

Converting Colors

YIQ(230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(230.4370, 8.8950,
-1.5130)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EEE5DA
RGB	238, 229, 218
RGB Percent	93%, 90%, 85%
CMY	0.0666, 0.1020, 0.1450
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.08, 0.07
HSL	33°, 37%, 89%
HSV	33°, 8%, 93%
XYZ	75.9358, 79.2768, 77.6371
YIQ	230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

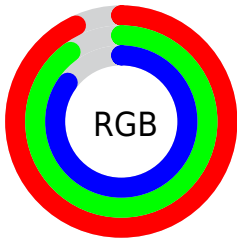
Format	Color
RYB	234, 238, 218
Decimal	15656410
CIELab	91.36, 1.20, 6.43
CIELCh	91, 6.537, 79.462
Yxy	79.2768, 0.3261, 0.3405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293846490 (0xFFEEE5DA)
YUV	230.4370, -6.1314, 6.6328
Hunter-Lab	89.0375, -3.5818, 10.6279

Details

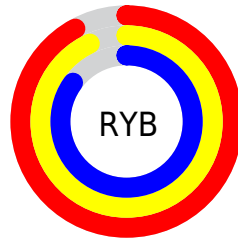
The YIQ color $230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $225.5630, -8.8950, 1.5130$, and the grayscale version is $230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $175.1380, 8.2990, -1.7250$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $221.2440, 19.6240, -3.2240$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $239.6300, -1.8340, 0.1980$.

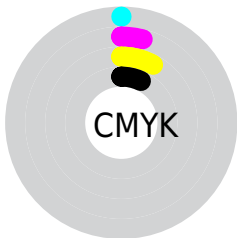
Distribution



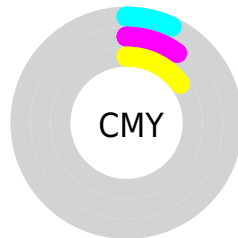
- Red (93%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 230.4370, 8.8950,
-1.5130

■ 230.4370, 8.8950,
-1.5130

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 202.4370, 8.8950,
-1.5130

■ 175.1380, 8.2990,
-1.7250

■ 148.2520, 7.9780,
-1.4140

■ 122.3660, 7.6570,
-1.1030

■ 97.9530, 7.3820,
-1.6260

■ 74.0670, 7.0610,
-1.3150

■ 51.1810, 6.7400,

-1.0040

■ 29.9960, 5.8230,
-0.9050

■ 5.6370, 5.4560,
0.2400

■ 230.4370, 8.8950,
-1.5130

■ 230.4370, 8.8950,
-1.5130

■ 221.2440, 19.6240,
-3.2240

■ 239.6300, -1.8340,
0.1980

■ 212.6380, 30.0780,
-5.4580

■ 246.9820, -8.7570,
-0.9890

■ 203.5590, 40.4860,
-6.8580

■ 249.9170,
-10.1320, -3.6040

■ 194.3660, 51.2150,
-8.5690

■ 185.1730, 61.9440,
-10.2800

■ 176.5670, 72.3980,
-12.5140

■ 167.3740, 83.1270,
-14.2250

■ 158.2950, 93.5350,
-15.6250

■ 149.6890,
103.9890, -17.8590

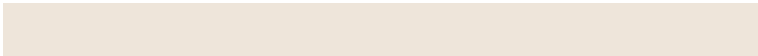
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



231.1000, 11.4620, 1.5260



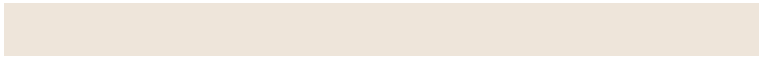
230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130



229.5180, 4.1730, -4.0430

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130



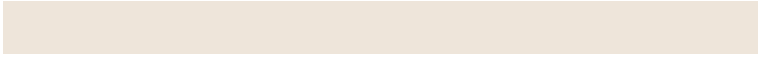
228.3190, -11.3240, -4.0280



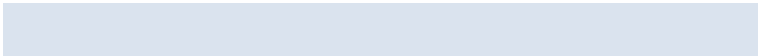
230.9450, 1.8330, 5.3290

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130



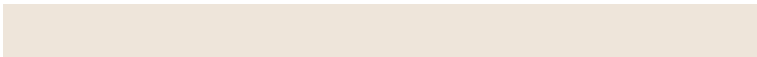
225.5630, -8.8950, 1.5130

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



230.4820, -4.1730, 4.0430



230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130



228.9000, -11.4620, -1.5260

Square

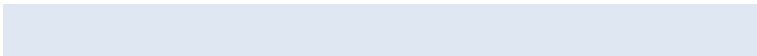
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130



228.5320, -7.6100, -5.2580



229.5630, -8.8950, 1.5130



231.5820, 7.2890, 5.5690

Rectangle

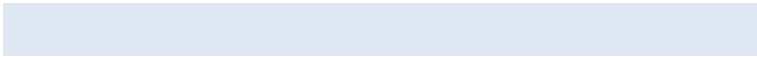
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130



228.8380, 0.2760, -5.0040



229.5630, -8.8950, 1.5130



231.1620, -0.2760, 5.0040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130



252.3270, 3.3930, -0.9190



225.0060, 9.0310, 7.0390



125.5550, 2.7510, -0.2970



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



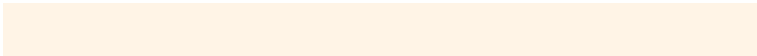
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130



245.6930, 11.0500, -2.0220



235.4210, 5.8240, -6.4320



115.1100, 5.5020, -0.5940



114.3030, 81.8890, -13.8150



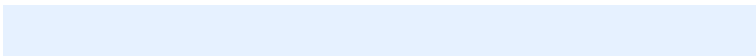
34.9410, 24.8510, -4.3410

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



225.5630, -8.8950, 1.5130



239.3070, -11.0500, 2.0220



220.5790, -5.8240, 6.4320



112.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170



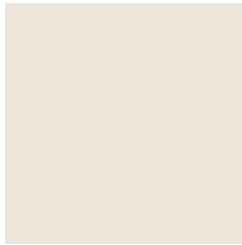
69.6970, -81.8890, 13.8150



21.0590, -24.8510, 4.3410

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

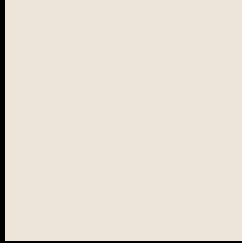
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

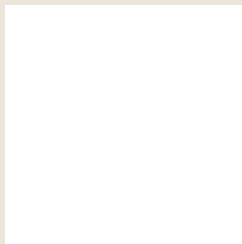
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130.



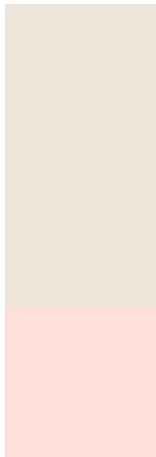
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 230.4370, 8.8950,

-1.5130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130

Protanopia

230.1380, 8.2990, -1.7250

Deuteranopia

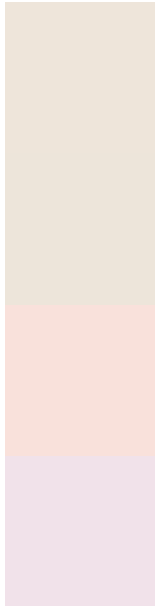
232.2260, 20.0350, 5.8510



Tritanopia

232.1350, 4.3540, 9.2020

Trichromacy



Original Color

230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130

Protanomaly

230.1380, 8.2990, -1.7250

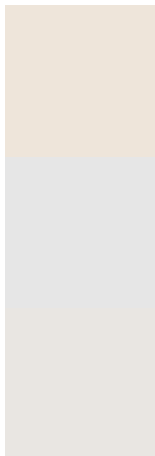
Deuteranomaly

231.4920, 16.2300, 3.2220

Tritanomaly

231.3970, 6.3720, 5.6680

Monochromacy



Original Color

230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130

Achromatopsia

230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

230.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 229, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 229, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 229, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 229, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 229, 218) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 229, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 229, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 229, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 229, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 229,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 230.4370, 8.8950, -1.5130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 229, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
229, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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