

Converting Colors

YIQ(231.7180, 25.9560,
-29.8840)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(231.7180, 25.9560,
-29.8840)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | EEF498 |
| RGB | 238, 244, 152 |
| RGB Percent | 93%, 96%, 60% |
| CMY | 0.0667, 0.0431, 0.4037 |
| CMYK | 0.02, 0.00, 0.38, 0.04 |
| HSL | 64°, 81%, 78% |
| HSV | 64°, 38%, 96% |
| XYZ | 73.2763, 85.1452, 42.2974 |
| YIQ | 231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

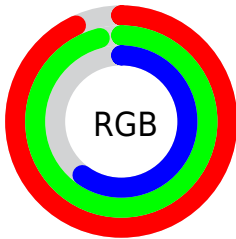
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 152, 244, 158 |
| Decimal | 15660184 |
| CIELab | 93.95, -15.43, 43.63 |
| CIELCh | 94, 46.279, 109.480 |
| Yxy | 85.1452, 0.3651, 0.4242 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293850264 (0xFFEEF498) |
| YUV | 231.7180, -39.3010, 5.5093 |
| Hunter-Lab | 92.2741, -19.7302, 37.4140 |

Details

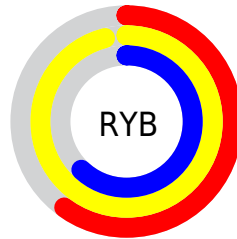
The YIQ color $231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFFF99$. A complement of this color would be $164.2820, -25.9560, 29.8840$, and the grayscale version is $232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $249.5280, 15.4080, -14.9280$, and $175.7610, 24.3970, -29.1630$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $228.3840, 32.4680, -37.7720$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $235.0520, 19.4440, -21.9960$.

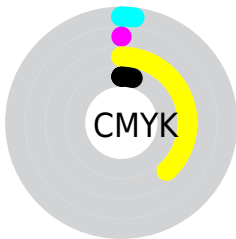
Distribution



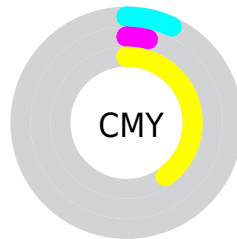
- Red (93%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

231.7180, 25.9560,
-29.8840

231.7180, 25.9560,
-29.8840

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

203.5330, 25.0390,
-29.7850

249.5280, 15.4080,
-14.9280

175.7610, 24.3970,
-29.1630

252.8340, 6.0990,
-5.9090

148.6900, 23.1590,
-28.7530

122.5050, 22.2420,
-28.6540

97.0920, 21.9670,
-29.1770

72.0210, 20.7290,
-28.7670

51.3440, 12.7500,

-21.8260

■ 30.9550, 3.9000,
-15.6200

■ 12.9140, -6.0500,
-11.5060

■ 231.7180, 25.9560,
-29.8840

■ 231.7180, 25.9560,
-29.8840

■ 228.3840, 32.4680,
-37.7720

■ 235.0520, 19.4440,
-21.9960

■ 225.2350, 39.8970,
-45.7590

■ 238.2010, 12.0150,
-14.0090

■ 221.9010, 46.4090,
-53.6470

■ 241.5350, 5.5030,
-6.1210

■ 218.7520, 53.8380,
-61.6340

■ 244.6840, -1.9260,
1.8660

■ 215.4180, 60.3500,
-69.5220

■ 245.8520, -2.3390,
3.8450

■ 212.0840, 66.8620,
-77.4100

■ 246.4500, -1.1470,
4.2690

■ 211.4000, 68.7880,
-79.2760

■ 246.7490, -0.5510,
4.4810

■ 247.3470, 0.6410,
4.9050

■ 247.6460, 1.2370,
5.1170

Harmonies

Analogous

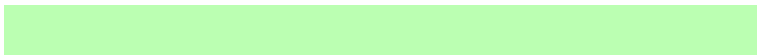
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



227.7680, 40.8550, -19.0570



231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840



225.8900, -15.8110, -38.3630

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840



201.7780, -106.0880, -37.7360



225.6500, 13.7500, 26.1500

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840



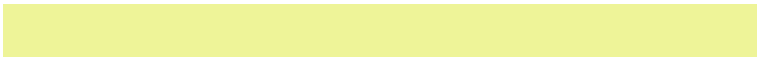
164.2820, -25.9560, 29.8840

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



232.1070, 10.7250, 20.3970



231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840



218.3110, -61.5720, -18.5000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840



200.8810, -107.8760, -38.3720



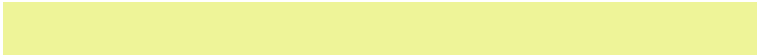
231.0340, -14.5350, 4.6090



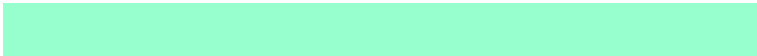
219.9330, 28.4700, 12.6780

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840



217.9050, -46.5300, -37.8100



231.0340, -14.5350, 4.6090



226.8240, 13.2000, 25.1040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840



251.2100, 7.7960, -9.1320



182.4430, 53.4570, 16.8890



125.4640, 4.2650, -5.7110



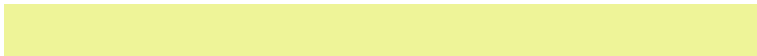
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

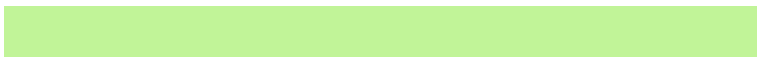
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840



239.4980, 32.1470, -37.4610



218.2630, -0.8640, -39.4240



120.6320, 3.8520, -3.7320



161.2080, 52.5540, -60.3900



51.0780, 16.5550, -19.1970

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



164.2820, -25.9560, 29.8840



155.5020, -32.1470, 37.4610



177.7370, 0.8640, 39.4240



111.6670, -3.2560, 3.9440



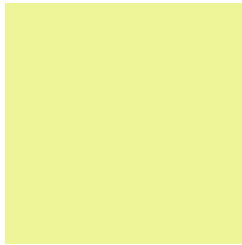
24.7920, -52.5540, 60.3900



7.9220, -16.5550, 19.1970

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

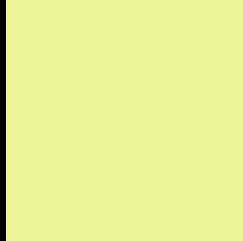
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

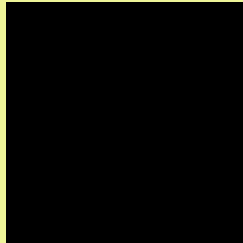
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840.



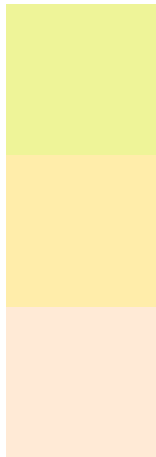
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840.

-29.8840.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840

Protanopia

234.7440, 32.2350, -17.0210

Deuteranopia

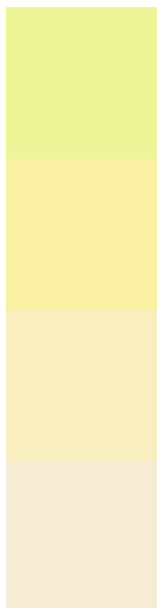
237.9990, 18.9360, -1.7680



Tritanopia

239.4340, 4.9500, 9.4140

Trichromacy



Original Color

231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840

Protanomaly

233.9130, 30.0810, -22.0390

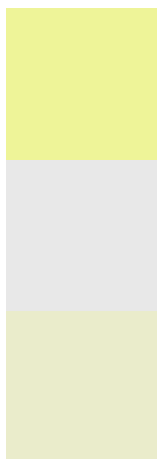
Deuteranomaly

235.9310, 21.6430, -12.2850

Tritanomaly

236.4820, 13.0220, -4.7220

Monochromacy



Original Color

231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840

Achromatopsia

232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

231.6400, 9.4010, -10.6870

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 244, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 244, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 244, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 244, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 244, 152) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 244, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 244, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 244, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 244, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 244,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 231.7180, 25.9560, -29.8840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 244, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
244, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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