

# Converting Colors

YIQ(230.0730, -28.6070,  
-15.7030)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(230.0730, -28.6070,  
-15.7030)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1F8EB
RGB	193, 248, 235
RGB Percent	76%, 97%, 92%
CMY	0.2433, 0.0273, 0.0785
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.05, 0.03
HSL	166°, 80%, 86%
HSV	166°, 22%, 97%
XYZ	70.5494, 84.4784, 91.1649
YIQ	230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

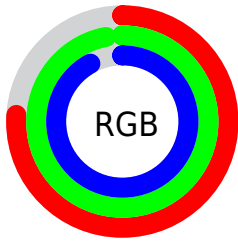
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	193, 224, 248
Decimal	12712171
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	93.66, -19.95, 0.56
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	94, 19.960, 178.387
Yxy	84.4784, 0.2866, 0.3431
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290902251 (0xFFC1F8EB)
YUV	230.0730, 2.4290, -32.5130
Hunter-Lab	91.9122, -23.8343, 5.5305

# Details

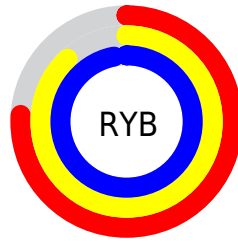
The YIQ color **230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **210.9270, 28.6070, 15.7030**, and the grayscale version is **230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **253.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600**, and **173.7850, -27.7360, -14.9680** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **221.9140, -41.5810, -22.8690**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **238.2320, -15.6330, -8.5370**.

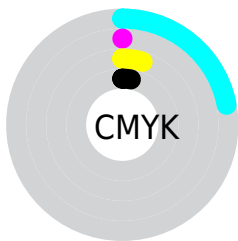
# Distribution



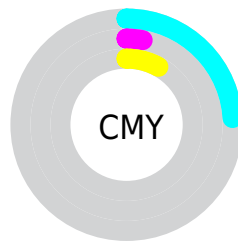
- Red (76%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 230.0730,  
-28.6070, -15.7030

■ 230.0730,  
-28.6070, -15.7030

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 201.4860,  
-28.3320, -15.1800

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,  
-1.0600

■ 174.3720,  
-28.0110, -15.4910

■ 147.1980,  
-27.4610, -14.4450

■ 121.1980,  
-27.4610, -14.4450

■ 95.6110, -27.1860,  
-13.9220

■ 71.3120, -27.7820,  
-14.1340

■ 45.9310, -31.0830,

-14.8830

■ 28.5300, -22.4640,  
-11.3920

■ 14.1680, -9.5810,  
-8.0850

■ 230.0730,  
-28.6070, -15.7030

■ 230.0730,  
-28.6070, -15.7030

■ 221.9140,  
-41.5810, -22.8690

■ 238.2320,  
-15.6330, -8.5370

■ 213.7550,  
-54.5550, -30.0350

■ 246.3910, -2.6590,  
-1.3710

■ 205.8950,  
-66.9330, -36.9890

■ 250.6630, 2.5670,  
3.0390

■ 197.7360,  
-79.9070, -44.1550

■ 250.8910, 1.9250,  
3.6610

■ 189.6910,  
-93.2020, -51.0100

■ 181.5320,  
-106.1760, -58.1760

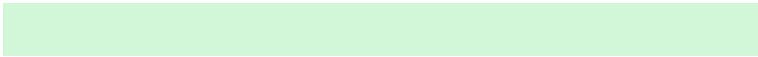
■ 173.3730,  
-119.1500, -65.3420

■ 167.1220,  
-128.8690, -70.9250

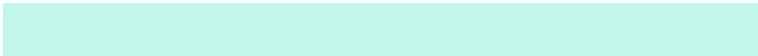
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



231.8160, -11.8260, -16.9620



230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030



230.1460, -38.8780, -11.2780

# Triad

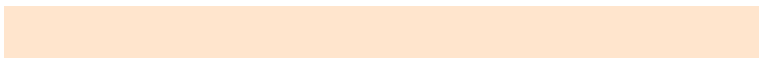
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030



236.7150, -3.2110, 8.6370



234.0380, 23.2000, -1.9520

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



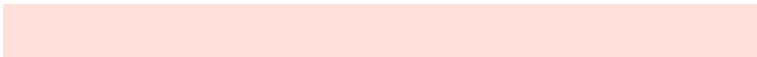
230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030



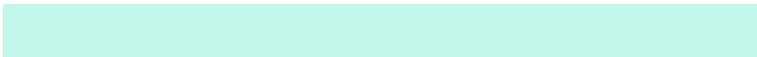
210.9270, 28.6070, 15.7030

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



233.2860, 19.8060, 4.4940



230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030



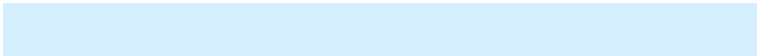
238.5640, 7.7000, 14.6440

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030



233.3490, -20.0360, -0.3240



234.9790, 13.6610, 11.2370

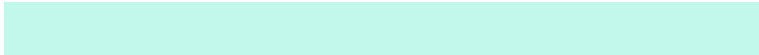


236.2780, 22.2840, -7.3800



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



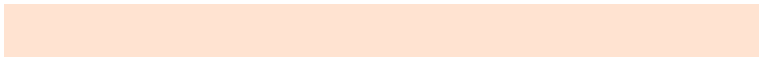
230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030



230.2820, -36.2650, -9.0730



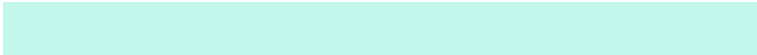
234.9790, 13.6610, 11.2370



233.3200, 22.4660, 0.3380

# Sweetspot

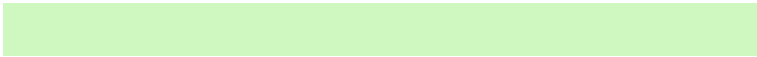
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030



249.1620, -9.4440, -5.0600



229.4710, -6.7810, -25.7970



124.3690, -5.5930, -3.2650



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

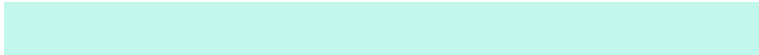


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

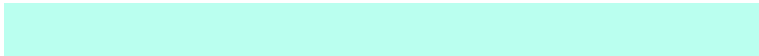


# Same Dimension

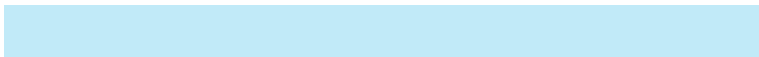
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030



232.5450, -35.9880, -19.6040



223.3370, -28.9300, -4.3380



120.7710, -6.7850, -3.6890



127.3590, -98.1990, -54.0630



41.1650, -31.8620, -17.2860



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210.9270, 28.6070, 15.7030



208.4550, 35.9880, 19.6040



217.6630, 28.9300, 4.3380



116.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890



61.6410, 98.1990, 54.0630

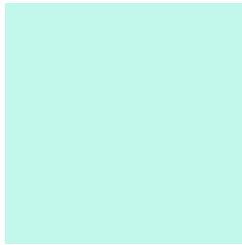


19.9490, 31.5410, 17.5970



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

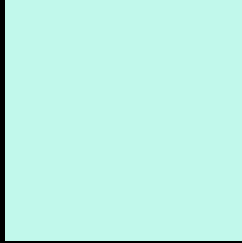
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

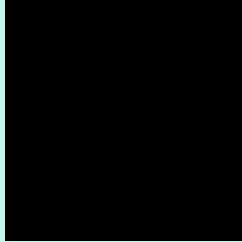
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

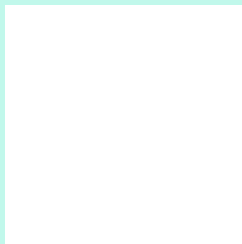
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030.



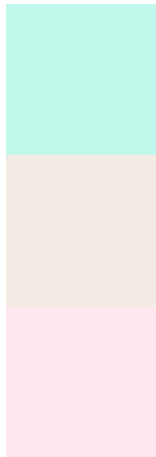
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030.

-15.7030.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030

### Protanopia

236.2950, 6.4190, -0.6930

### Deuteranopia

238.5010, 12.0110, 8.0990



## Tritanopia

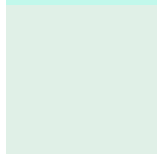
233.6260, -22.3740, -2.0060

# Trichromacy



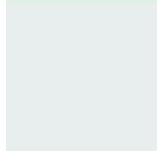
## Original Color

230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030



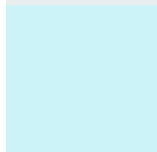
## Protanomaly

234.1900, -6.6470, -6.1910



## Deuteranomaly

235.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490



## Tritanomaly

232.4960, -25.1240, -7.2360

# Monochromacy



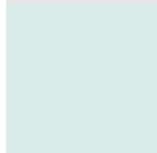
## Original Color

230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030



## Achromatopsia

230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

230.4500, -10.3150, -5.7950

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 248, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 248, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 248, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 248, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 248, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 248, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 248, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 248, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 248, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 248,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 230.0730, -28.6070, -15.7030 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 248, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
248, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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