

# Converting Colors

YIQ(225.1640, 13.4370,  
-17.7550)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(225.1640, 13.4370,  
-17.7550)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E9B4
RGB	227, 233, 180
RGB Percent	89%, 91%, 71%
CMY	0.1098, 0.0862, 0.2940
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.23, 0.09
HSL	67°, 55%, 81%
HSV	67°, 23%, 91%
XYZ	69.0550, 77.9044, 54.5903
YIQ	225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

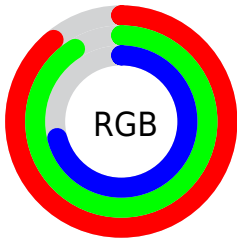
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	180, 233, 186
Decimal	14936500
CIELab	90.74, -10.58, 25.14
CIELCh	91, 27.278, 112.816
Yxy	77.9044, 0.3426, 0.3865
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293126580 (0xFFE3E9B4)
YUV	225.1640, -22.2659, 1.6102
Hunter-Lab	88.2635, -14.8073, 25.1140

# Details

The YIQ color  $225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $187.8360, -13.4370, 17.7550$ , and the grayscale version is  $225.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $252.8340, 6.0990, -5.9090$ , and  $169.5060, 12.4740, -16.8220$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $221.6450, 19.0320, -25.5440$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $228.6830, 7.8420, -9.9660$ .

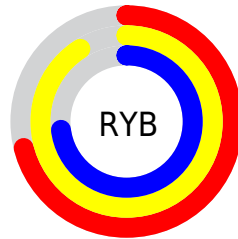
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (91%)

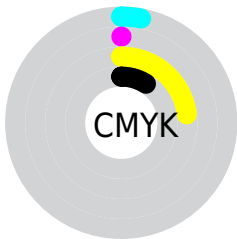
Blue (71%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (73%)

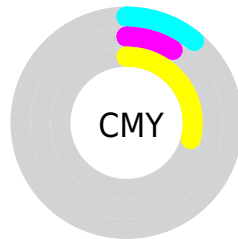


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 225.1640, 13.4370,  
-17.7550

■ 225.1640, 13.4370,  
-17.7550

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 197.2780, 13.1160,  
-17.4440

■ 252.8340, 6.0990,  
-5.9090

■ 169.5060, 12.4740,  
-16.8220

■ 143.3210, 11.5570,  
-16.7230

■ 117.4350, 11.2360,  
-16.4120

■ 92.6630, 10.5940,  
-15.7900

■ 68.8910, 9.9520,  
-15.1680

■ 45.8910, 9.9520,

-15.1680

■ 26.2590, 6.1000,  
-11.4360

■ 2.9350, -1.3750,  
-2.6150

■ 225.1640, 13.4370,  
-17.7550

■ 225.1640, 13.4370,  
-17.7550

■ 221.6450, 19.0320,  
-25.5440

■ 228.6830, 7.8420,  
-9.9660

■ 218.3110, 25.5440,  
-33.4320

■ 232.0170, 1.3300,  
-2.0780

■ 214.7920, 31.1390,  
-41.2210

■ 235.5360, -4.2650,  
5.7110

■ 211.2730, 36.7340,  
-49.0100

■ 237.0030, -4.0820,  
7.9020

■ 208.0530, 42.9250,  
-56.5870

■ 237.6010, -2.8900,  
8.3260

■ 204.4200, 48.8410,  
-64.6870

■ 238.4980, -1.1020,  
8.9620

■ 200.9010, 54.4360,  
-72.4760

■ 239.3950, 0.6860,  
9.5980

■ 198.6640, 59.2970,  
-77.9750

■ 239.9930, 1.8780,  
10.0220

■ 240.8900, 3.6660,  
10.6580

# Harmonies

## Analogous

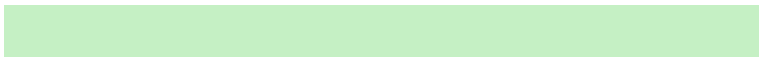
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



228.1990, 32.6920, -8.7800



225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550



222.1270, -11.5040, -22.8000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550



218.3880, -51.3030, -11.8710



226.4190, 18.4740, 17.6260

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550



187.8360, -13.4370, 17.7550

# Split Complementary

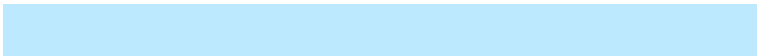
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



231.5200, 11.0000, 20.9200



225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550



222.3520, -33.2860, -2.4860

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550



217.2580, -54.0530, -17.1010



227.8330, -9.3550, 9.8530



223.9280, 26.8660, 8.7060

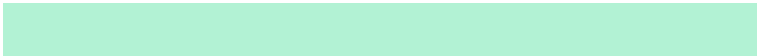


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550



219.4440, -28.5140, -22.8980



227.8330, -9.3550, 9.8530



228.6190, 15.0350, 19.3790

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550



252.3500, 4.5860, -6.0220



198.7820, 30.2130, 8.6210



126.1480, 2.3390, -3.8450



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

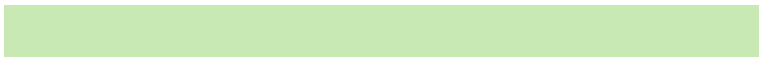
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550



244.7420, 17.3810, -23.1550



217.3900, -2.0590, -23.2670



115.4470, 2.9350, -3.6330



154.0870, 45.5850, -60.7430



45.7510, 13.1620, -18.2780



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187.8360, -13.4370, 17.7550



196.2580, -17.3810, 23.1550



195.6100, 2.0590, 23.2670



107.5530, -2.9350, 3.6330



26.9130, -45.5850, 60.7430

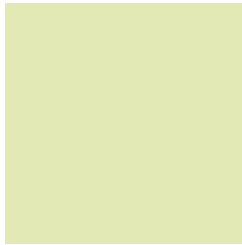


7.9500, -13.7580, 18.0660



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

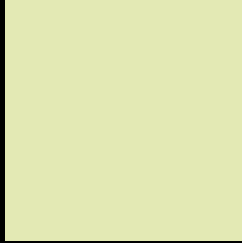
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

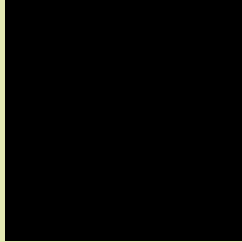
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550.



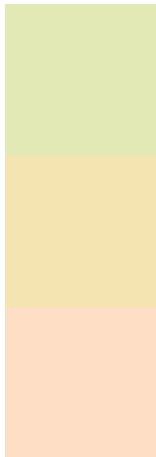
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550.

-17.7550.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550

### Protanopia

226.7850, 24.9900, -12.3700

### Deuteranopia

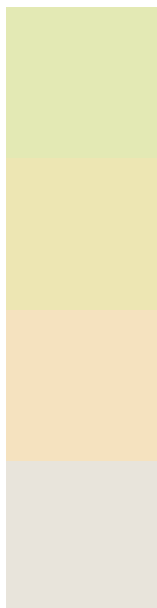
229.1310, 27.3720, -0.4680



## Tritanopia

229.9280, 0.5030, 7.4070

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550

## Protanomaly

226.2790, 20.5430, -14.3770

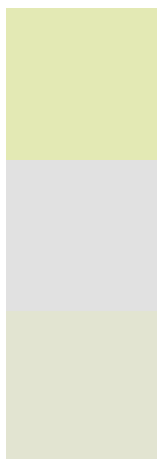
## Deuteranomaly

227.6910, 22.5590, -6.8570

## Tritanomaly

228.1700, 5.2730, -1.9510

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550

## Achromatopsia

225.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

225.2360, 4.9070, -6.3330

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 233, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 233, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 233, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 233, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 233, 180) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 233, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 233, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 233, 180); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 233, 180); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 233, 180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 225.1640, 13.4370, -17.7550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 233, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
233, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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