

# Converting Colors

YIQ(224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(224.8280, 15.4040,  
7.1800)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4D8DC
RGB	244, 216, 220
RGB Percent	96%, 85%, 86%
CMY	0.0431, 0.1530, 0.1372
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.10, 0.04
HSL	351°, 56%, 90%
HSV	351°, 11%, 96%
XYZ	74.7874, 73.5100, 77.9676
YIQ	224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

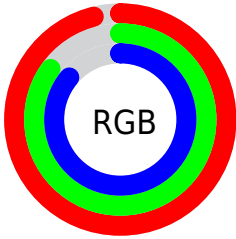
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	244, 216, 220
Decimal	16046300
CIE Lab	88.69, 10.35, 1.57
CIE LCh	89, 10.468, 8.634
Yxy	73.5100, 0.3305, 0.3249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294236380 (0xFFF4D8DC)
YUV	224.8280, -2.3802, 16.8138
Hunter-Lab	85.7380, 5.6602, 6.1001

# Details

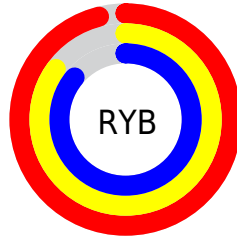
The YIQ color  $224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCCC}$ . A complement of this color would be  $235.1720, -15.4040, -7.1800$ , and the grayscale version is  $225.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $169.5290, 14.8080, 6.9680$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $208.3460, 28.7450, 13.2010$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $241.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590$ .

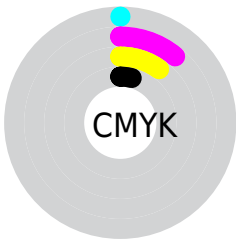
# Distribution



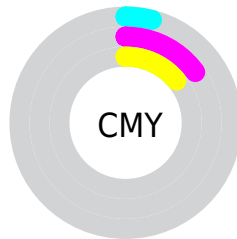
- Red (96%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



224.8280, 15.4040,  
7.1800

224.8280, 15.4040,  
7.1800

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

196.5290, 14.8080,  
6.9680

169.5290, 14.8080,  
6.9680

143.2300, 14.2120,  
6.7560

117.5180, 13.3410,  
6.0210

92.6320, 13.0200,  
6.3320

69.0340, 11.8280,  
5.9080

46.7350, 11.2320,

5.6960

■ 25.1370, 10.0400,  
5.2720

■ 3.5880, 7.1520,  
2.5440

■ 224.8280, 15.4040,  
7.1800

■ 224.8280, 15.4040,  
7.1800

■ 208.3460, 28.7450,  
13.2010

■ 241.3100, 2.0630,  
1.1590

■ 191.2770, 42.3610,  
19.7450

■ 251.7110, -6.5560,  
-2.3320

■ 174.7950, 55.7020,  
25.7660

■ 157.7260, 69.3180,  
32.3100

■ 141.3580, 82.3380,  
38.6420

■ 124.8760, 95.6790,  
44.6630

■ 107.8070,  
109.2950, 51.2070

■ 91.3250, 122.6360,  
57.2280

■ 76.9460, 134.1890,  
62.6130

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225.0600, 8.9390, 8.7070



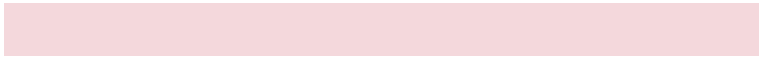
224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



224.3890, 18.0180, 3.8580

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



220.8440, 0.1390, -8.0290



221.4310, -17.3310, 0.2130

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



235.1720, -15.4040, -7.1800

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



220.1270, -19.5310, -3.9710



224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



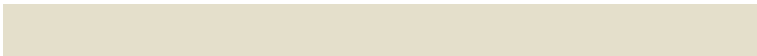
219.9400, -8.9390, -8.7070

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



222.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600



219.5740, -16.5960, -7.6040



222.4860, -9.9960, 4.9480

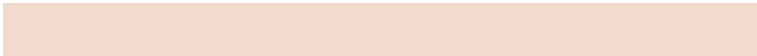


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



223.7970, 16.6890, 0.4090



219.5740, -16.5960, -7.6040



220.8930, -18.7520, -1.5680

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



249.5060, 4.4470, 2.0070



226.3680, 5.3160, 13.7960



123.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

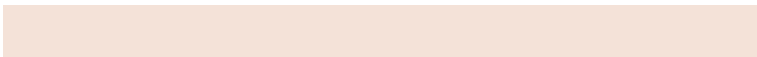
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



230.3340, 19.8510, 9.1870



230.2420, 13.9380, 0.7060



113.8160, 6.5100, 3.1660



58.6920, 102.1890, 47.8290



18.5530, 32.5960, 14.9960



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



230.3340, 19.8510, 9.1870



229.7580, -13.9380, -0.7060



113.8160, 6.5100, 3.1660



58.6920, 102.1890, 47.8290

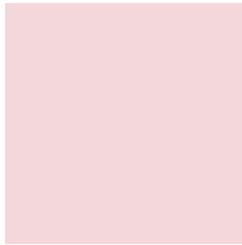


18.5530, 32.5960, 14.9960



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

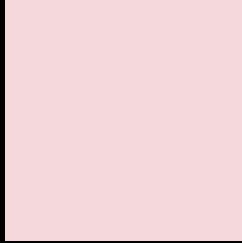
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

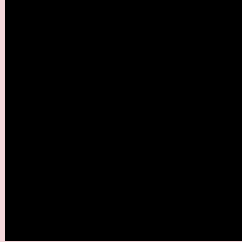
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800.



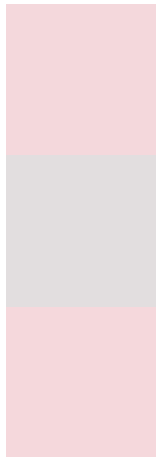
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 224.8280, 15.4040,

7.1800.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800

### Protanopia

223.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

### Deuteranopia

225.1270, 16.0000, 7.3920



## **Tritanopia**

225.5060, 13.6150, 12.0710

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800

## Protanomaly

224.1150, 7.1060, 3.3780

## Deuteranomaly

225.1270, 16.0000, 7.3920

## Tritanomaly

225.3380, 14.0280, 10.0920

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800

## Achromatopsia

225.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

225.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 216, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 216, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 216, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 216, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 216, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 216, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 216, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 216, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 216, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 216,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 224.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 216, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
216, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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