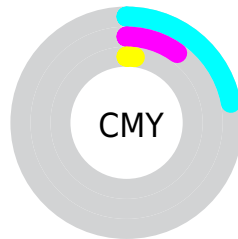
- Red (78%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 222.1250,  
-25.2170, -0.0410

■ 222.1250,  
-25.2170, -0.0410

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 194.0110,  
-24.8960, -0.3520

■ 166.8970,  
-24.5750, -0.6630

■ 140.1960,  
-23.9790, -0.4510

■ 114.4950,  
-23.3830, -0.2390

■ 89.9680, -23.3370,  
-1.0730

■ 65.9680, -23.3370,  
-1.0730

■ 42.2560, -24.2080,

-1.8080

■ 22.0390, -22.0990,  
-1.4830

■ 3.3230, -7.9790,  
6.9410

■ 222.1250,  
-25.2170, -0.0410

■ 222.1250,  
-25.2170, -0.0410

■ 208.7800,  
-37.3670, -0.1110

■ 235.4700,  
-13.0670, 0.0290

■ 195.4350,  
-49.5170, -0.1810

■ 248.8150, -0.9170,  
0.0990

■ 182.0900,  
-61.6670, -0.2510

■ 254.4300, 1.6050,  
-1.5550

■ 168.7450,  
-73.8170, -0.3210

■ 155.4000,  
-85.9670, -0.3910

■ 142.0550,  
-98.1170, -0.4610

■ 128.1230,  
-109.9920, -0.0080

■ 115.9630,  
-121.2250, -0.1770

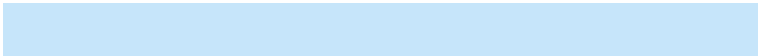
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220.4680, -27.9210, -6.1050



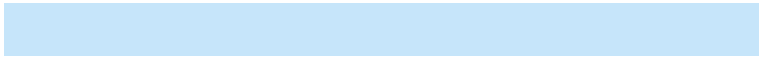
222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410



224.7890, -15.2230, 6.0650

# Triad

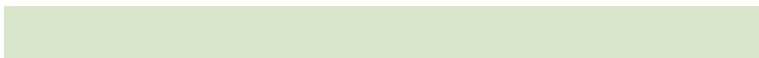
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410



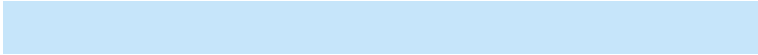
227.4590, 20.9970, 10.4450



222.3340, 1.5150, -10.9410

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410



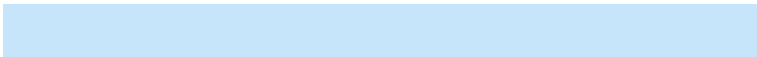
225.8750, 25.2170, 0.0410

# Split Complementary

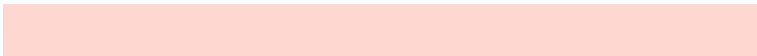
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



224.2000, 13.7560, -7.0120



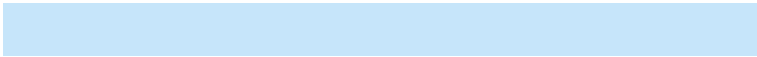
222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410



226.4500, 25.2160, 5.5680

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410



227.2500, 11.4600, 12.5800



225.3800, 22.2370, -1.0190

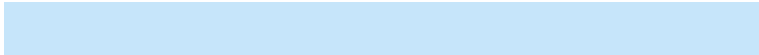


220.5650, -12.3770, -12.4810



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410



225.8010, -6.3290, 10.0790



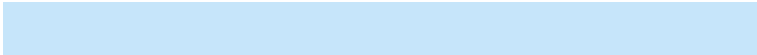
225.3800, 22.2370, -1.0190



222.9000, 5.7330, -10.2910

# Sweetspot

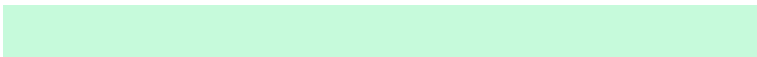
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410



246.9930, -7.2900, -0.0420



230.9180, -21.0410, -20.6650



122.9610, -4.2640, 0.1840



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

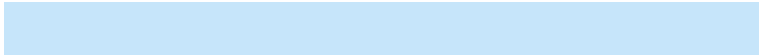


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

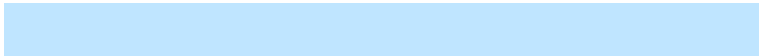


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410



220.6020, -30.9940, 0.0300



206.8630, -18.0670, 13.5570



118.1780, -6.3730, -0.1410



87.8770, -91.7440, -0.3200



28.6730, -29.7560, -0.3800



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



217.0820, 21.0410, 20.6650



214.4680, 25.9460, 25.3860



241.1370, 18.0670, -13.5570



116.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440



69.3930, 76.3710, 75.2110

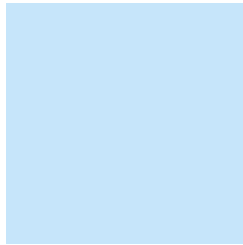


22.4570, 24.4790, 24.4390



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

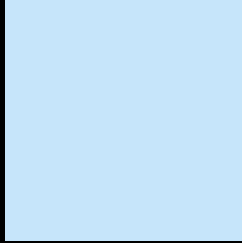
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

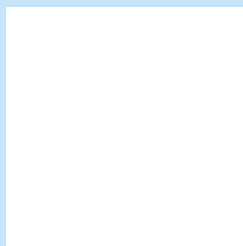
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 222.1250, -25.2170,

-0.0410.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410

### Protanopia

225.3230, -7.9790, 6.9410

### Deuteranopia

226.3610, -1.9740, 13.7540



## Tritanopia

221.8970, -24.5750, -0.6630

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410

**Protanomaly**

223.9200, -14.2140, 4.2980

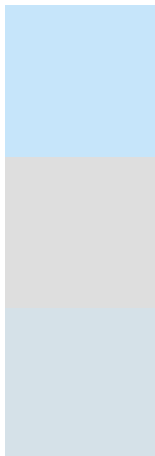
**Deuteranomaly**

224.7080, -10.5010, 8.5950

**Tritanomaly**

222.0110, -24.8960, -0.3520

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410

**Achromatopsia**

222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

**Achromatomaly**

222.2100, -9.3990, -0.3670

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 229, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 229, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 229, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 229, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 229, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 229, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 229, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 229, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 229, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 229,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 222.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 229, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
229, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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