

# Converting Colors

YIQ(223.0510, -31.5410,  
-17.5970)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(223.0510, -31.5410,  
-17.5970)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6F3E4
RGB	182, 243, 228
RGB Percent	71%, 95%, 89%
CMY	0.2864, 0.0469, 0.1060
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.06, 0.05
HSL	165°, 72%, 83%
HSV	165°, 25%, 95%
XYZ	65.3399, 79.6566, 85.3092
YIQ	223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

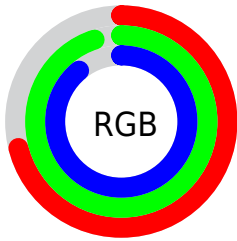
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	182, 217, 243
Decimal	11989988
CIELab	91.53, -22.21, 1.02
CIElCh	92, 22.235, 177.371
Yxy	79.6566, 0.2837, 0.3459
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290180068 (0xFFB6F3E4)
YUV	223.0510, 2.4399, -36.0017
Hunter-Lab	89.2506, -25.5095, 5.8037

# Details

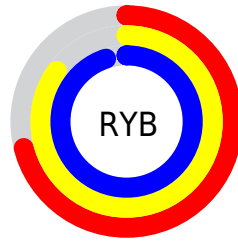
The YIQ color **223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **201.9490, 31.5410, 17.5970**, and the grayscale version is **223.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250.2160, -9.5360, -3.3920**, and **167.7630, -30.6700, -16.8620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **215.1910, -43.9190, -24.5510**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **230.9110, -19.1630, -10.6430**.

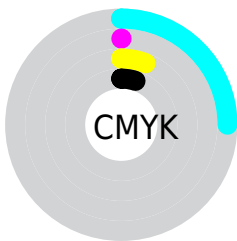
# Distribution



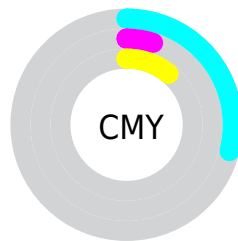
- Red (71%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 223.0510,  
-31.5410, -17.5970

■ 223.0510,  
-31.5410, -17.5970

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 195.0510,  
-31.5410, -17.5970

■ 250.2160, -9.5360,  
-3.3920

■ 167.7630,  
-30.6700, -16.8620

■ 140.7630,  
-30.6700, -16.8620

■ 114.4750,  
-29.7990, -16.1270

■ 89.2900, -30.7160,  
-16.0280

■ 63.8060, -32.2290,  
-16.1410

■ 40.9200, -32.5500,

-15.8300

■ 25.6120, -19.7590,  
-10.8550

■ 6.7990, -3.9880,  
-4.8200

■ 223.0510,  
-31.5410, -17.5970

■ 223.0510,  
-31.5410, -17.5970

■ 215.1910,  
-43.9190, -24.5510

■ 230.9110,  
-19.1630, -10.6430

■ 207.0320,  
-56.8930, -31.7170

■ 239.0700, -6.1890,  
-3.4770

■ 199.1720,  
-69.2710, -38.6710

■ 246.9300, 6.1890,  
3.4770

■ 191.3120,  
-81.6490, -45.6250

■ 247.6140, 4.2630,  
5.3430

■ 183.1530,  
-94.6230, -52.7910

■ 247.9560, 3.3000,  
6.2760

■ 175.2930,  
-107.0010, -59.7450

■ 167.4330,  
-119.3790, -66.6990

■ 163.5030,  
-125.5680, -70.1760

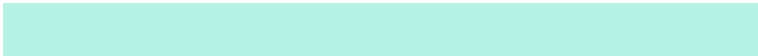
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



224.8760, -12.0550, -18.3190



223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970



223.0530, -43.0500, -12.7620

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970



231.1000, -5.7330, 10.2910



228.9030, 28.0140, -1.0900

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970



201.9490, 31.5410, 17.5970

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



227.7920, 24.2530, 6.5010



223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970



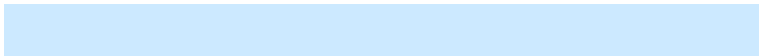
233.7540, 10.2210, 18.5170

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970



226.8370, -24.3460, 0.6940



229.5990, 17.7870, 13.5550

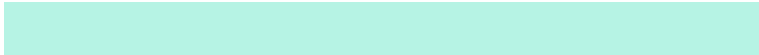


230.3060, 25.0810, -8.5110

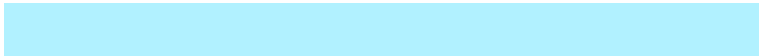


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



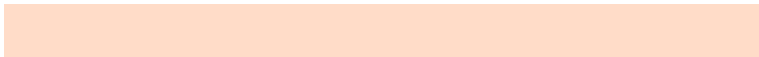
223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970



223.4600, -42.6380, -9.2140



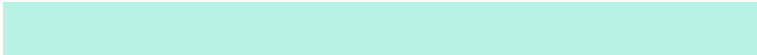
229.5990, 17.7870, 13.5550



228.1850, 27.2800, 1.2000

# Sweetspot

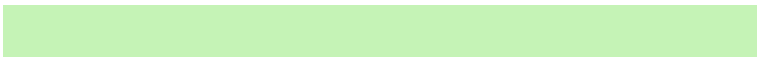
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970



248.4500, -10.3150, -5.7950



222.2920, -7.8350, -28.7230



123.6570, -6.4640, -4.0000



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

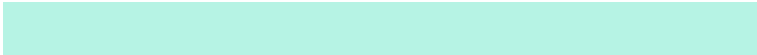


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

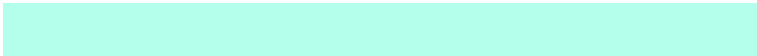


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970



230.1100, -39.1970, -22.0210



215.9560, -32.2310, -5.0870



118.0700, -6.1890, -3.4770



125.1420, -96.0900, -53.7380



39.6490, -30.3490, -17.1730



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201.9490, 31.5410, 17.5970



203.7760, 39.5180, 21.7100



209.0440, 32.2310, 5.0870



113.9300, 6.1890, 3.4770



60.8580, 96.0900, 53.7380

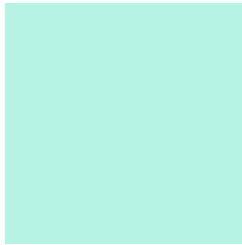


19.2370, 30.6700, 16.8620



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

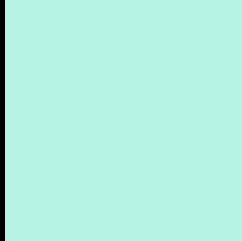
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

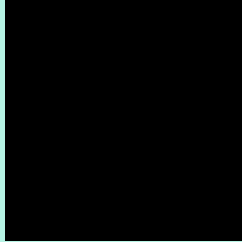
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

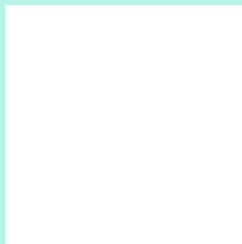
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970.



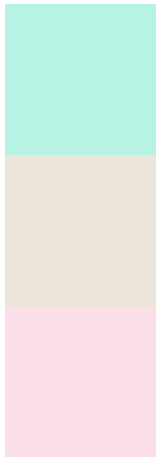
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970.

-17.5970.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970

### Protanopia

230.0670, 7.0610, -1.3150

### Deuteranopia

232.3980, 13.7990, 8.7350



## Tritanopia

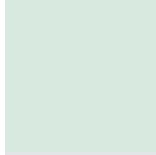
226.4830, -32.2770, -4.2530

# Trichromacy



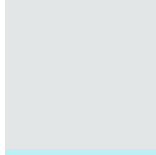
## Original Color

223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970



## Protanomaly

227.3640, -7.1970, -7.2370



## Deuteranomaly

228.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370



## Tritanomaly

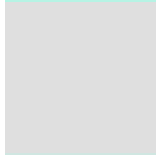
225.3210, -32.0010, -9.2570

# Monochromacy



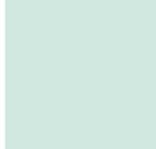
## Original Color

223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970



## Achromatopsia

223.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

222.8520, -11.5070, -6.2190

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 243, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 243, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 243, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 243, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 243, 228) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 243, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 243, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 243, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 243, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 243,  
228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 223.0510, -31.5410, -17.5970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 243, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
243, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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