

# Converting Colors

YIQ(232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(232.0370, 15.7730,  
-5.0190)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | F4E7CE                     |
| RGB           | 244, 231, 206              |
| RGB Percent   | 96%, 91%, 81%              |
| CMY           | 0.0431, 0.0941, 0.1921     |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.05, 0.16, 0.04     |
| HSL           | 39°, 63%, 88%              |
| HSV           | 39°, 16%, 96%              |
| XYZ           | 77.0271, 80.8398, 69.9497  |
| YIQ           | 232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

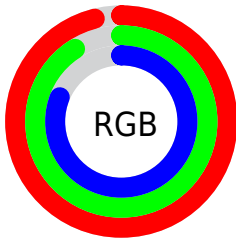
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 226, 244, 206                  |
| Decimal                             | 16050126                       |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 92.06, 0.39, 13.74             |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 92, 13.744, 88.390             |
| Y <sub>xy</sub>                     | 80.8398, 0.3381,<br>0.3548     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294240206<br>(0xFFFF4E7CE)    |
| Y <sub>UV</sub>                     | 232.0370, -12.8362,<br>10.4916 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 89.9109, -4.4225,<br>16.8107   |

# Details

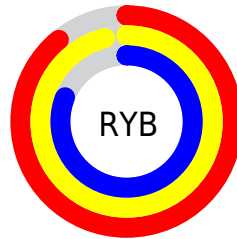
The YIQ color **232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **217.9630, -15.7730, 5.0190**, and the grayscale version is **232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**, and **176.8520, 14.8560, -4.9200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **224.6050, 25.6770, -8.2990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239.4690, 5.8690, -1.7390**.

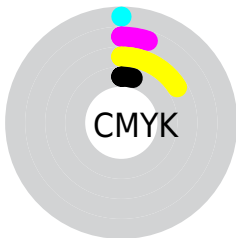
# Distribution



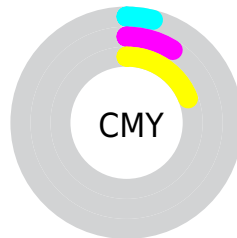
- Red (96%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 232.0370, 15.7730,  
-5.0190

■ 232.0370, 15.7730,  
-5.0190

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 203.8520, 14.8560,  
-4.9200

■ 176.2650, 15.1310,  
-4.3970

■ 149.6670, 13.9390,  
-4.8210

■ 123.7810, 13.6180,  
-4.5100

■ 98.8950, 13.2970,  
-4.1990

■ 74.7100, 12.3800,  
-4.1000

■ 52.1120, 11.1880,

-4.5240

■ 30.6990, 10.9130,  
-5.0470

■ 7.6970, 5.2270,  
-1.1170

■ 232.0370, 15.7730,  
-5.0190

■ 232.0370, 15.7730,  
-5.0190

■ 224.6050, 25.6770,  
-8.2990

■ 239.4690, 5.8690,  
-1.7390

■ 216.4720, 36.1770,  
-11.3670

■ 247.6020, -4.6310,  
1.3290

■ 209.0400, 46.0810,  
-14.6470

■ 251.7110, -6.5560,  
-2.3320

■ 201.4940, 56.3060,  
-18.2380

■ 193.4750, 66.4850,  
-20.9950

■ 186.0430, 76.3890,  
-24.2750

■ 178.4970, 86.6140,  
-27.8660

■ 170.4780, 96.7930,  
-30.6230

■ 166.8760,  
101.4240, -31.9520

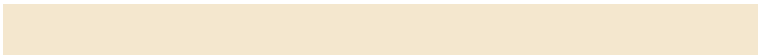
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233.4340, 22.1450, 0.6490



232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190



230.2420, 4.7700, -9.3580

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190



228.1970, -25.7200, -7.4480



234.5700, 7.5630, 11.6190

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190



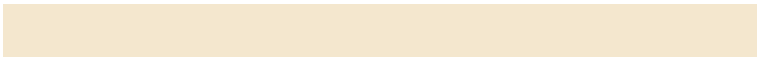
217.9630, -15.7730, 5.0190

# Split Complementary

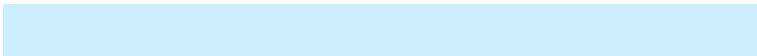
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



233.4590, -5.3660, 9.1460



232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190



229.0710, -25.1250, -1.7090

# Square

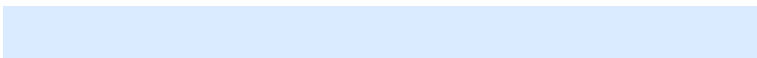
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190



227.9110, -19.1630, -10.6430



231.6100, -16.2770, 3.1390



233.7080, 15.8620, 9.8940

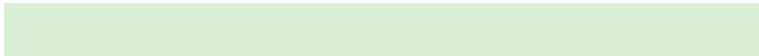


# Rectangle

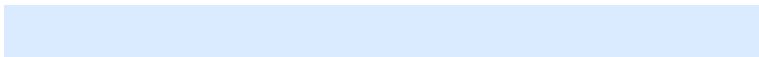
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190



229.5830, -3.6200, -11.4920



231.6100, -16.2770, 3.1390



234.4170, 3.6200, 11.4920

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190



251.1700, 5.2730, -1.9510



218.8440, 18.4750, 12.0990



125.3270, 3.3930, -0.9190



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190



239.5490, 20.0830, -6.0370



237.8740, 8.6220, -13.0900



118.2840, 4.9520, -1.6400



127.2280, 77.3060, -24.3740



40.5340, 24.4390, -7.8890



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



217.9630, -15.7730, 5.0190



221.8640, -19.8080, 6.5600



212.1260, -8.6220, 13.0900



113.7160, -4.9520, 1.6400



58.7720, -77.3060, 24.3740

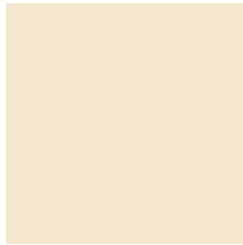


18.4660, -24.4390, 7.8890



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

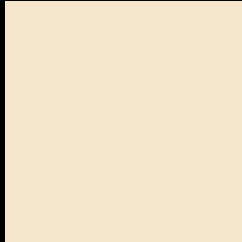
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

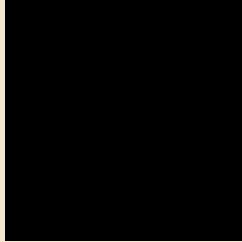
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190.



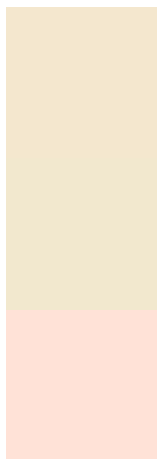
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.0370, 15.7730,

-5.0190.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190

### Protanopia

232.0260, 14.3060, -5.9660

### Deuteranopia

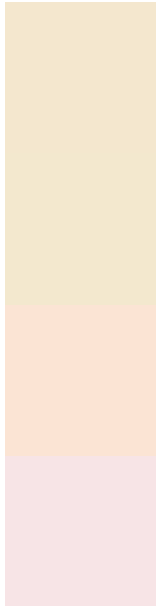
233.4170, 20.8150, 2.7270



## Tritanopia

234.8150, 8.2510, 10.1630

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190

## Protanomaly

232.3250, 14.9020, -5.7540

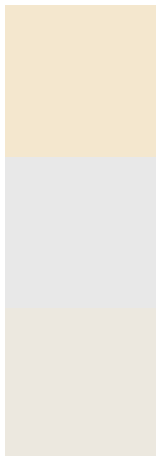
## Deuteranomaly

233.0530, 18.8440, -0.1000

## Tritanomaly

233.9090, 10.6820, 4.6500

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190

## Achromatopsia

232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

232.1700, 5.2730, -1.9510

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 231, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 231, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 231, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 231, 206) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 231, 206) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 231, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 231, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 231, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 231, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 231,  
206) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 232.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 231, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
231, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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