

# Converting Colors

YIQ(231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(231.6060, 6.7410,  
-6.5310)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAEAD5
RGB	234, 234, 213
RGB Percent	92%, 92%, 84%
CMY	0.0824, 0.0823, 0.1647
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.08
HSL	60°, 33%, 88%
HSV	60°, 9%, 92%
XYZ	75.3650, 81.1421, 74.6479
YIQ	231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

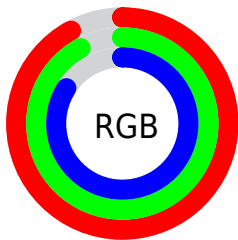
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	213, 234, 213
Decimal	15395541
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	92.19, -3.57, 10.19
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	92, 10.798, 109.313
Yxy	81.1421, 0.3260, 0.3510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293585621 (0xFFEAEAD5)
YUV	231.6060, -9.1728, 2.0995
Hunter-Lab	90.0789, -8.2951, 13.9219

# Details

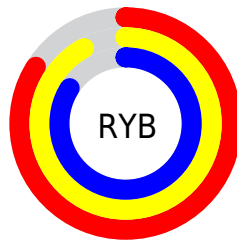
The YIQ color **231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **215.3940, -6.7410, 6.5310**, and the grayscale version is **232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**, and **175.7200, 6.4200, -6.2200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **228.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **234.2280, -0.6420, 0.6220**.

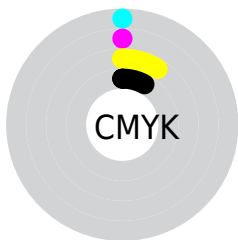
# Distribution



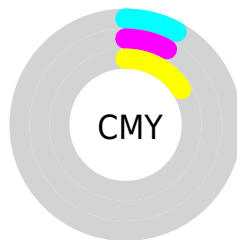
- Red (92%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 231.6060, 6.7410,  
-6.5310

■ 231.6060, 6.7410,  
-6.5310

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 203.6060, 6.7410,  
-6.5310

■ 175.7200, 6.4200,  
-6.2200

■ 149.4210, 5.8240,  
-6.4320

■ 123.8340, 6.0990,  
-5.9090

■ 98.6490, 5.1820,  
-5.8100

■ 74.7630, 4.8610,  
-5.4990

■ 52.1760, 5.1360,

-4.9760

■ 30.8770, 4.5400,  
-5.1880

■ 6.7670, -0.9620,  
-4.5940

■ 231.6060, 6.7410,  
-6.5310

■ 231.6060, 6.7410,  
-6.5310

■ 228.9840, 14.1240,  
-13.6840

■ 234.2280, -0.6420,  
0.6220

■ 226.2480, 21.8280,  
-21.1480

■ 236.3940, -6.7410,  
6.5310

■ 223.6260, 29.2110,  
-28.3010

■ 220.8900, 36.9150,  
-35.7650

■ 218.2680, 44.2980,  
-42.9180

■ 215.6460, 51.6810,  
-50.0710

■ 212.9100, 59.3850,  
-57.5350

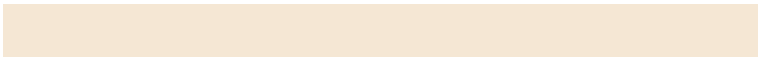
■ 210.2880, 66.7680,  
-64.6880

■ 207.5520, 74.4720,  
-72.1520

# Harmonies

## Analogous

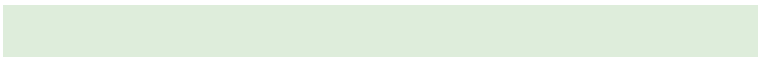
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233.0200, 14.4430, -2.9410



231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310



230.4630, -3.1620, -8.7780

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310



229.8820, -20.2190, -2.5150



235.0280, 11.9650, 8.9330

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310



215.3940, -6.7410, 6.5310

# Split Complementary

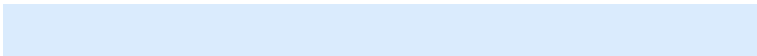
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



234.5370, 3.1620, 8.7780



231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310



231.9690, -15.9100, 1.9940

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



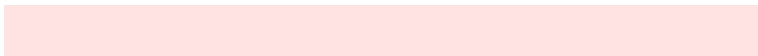
231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310



229.4320, -19.0720, -6.7840



233.0950, -7.3370, 6.3190



234.6710, 17.2840, 6.1480



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310



229.6410, -9.5350, -8.9190



233.0950, -7.3370, 6.3190



234.4730, 9.2140, 9.2300

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310



254.0880, 2.5680, -2.4880



219.2790, 12.5160, 4.4520



127.0170, 1.3300, -2.0780



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

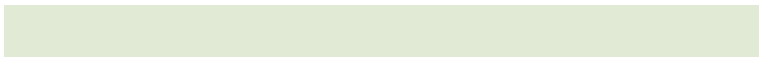
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310



251.8080, 8.9880, -8.7080



228.6160, 0.7810, -8.6510



115.7460, 3.5310, -3.4210



160.3660, 58.1010, -56.2910



47.8440, 17.3340, -16.7940



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215.3940, -6.7410, 6.5310



230.1920, -8.9880, 8.7080



218.6830, -0.1850, 8.8630



107.2540, -3.5310, 3.4210



20.6340, -58.1010, 56.2910

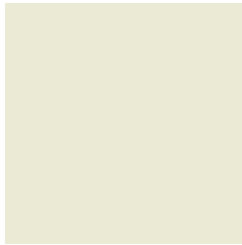


6.1560, -17.3340, 16.7940



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

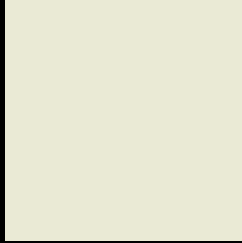
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

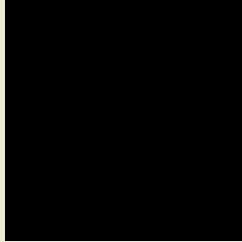
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

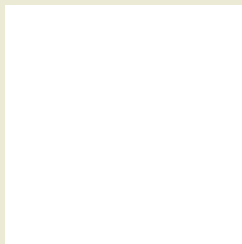
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310.

-6.5310.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310

### Protanopia

232.4110, 11.7840, -4.3120

### Deuteranopia

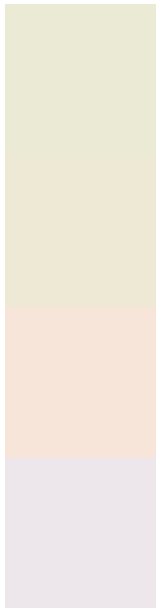
233.8730, 19.5310, 3.9710



## Tritanopia

234.0420, 0.1820, 7.7180

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310

## Protanomaly

232.1010, 9.7210, -5.4710

## Deuteranomaly

233.0140, 14.5800, 0.0840

## Tritanomaly

233.2500, 2.2920, 2.5160

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310

## Achromatopsia

232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

232.0880, 2.5680, -2.4880

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 234, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 234, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 234, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 234, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 234, 213) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 234, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 234, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 234, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 234, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 234,  
213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 231.6060, 6.7410, -6.5310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 234, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
234, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor