

# Converting Colors

YIQ(227.9890, -27.8300,  
-2.2460)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(227.9890, -27.8300,  
-2.2460)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8EDFF
RGB	200, 237, 255
RGB Percent	78%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.2158, 0.0705, 0.0001
CMYK	0.22, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	200°, 100%, 89%
HSV	200°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	72.1478, 80.0720, 106.2338
YIQ	227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

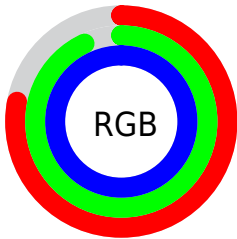
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	200, 222, 255
Decimal	13168127
CIE Lab	91.72, -8.19, -12.65
CIE LCh	92, 15.068, 237.060
Yxy	80.0720, 0.2792, 0.3098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291358207 (0xFFC8EDFF)
YUV	227.9890, 13.3164, -24.5464
Hunter-Lab	89.4830, -12.6753, -7.7508

# Details

The YIQ color **227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **227.0110, 27.8300, 2.2460**, and the grayscale version is **228.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**, and **172.1740, -26.9130, -2.3450** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **215.5190, -41.1260, -3.5740**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **240.1600, -15.1300, -1.1300**.

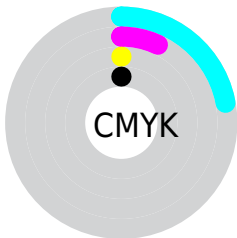
# Distribution



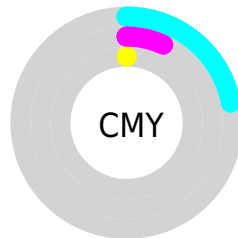
- Red (78%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 227.9890,  
-27.8300, -2.2460

■ 227.9890,  
-27.8300, -2.2460

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 199.8750,  
-27.5090, -2.5570

■ 172.1740,  
-26.9130, -2.3450

■ 145.4730,  
-26.3170, -2.1330

■ 119.3590,  
-25.9960, -2.4440

■ 94.3590, -25.9960,  
-2.4440

■ 70.2450, -25.6750,  
-2.7550

■ 46.2340, -27.1420,

-3.7020

■ 26.0170, -25.0330,  
-3.3770

■ 10.7090, -12.2420,  
1.5980

■ 227.9890,  
-27.8300, -2.2460

■ 227.9890,  
-27.8300, -2.2460

■ 215.5190,  
-41.1260, -3.5740

■ 240.1600,  
-15.1300, -1.1300

■ 202.7610,  
-53.5510, -4.1670

■ 253.2170, -2.1090,  
-0.3250

■ 190.2910,  
-66.8470, -5.4950

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 178.1200,  
-79.5470, -6.6110

■ 165.0630,  
-92.5680, -7.4160

■ 152.8920,  
-105.2680, -8.5320

■ 140.7210,  
-117.9680, -9.6480

■ 130.0340,  
-129.1550, -10.6510

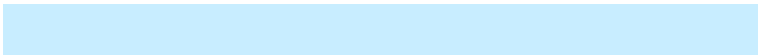
# Harmonies

## Analogous

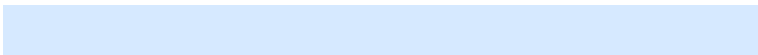
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



226.4140, -27.8290, -7.7730



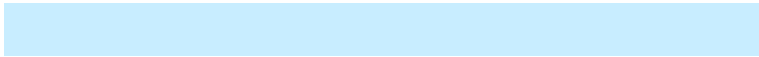
227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460



229.8270, -18.3860, 2.8140

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460



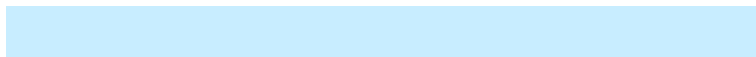
233.1210, 16.1370, 10.4170



229.1990, 6.3290, -10.0790

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



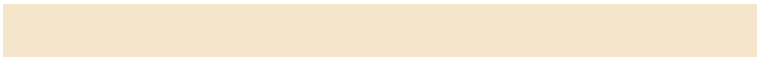
227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460



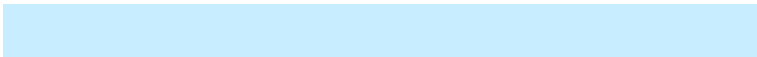
227.0110, 27.8300, 2.2460

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



231.4070, 17.6070, -5.2170



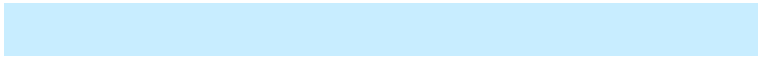
227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460



231.5250, 20.6310, 6.0630

# Square

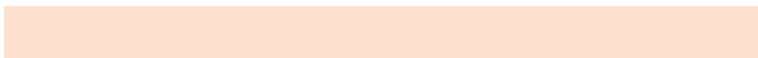
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



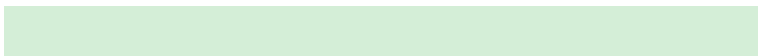
227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460



234.0970, 7.5170, 12.4530



231.9180, 23.6580, 0.7620

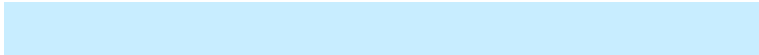


227.6040, -8.1130, -12.6650



# Rectangle

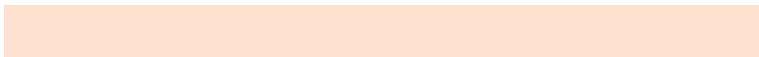
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460



231.6540, -10.4090, 6.9270



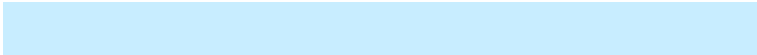
231.9180, 23.6580, 0.7620



229.9930, 9.9050, -8.8070

# Sweetspot

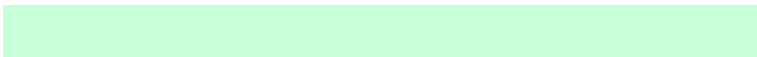
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460



247.5800, -7.5650, -0.5650



234.2230, -20.5820, -23.4780



123.5480, -4.5390, -0.3390



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

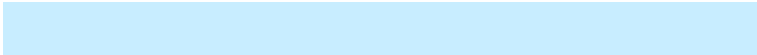


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

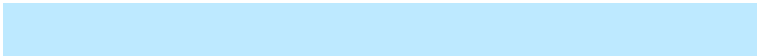


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460



222.3520, -33.2860, -2.4860



212.1400, -20.4050, 11.8750



121.1780, -6.3730, -0.1410



97.4970, -96.7860, -8.0660



32.5370, -32.3690, -2.5850



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



220.6630, 20.9030, 23.1670



213.7500, 25.2120, 27.6760



242.8600, 20.4050, -11.8750



119.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440



71.8150, 72.4270, 80.6110

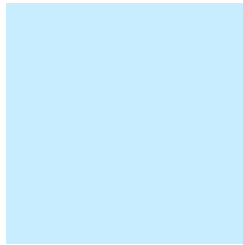


24.0380, 24.3410, 26.9410



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

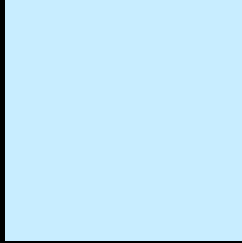
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

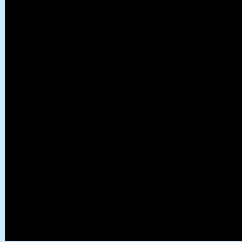
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460.



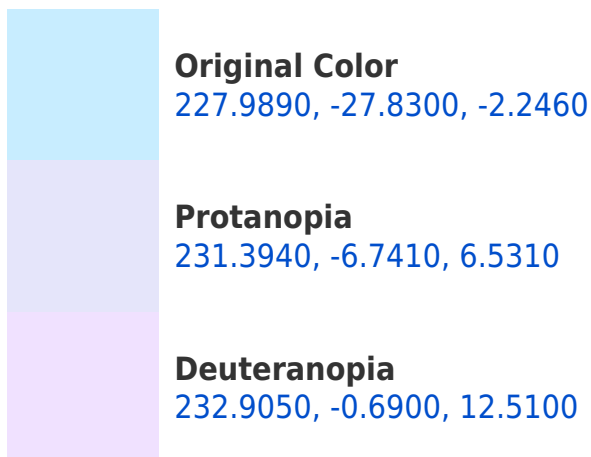
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460.

-2.2460.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

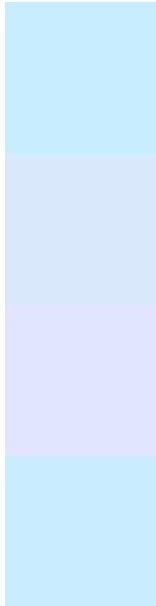




## Tritanopia

228.2880, -27.2340, -2.0340

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460

## Protanomaly

230.0940, -14.7640, 3.2520

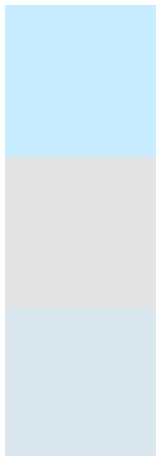
## Deuteranomaly

230.7680, -10.7300, 7.2380

## Tritanomaly

228.2880, -27.2340, -2.0340

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460

## Achromatopsia

228.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

227.9110, -9.9950, -0.5790

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 237, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 237, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 237, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 237, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 237, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 237, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 237, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 237, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 237, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 237,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 227.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 237, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
237, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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