

# Converting Colors

YIQ(225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(225.3840, -9.9490,  
-1.4130)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7E5EA
RGB	215, 229, 234
RGB Percent	84%, 90%, 92%
CMY	0.1569, 0.1019, 0.0824
CMYK	0.08, 0.02, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	196°, 31%, 88%
HSV	196°, 8%, 92%
XYZ	70.8927, 76.4277, 88.8491
YIQ	225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

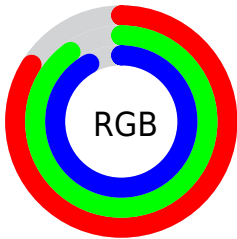
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	215, 223, 234
Decimal	14149098
CIE Lab	90.06, -3.70, -4.04
CIE LCh	90, 5.475, 227.487
Yxy	76.4277, 0.3002, 0.3236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292339178 (0xFFD7E5EA)
YUV	225.3840, 4.2477, -9.1068
Hunter-Lab	87.4229, -8.2415, 0.9388

# Details

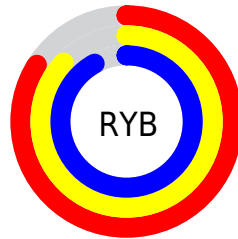
The YIQ color  $225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $223.6160, 9.9490, 1.4130$ , and the grayscale version is  $225.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $170.2700, -9.6280, -1.7240$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $214.9850, -22.0070, -3.1510$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $235.7830, 2.1090, 0.3250$ .

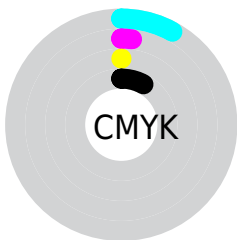
# Distribution



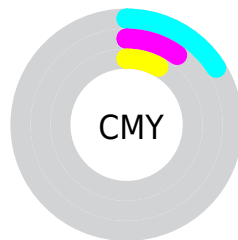
- Red (84%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 225.3840, -9.9490,  
-1.4130

■ 225.3840, -9.9490,  
-1.4130

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 197.3840, -9.9490,  
-1.4130

■ 170.2700, -9.6280,  
-1.7240

■ 143.6830, -9.3530,  
-1.2010

■ 117.9820, -8.7570,  
-0.9890

■ 92.9820, -8.7570,  
-0.9890

■ 69.8680, -8.4360,  
-1.3000

■ 47.1670, -7.8400,

-1.0880

■ 26.1670, -7.8400,  
-1.0880

■ 1.7270, -3.4850,  
2.5870

■ 225.3840, -9.9490,  
-1.4130

■ 225.3840, -9.9490,  
-1.4130

■ 214.9850,  
-22.0070, -3.1510

■ 235.7830, 2.1090,  
0.3250

■ 204.2870,  
-34.6610, -5.1010

■ 244.3880, 10.5910,  
0.7910

■ 193.8880,  
-46.7190, -6.8390

■ 247.9100, 8.9410,  
-2.3470

■ 182.6030,  
-59.0980, -8.2660

■ 252.0190, 7.0160,  
-6.0080

■ 172.2040,  
-71.1560, -10.0040

■ 252.6060, 6.7410,  
-6.5310

■ 161.8050,  
-83.2140, -11.7420

■ 151.1070,  
-95.8680, -13.6920

■ 140.7080,  
-107.9260, -15.4300

■ 130.0100,  
-120.5800, -17.3800

# Harmonies

## Analogous

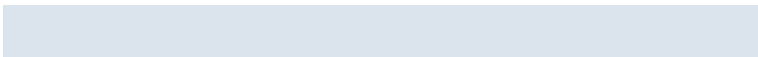
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225.1020, -9.2150, -3.7030



225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130



226.3350, -8.2530, 0.8910

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130



227.5710, 5.8220, 4.6220



226.1590, 3.8060, -2.8980

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



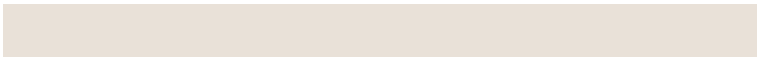
225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130



223.6160, 9.9490, 1.4130

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



226.3660, 7.6570, -1.1030



225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130



227.5990, 8.6190, 3.4910

# Square

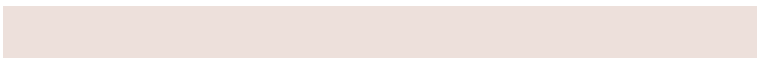
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



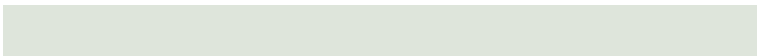
225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130



227.2330, 0.9620, 4.5940



227.3170, 9.3530, 1.2010



225.7670, -0.9620, -4.5940



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130



226.3570, -5.3190, 2.7850



227.3170, 9.3530, 1.2010



226.6430, 5.3190, -2.7850

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130



252.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370



226.7230, -6.8300, -8.3820



126.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

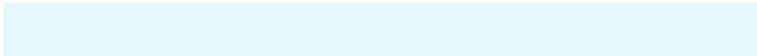


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130



243.4160, -12.9750, -1.6390



220.1010, -7.4740, 3.2940



111.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630



99.2920, -94.9510, -13.7910



29.6360, -28.3340, -4.1260



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



222.2770, 6.8300, 8.3820



239.5270, 9.1220, 10.8980



228.8990, 7.4740, -3.2940



110.2010, 3.9880, 4.8200



69.3950, 64.8620, 80.0460

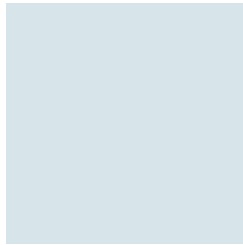


20.7060, 19.3440, 23.8880



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

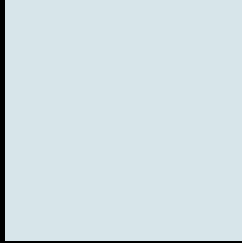
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

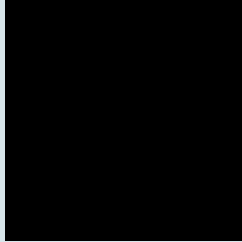
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

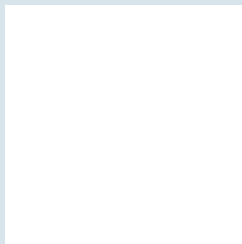
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130.



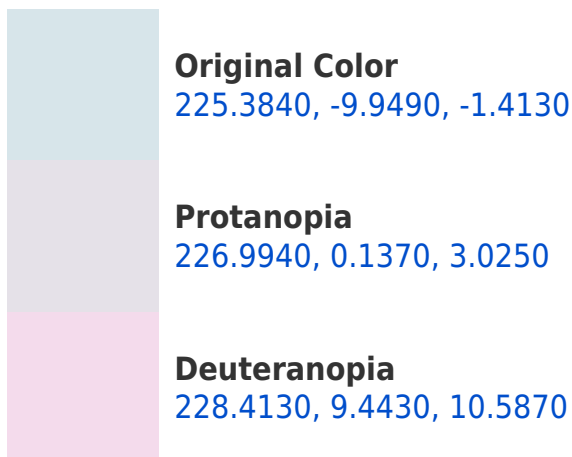
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 225.3840, -9.9490,

-1.4130.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

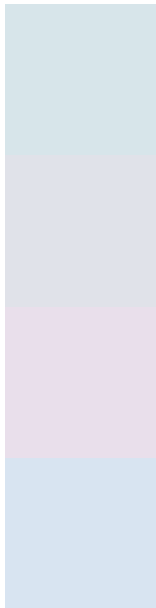




## Tritanopia

226.0620, -11.7380, 3.4780

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130

## Protanomaly

226.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530

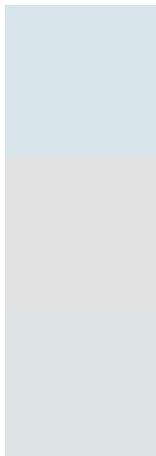
## Deuteranomaly

227.3580, 2.1080, 5.8520

## Tritanomaly

225.8940, -11.3250, 1.4990

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130

## Achromatopsia

225.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

224.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 229, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 229, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 229, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 229, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 229, 234) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 229, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 229, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 229, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 229, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 229,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 225.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 229, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
229, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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