

Converting Colors

YIQ(226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(226.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5E1E2
RGB	229, 225, 226
RGB Percent	90%, 88%, 89%
CMY	0.1019, 0.1176, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.01, 0.10
HSL	345°, 7%, 89%
HSV	345°, 2%, 90%
XYZ	72.9664, 75.9990, 82.7764
YIQ	226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

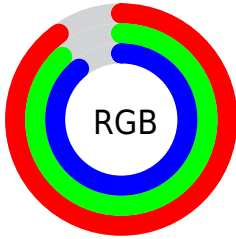
Format	Color
R _{YB}	229, 225, 226
Decimal	15065570
CIE Lab	89.86, 1.54, -0.02
CIE LCh	90, 1.535, 359.277
Yxy	75.9990, 0.3149, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293255650 (0xFFE5E1E2)
YUV	226.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591
Hunter-Lab	87.1774, -3.1583, 4.7274

Details

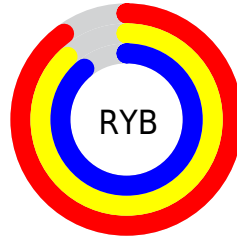
The YIQ color **226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **227.6900, -2.0630, -1.1590**, and the grayscale version is **226.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**, and **171.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **210.8710, 13.8450, 7.9010**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **241.7490, -9.7190, -5.5830**.

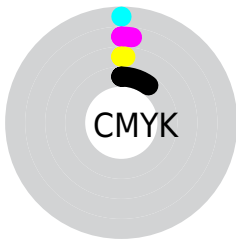
Distribution



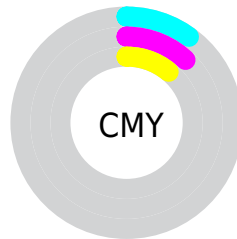
- Red (90%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 226.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

■ 226.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 198.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

■ 171.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

■ 144.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

■ 119.0110, 1.4670,
0.9470

■ 94.0110, 1.4670,
0.9470

■ 70.8970, 1.7880,
0.6360

■ 48.0110, 1.4670,

0.9470

■ 27.5980, 1.1920,
0.4240

■ 0.5980, 1.1920,
0.4240

■ 226.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

■ 226.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

■ 210.8710, 13.8450,
7.9010

■ 241.7490, -9.7190,
-5.5830

■ 195.4320, 25.6270,
14.6430

■ 247.2260,
-15.4960, -5.5120

■ 179.8790, 37.7300,
21.0740

■ 164.4400, 49.5120,
27.8160

■ 149.5880, 61.0190,
34.0350

■ 134.1490, 72.8010,
40.7770

■ 118.7100, 84.5830,
47.5190

■ 103.2710, 96.3650,
54.2610

■ 87.7180, 108.4680,
60.6920

Harmonies

Analogous

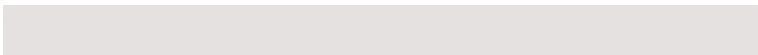
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



226.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580



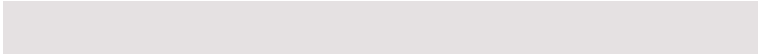
226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



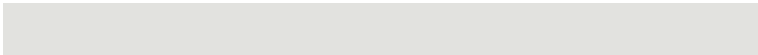
226.1960, 2.3840, 0.8480

Triad

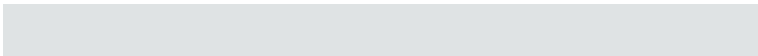
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



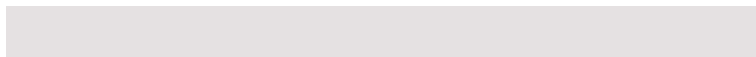
225.6580, 0.9630, -0.9330



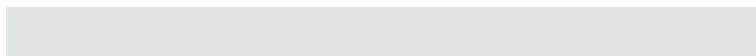
225.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



227.6900, -2.0630, -1.1590

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



225.8040, -2.3840, -0.8480



226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



225.7610, -0.8250, -1.5690

Square

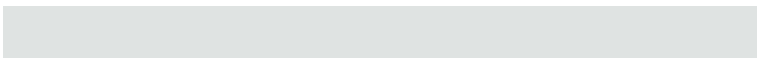
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



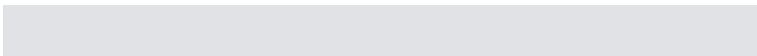
226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



225.9570, 1.5590, -0.7210



225.6900, -2.0630, -1.1590



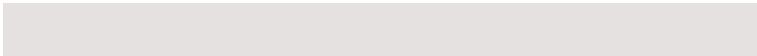
226.0430, -1.5590, 0.7210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



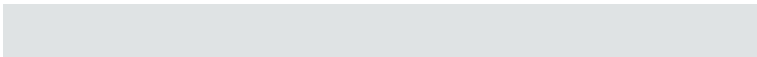
226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



226.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370



225.6900, -2.0630, -1.1590



225.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



253.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470



226.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800



126.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



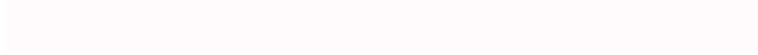
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



251.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710



226.7830, 2.1090, 0.3250



113.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470



58.6510, 92.2390, 51.9430



16.7310, 26.2230, 14.8550

Inverse Universe

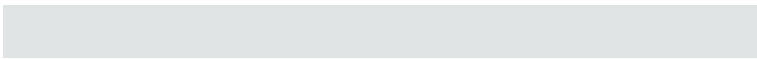
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



251.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710



227.2170, -2.1090, -0.3250



113.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470



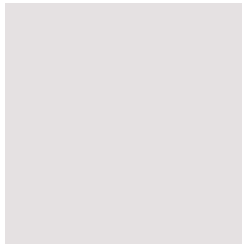
58.6510, 92.2390, 51.9430



16.7310, 26.2230, 14.8550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

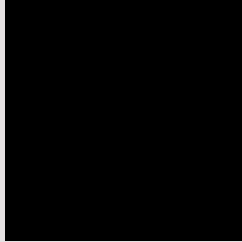
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

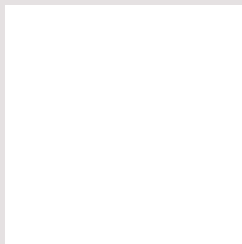
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590.



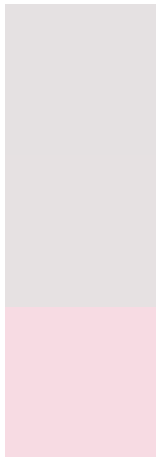
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 226.3100, 2.0630,

1.1590.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

Protanopia

226.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710

Deuteranopia

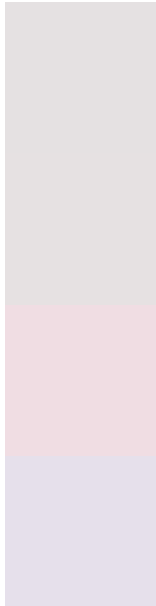
228.2840, 14.1200, 8.4240



Tritanopia

227.3300, -0.6890, 6.9830

Trichromacy



Original Color

226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

Protanomaly

226.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710

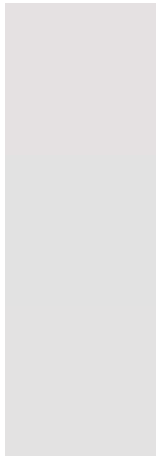
Deuteranomaly

227.3650, 9.3980, 5.8940

Tritanomaly

227.0480, 0.0450, 4.6930

Monochromacy



Original Color

226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

Achromatopsia

226.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

226.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 225, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 225, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 225, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 225, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 225, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 225, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 225, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 225, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 225, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 225,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 226.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 225, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
225, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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