

# Converting Colors

YIQ(232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(232.5410, -2.6610,  
9.6830)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECE3FC
RGB	236, 227, 252
RGB Percent	93%, 89%, 99%
CMY	0.0745, 0.1098, 0.0118
CMYK	0.06, 0.10, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	262°, 81%, 94%
HSV	262°, 10%, 99%
XYZ	79.6327, 79.7984, 103.2947
YIQ	232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

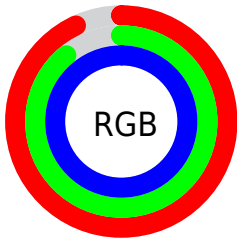
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 227, 252
Decimal	15524860
CIE Lab	91.59, 7.59, -11.01
CIE LCh	92, 13.375, 304.591
Yxy	79.7984, 0.3031, 0.3037
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293714940 (0xFFECE3FC)
YUV	232.5410, 9.5933, 3.0335
Hunter-Lab	89.3300, 2.7955, -6.0277

# Details

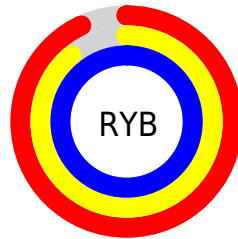
The YIQ color  $232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $246.4590, 2.6610, -9.6830$ , and the grayscale version is  $232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $177.0140, -2.6150, 8.8490$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $213.0820, -5.3220, 19.3660$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

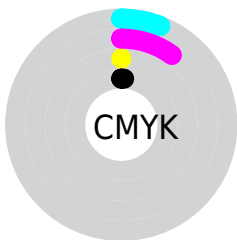
# Distribution



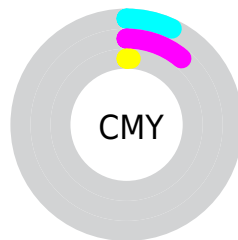
- Red (93%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 232.5410, -2.6610,  
9.6830

■ 232.5410, -2.6610,  
9.6830

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 204.4270, -2.3400,  
9.3720

■ 177.0140, -2.6150,  
8.8490

■ 150.0140, -2.6150,  
8.8490

■ 124.0140, -2.6150,  
8.8490

■ 99.4870, -2.5690,  
8.0150

■ 75.4870, -2.5690,  
8.0150

■ 52.9600, -2.5230,

7.1810

■ 31.5470, -2.7980,  
6.6580

■ 7.3240, -0.5520,  
10.0080

■ 232.5410, -2.6610,  
9.6830

■ 232.5410, -2.6610,  
9.6830

■ 213.0820, -5.3220,  
19.3660

■ 252.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 193.6230, -7.9830,  
29.0490

■ 254.6580, 0.9630,  
-0.9330

■ 173.5770,  
-10.3690, 39.2550

■ 154.1180,  
-13.0300, 48.9380

■ 134.3600,  
-16.2870, 58.4090

■ 114.9010,  
-18.9480, 68.0920

■ 95.4420, -21.6090,  
77.7750

■ 75.3960, -23.9950,  
87.9810

■ 55.9370, -26.6560,  
97.6640

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



230.4470, -14.2600, 5.1320



232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



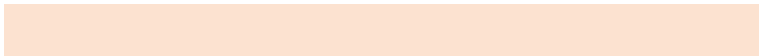
233.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



231.7220, 21.2740, -0.0860



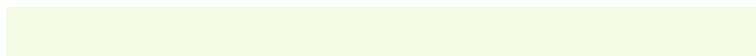
226.8400, -20.4010, -10.2330

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



246.4590, 2.6610, -9.6830

# Split Complementary

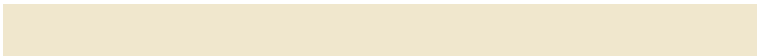
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



227.1740, -9.7180, -11.1100



232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



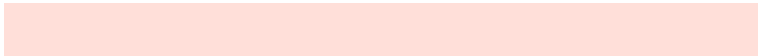
230.7270, 13.7100, -6.1780

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



231.8840, 20.9980, 4.9180



229.1600, 2.0650, -9.8950



227.1370, -25.4910, -6.0910



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



233.2350, 15.8160, 10.7280



229.1600, 2.0650, -9.8950



226.6940, -17.0540, -10.3180

# Sweetspot

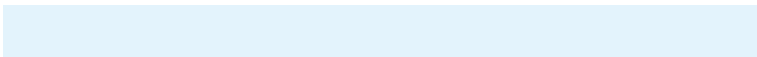
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



248.8090, -0.7800, 3.1240



239.2420, -12.4250, -0.5930



123.2820, -0.7340, 2.2900



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



230.8230, -3.3950, 11.9730



236.1290, 4.4910, 12.2270



114.9770, -1.1930, 5.1030



41.8780, -20.1410, 73.1950



13.5320, -6.4690, 23.6350



# Inverse Universe

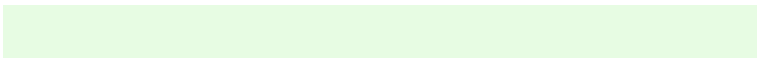
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



236.2990, 9.7640, 10.2760



235.5490, 12.0560, 12.7920



242.8710, -4.4910, -12.2270



116.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440



70.3050, 73.8030, 77.6990

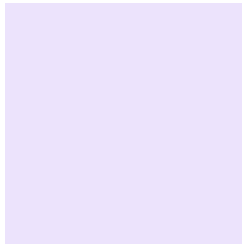


22.6850, 23.8370, 25.0610



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

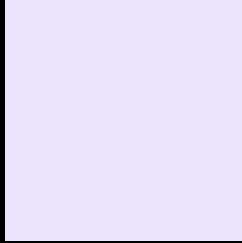
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

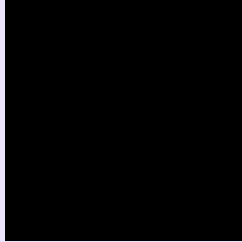
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830.



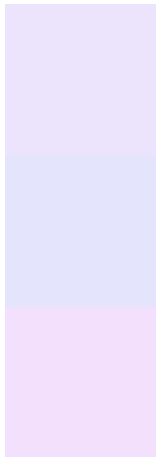
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.5410, -2.6610,

9.6830.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830

### Protanopia

231.4370, -8.3000, 7.2520

### Deuteranopia

232.8730, 2.3360, 12.7360



## Tritanopia

232.1450, -1.6060, 7.0820

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830

## Protanomaly

231.7470, -6.2370, 8.4110

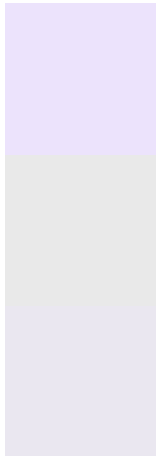
## Deuteranomaly

232.5630, 0.2730, 11.5770

## Tritanomaly

232.3730, -2.2480, 7.7040

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830

## Achromatopsia

233.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

232.9230, -1.1010, 3.4350

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 227, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 227, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 227, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 227, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 227, 252) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 227, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 227, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 227, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 227, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 227,  
252) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 232.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 227, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
227, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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