

# Converting Colors

YIQ(232.5870, -1.4160,  
-29.4160)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(232.5870, -1.4160,  
-29.4160)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5FCB8
RGB	213, 252, 184
RGB Percent	84%, 99%, 72%
CMY	0.1648, 0.0117, 0.2784
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.27, 0.01
HSL	94°, 92%, 85%
HSV	94°, 27%, 99%
XYZ	70.8991, 87.2332, 58.4549
YIQ	232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

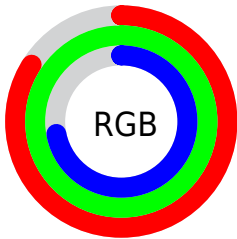
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	184, 252, 223
Decimal	14023864
CIELab	94.84, -24.29, 28.55
CIELCh	95, 37.483, 130.389
Yxy	87.2332, 0.3273, 0.4028
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292213944 (0xFFD5FCB8)
YUV	232.5870, -23.9534, -17.1778
Hunter-Lab	93.3987, -27.9482, 28.2716

# Details

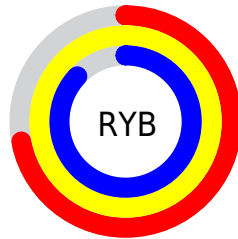
The YIQ color  $232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $203.4130, 1.4160, 29.4160$ , and the grayscale version is  $233.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $253.2900, 4.8150, -4.6650$ , and  $176.6410, -1.5080, -27.7480$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $225.2520, -2.3310, -40.3710$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $239.6230, -1.0970, -18.6730$ .

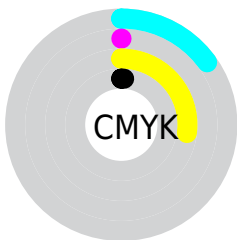
# Distribution



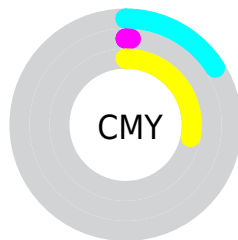
- Red (84%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 232.5870, -1.4160,  
-29.4160

 232.5870, -1.4160,  
-29.4160


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 204.1140, -1.4620,  
-28.5820


 253.2900, 4.8150,  
-4.6650


 176.6410, -1.5080,  
-27.7480

 149.7550, -1.8290,  
-27.4370

 123.2820, -1.8750,  
-26.6030

 98.5100, -2.5170,  
-25.9810

 73.7380, -3.1590,  
-25.3590

 49.7380, -3.1590,

-25.3590

■ 29.1060, -7.0110,  
-21.6270

■ 15.2620, -7.1500,  
-13.5980

■ 232.5870, -1.4160,  
-29.4160

■ 232.5870, -1.4160,  
-29.4160

■ 225.2520, -2.3310,  
-40.3710

■ 239.6230, -1.0970,  
-18.6730

■ 218.2160, -2.6500,  
-51.1140

■ 246.9580, -0.1820,  
-7.7180

■ 211.0660, -2.6480,  
-62.1680

■ 253.2390, 0.8250,  
1.5690

■ 203.7310, -3.5630,  
-73.1230

■ 196.6950, -3.8820,  
-83.8660

■ 189.3600, -4.7970,  
-94.8210

■ 182.3240, -5.1160,  
-105.5640

■ 179.9170, -5.5280,  
-109.1120

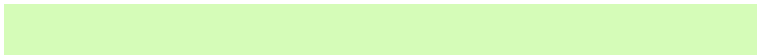
# Harmonies

## Analogous

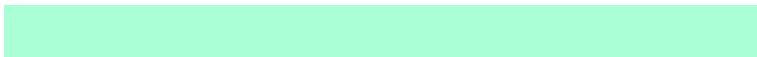
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



236.8530, 30.3100, -20.6820



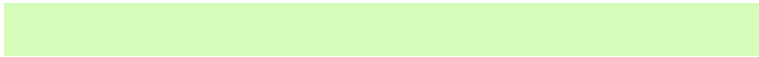
232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160



225.3240, -37.2240, -30.2480

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160



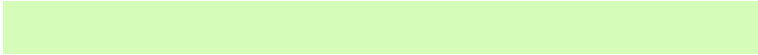
224.2470, -55.5200, -18.0480



227.3820, 19.8960, 13.8800

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160



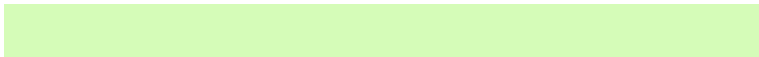
203.4130, 1.4160, 29.4160

# Split Complementary

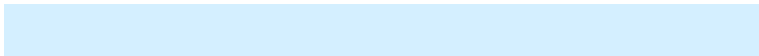
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



232.1070, 10.7250, 20.3970



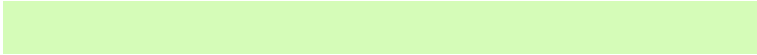
232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160



232.7510, -21.2280, -0.7480

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160



217.0270, -75.6920, -26.9240



237.9770, 7.9750, 15.1670

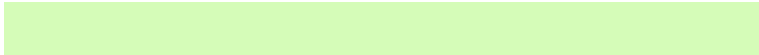


227.0280, 29.1600, 0.1680

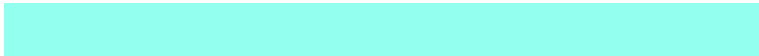


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160



220.5850, -59.8280, -28.0840



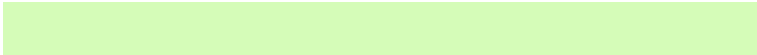
237.9770, 7.9750, 15.1670



228.7500, 16.0440, 17.6120

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160



249.1320, -0.7320, -8.7640



227.2250, 29.8030, -5.9810



124.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

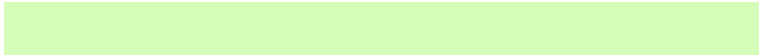


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

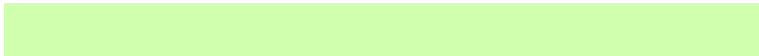


# Same Dimension

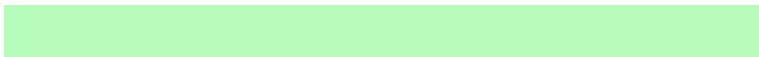
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160



231.5990, -1.6900, -35.4660



224.4860, -20.3050, -34.0090



121.4250, 0.0010, -5.5270



134.8630, -4.2950, -81.8870



43.5810, -1.2790, -26.3910



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203.4130, 1.4160, 29.4160



196.4010, 1.6900, 35.4660



211.5140, 20.3050, 34.0090



115.8740, 0.5950, 5.7390



53.8380, 3.6990, 81.6750

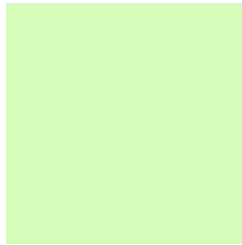


17.4190, 1.2790, 26.3910



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

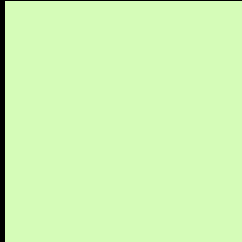
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

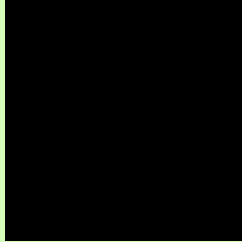
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

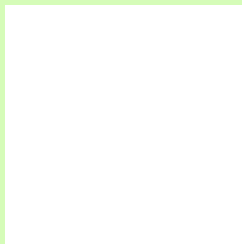
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160.



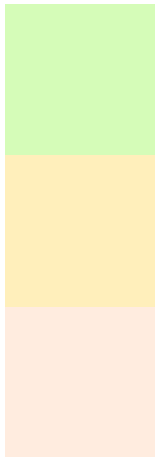
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160.

-29.4160.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160

### Protanopia

237.8560, 26.2280, -12.7800

### Deuteranopia

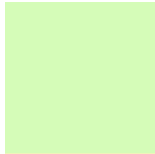
240.1990, 15.4970, -0.0150



## **Tritanopia**

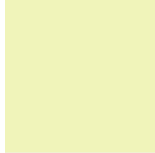
239.0080, -11.6460, 1.8100

# Trichromacy



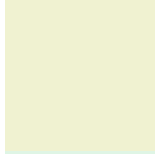
## Original Color

232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160



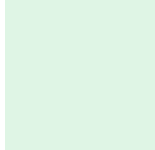
## Protanomaly

236.1920, 16.2340, -18.8860



## Deuteranomaly

237.6400, 9.4010, -10.6870



## Tritanomaly

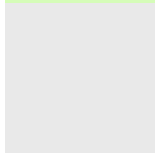
236.5980, -7.9760, -9.6400

# Monochromacy



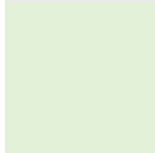
## Original Color

232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160



## Achromatopsia

233.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

232.9640, -0.3190, -10.7430

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 252, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 252, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 252, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 252, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 252, 184) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 252, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 252, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 252, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 252, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 252,  
184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 232.5870, -1.4160, -29.4160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 252, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
252, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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