

# Converting Colors

YIQ(223.1080, -27.6880,  
-26.8560)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(223.1080, -27.6880,  
-26.8560)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4F8D0
RGB	180, 248, 208
RGB Percent	71%, 97%, 82%
CMY	0.2943, 0.0273, 0.1844
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.16, 0.03
HSL	145°, 83%, 84%
HSV	145°, 27%, 97%
XYZ	63.7702, 81.4030, 72.0128
YIQ	223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

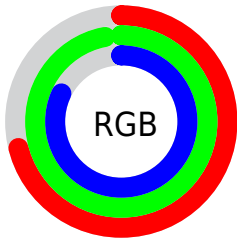
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">180, 228, 248</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11860176</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">92.31, -29.14, 12.49</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">92, 31.701, 156.797</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">81.4030, 0.2936, 0.3748</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290050256 (0xFFB4F8D0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">223.1080, -7.4482, -37.8057</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">90.2236, -31.7273, 15.8336</a>

# Details

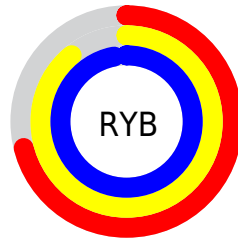
The YIQ color  $223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $204.8920, 27.6880, 26.8560$ , and the grayscale version is  $223.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $249.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160$ , and  $167.0480, -27.4590, -25.4990$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $213.9230, -37.7730, -36.8210$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $232.2930, -17.6030, -16.8910$ .

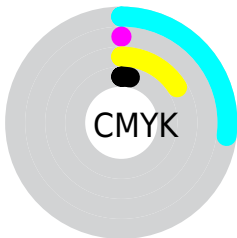
# Distribution



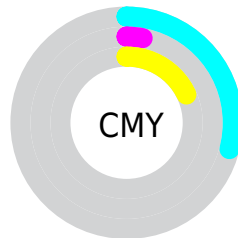
- Red (71%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 223.1080,  
-27.6880, -26.8560

■ 223.1080,  
-27.6880, -26.8560

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 194.5210,  
-27.4130, -26.3330

■ 249.6180,  
-10.7280, -3.8160

■ 167.0480,  
-27.4590, -25.4990

■ 140.4610,  
-27.1840, -24.9760

■ 113.8740,  
-26.9090, -24.4530

■ 88.6890, -27.8260,  
-24.3540

■ 63.0200, -30.2560,  
-24.3680

■ 40.8570, -28.2390,

-22.3750

■ 25.4350, -15.1270,  
-17.7110

■ 8.8050, -4.1250,  
-7.8450

■ 223.1080,  
-27.6880, -26.8560

■ 223.1080,  
-27.6880, -26.8560

■ 213.9230,  
-37.7730, -36.8210

■ 232.2930,  
-17.6030, -16.8910

■ 204.8520,  
-48.1790, -46.4750

■ 241.3640, -7.1970,  
-7.2370

■ 195.9660,  
-57.6680, -56.2280

■ 250.2500, 2.2920,  
2.5160

■ 186.8950,  
-68.0740, -65.8820

■ 250.8910, 1.9250,  
3.6610

■ 177.7100,  
-78.1590, -75.8470

■ 168.5250,  
-88.2440, -85.8120

■ 159.4540,  
-98.6500, -95.4660

■ 157.2040,  
-100.9420, -97.9820

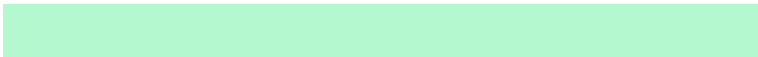
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



227.2010, 2.8470, -24.0730



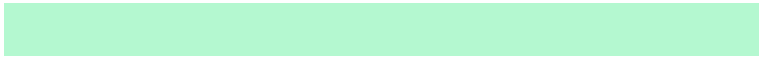
223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560



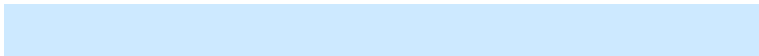
219.4440, -54.8770, -24.1970

# Triad

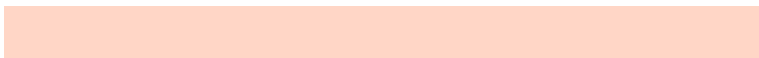
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560



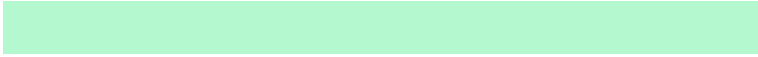
227.1360, -23.7500, 0.9060



224.4350, 29.5720, 3.7160

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560



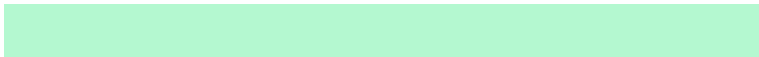
204.8920, 27.6880, 26.8560

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



225.9800, 21.0880, 14.3040



223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560



233.8240, 4.0320, 15.0400

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560



221.0460, -50.3400, -12.8040



230.9330, 11.2750, 21.4430

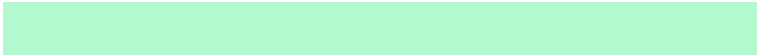


227.4380, 33.5170, -7.2110



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560



217.9900, -65.1020, -20.6060



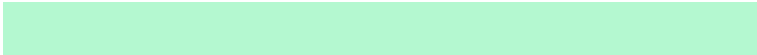
230.9330, 11.2750, 21.4430



224.2870, 27.2330, 7.5610

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560



247.6520, -8.0680, -7.9720



232.1750, 5.7360, -26.8720



123.2010, -5.1800, -5.2440



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

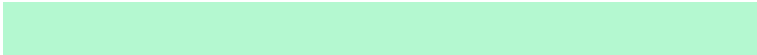


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

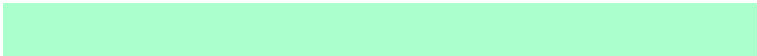


# Same Dimension

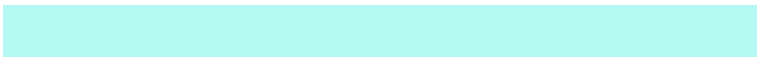
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560



224.1840, -34.0140, -33.3580



226.8700, -38.2810, -16.5930



120.3150, -5.5010, -4.9330



119.8350, -77.0130, -74.5890



38.6570, -24.8000, -24.1280



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204.8920, 27.6880, 26.8560



201.7020, 34.3350, 33.0470



201.1300, 38.2810, 16.5930



116.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440



69.1650, 77.0130, 74.5890

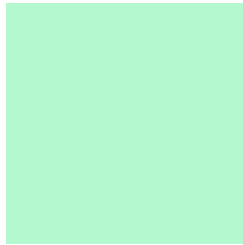


22.3430, 24.8000, 24.1280



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

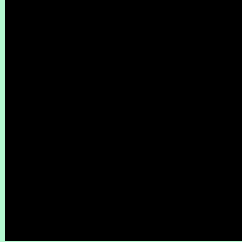
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560.



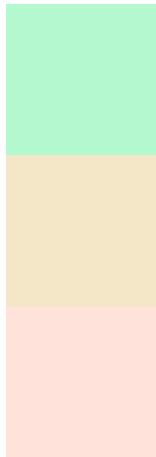
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560.

-26.8560.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560

### Protanopia

231.3530, 17.6990, -6.8850

### Deuteranopia

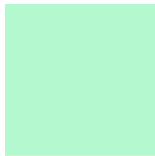
233.7590, 19.8520, 3.6600



## Tritanopia

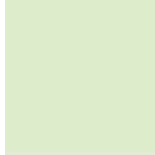
228.8640, -28.9760, -3.5040

# Trichromacy



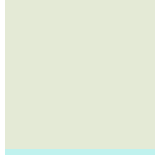
## Original Color

223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560



## Protanomaly

228.3400, 1.3780, -13.9660



## Deuteranomaly

229.9260, 2.8440, -7.4920



## Tritanomaly

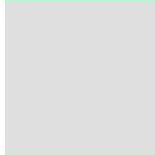
226.5940, -28.5160, -11.8440

# Monochromacy



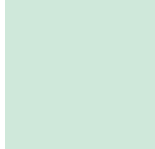
## Original Color

223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560



## Achromatopsia

223.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

222.9290, -10.4060, -9.6540

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 248, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 248, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 248, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 248, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 248, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 248, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 248, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 248, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 248, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 248,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 223.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 248, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
248, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor