

Converting Colors

YIQ(224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(224.1260, -0.5950,
-5.7390)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCE4D7
RGB	220, 228, 215
RGB Percent	86%, 89%, 84%
CMY	0.1373, 0.1058, 0.1568
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.06, 0.11
HSL	97°, 19%, 87%
HSV	97°, 6%, 89%
XYZ	69.5234, 75.6096, 75.2211
YIQ	224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

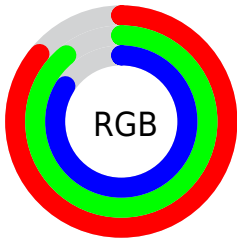
Format	Color
R _Y B	215, 228, 223
Decimal	14476503
CIE Lab	89.68, -5.00, 5.40
CIE LCh	90, 7.360, 132.805
Yxy	75.6096, 0.3155, 0.3431
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292666583 (0xFFDCE4D7)
YUV	224.1260, -4.4991, -3.6185
Hunter-Lab	86.9538, -9.4504, 9.5776

Details

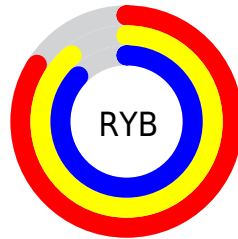
The YIQ color $224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $218.8740, 0.5950, 5.7390$, and the grayscale version is $224.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $169.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $217.3180, -1.5560, -15.8600$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $230.9340, 0.3660, 4.3820$.

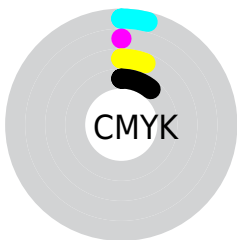
Distribution



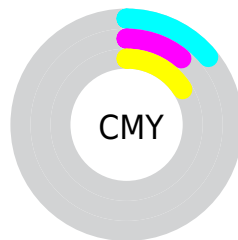
- Red (86%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 224.1260, -0.5950,
-5.7390

■ 224.1260, -0.5950,
-5.7390

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 196.1260, -0.5950,
-5.7390

■ 169.1260, -0.5950,
-5.7390

■ 142.5390, -0.3200,
-5.2160

■ 116.6530, -0.6410,
-4.9050

■ 92.6530, -0.6410,
-4.9050

■ 68.6530, -0.6410,
-4.9050

■ 46.7670, -0.9620,

-4.5940

■ 26.0660, -0.3660,
-4.3820

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 224.1260, -0.5950,
-5.7390

■ 224.1260, -0.5950,
-5.7390

■ 217.3180, -1.5560,
-15.8600

■ 230.9340, 0.3660,
4.3820

■ 210.5100, -2.5170,
-25.9810

■ 237.0580, 3.2530,
12.6370

■ 203.8160, -3.7990,
-35.7910

■ 239.1510, 7.4250,
14.1210

■ 197.0080, -4.7600,
-45.9120

■ 190.2000, -5.7210,
-56.0330

■ 183.3920, -6.6820,
-66.1540

■ 176.5840, -7.6430,
-76.2750

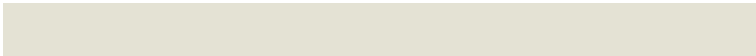
■ 169.8900, -8.9250,
-86.0850

■ 163.0820, -9.8860,
-96.2060

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225.0020, 5.6860, -3.9300



224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390



223.3040, -6.9680, -5.8800

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390



224.4810, -11.6000, 0.9760



227.2080, 11.2780, 4.8620

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390



218.8740, 0.5950, 5.7390

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



226.8100, 6.6470, 6.1910



224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390



225.6990, -6.2820, 3.7180

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390



223.7040, -13.8460, -2.3740



226.8740, 0.5950, 5.7390



226.6980, 12.6540, 1.9500

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390



223.5640, -10.6360, -5.4840



226.8740, 0.5950, 5.7390



227.1370, 10.0400, 5.2720

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390



253.5330, -0.1830, -2.1910



223.5830, 5.5480, -1.4280



127.0600, -0.2290, -1.3570



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

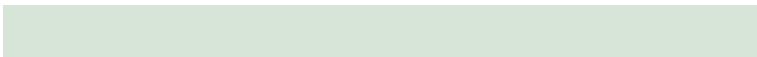
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390



249.6590, -0.7780, -7.9300



222.7450, -3.8960, -6.4880



112.1800, -0.6870, -4.0710



125.7040, -8.1010, -78.9890



35.9170, -2.1050, -22.4330

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218.8740, 0.5950, 5.7390



242.3410, 0.7780, 7.9300



220.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



108.5210, 0.0910, 3.8590



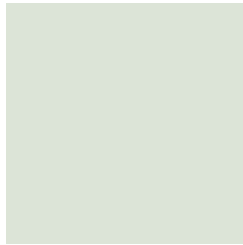
53.2960, 8.1010, 78.9890



15.0830, 2.1050, 22.4330

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

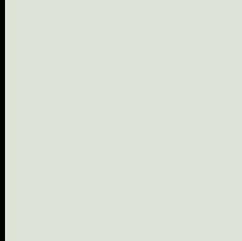
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

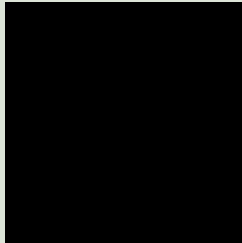
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

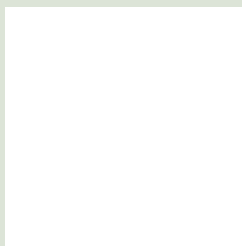
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390.



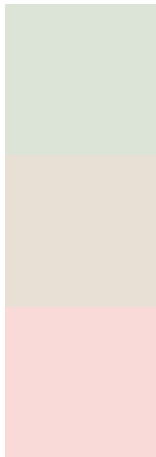
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 224.1260, -0.5950,

-5.7390.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390

Protanopia

225.1380, 8.2990, -1.7250

Deuteranopia

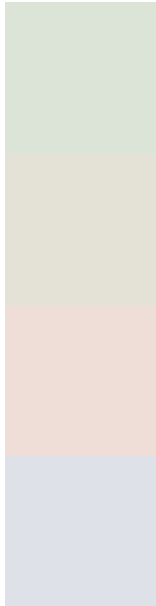
227.4540, 19.3930, 6.4730



Tritanopia

226.0520, -5.7780, 5.5980

Trichromacy



Original Color

224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390

Protanomaly

224.6430, 5.3190, -2.7850

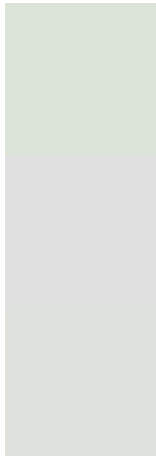
Deuteranomaly

226.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380

Tritanomaly

225.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530

Monochromacy



Original Color

224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390

Achromatopsia

224.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

223.9460, 0.0920, -1.6680

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 228, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 228, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 228, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 228, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 228, 215) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 228, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 228, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 228, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 228, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 228,  
215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 224.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 228, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
228, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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