

# Converting Colors

YIQ(232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(232.6100, 10.0860,  
4.4380)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5E3E5
RGB	245, 227, 229
RGB Percent	96%, 89%, 90%
CMY	0.0392, 0.1098, 0.1019
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.07, 0.04
HSL	353°, 47%, 93%
HSV	353°, 7%, 96%
XYZ	79.2714, 80.0062, 85.4006
YIQ	232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

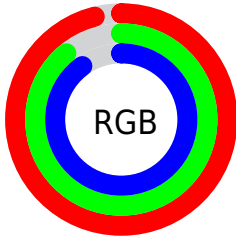
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 227, 229
Decimal	16114661
CIE Lab	91.69, 6.48, 1.22
CIE LCh	92, 6.592, 10.708
Yxy	80.0062, 0.3240, 0.3270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294304741 (0xFF5E3E5)
YUV	232.6100, -1.7797, 10.8660
Hunter-Lab	89.4462, 1.6641, 6.0040

# Details

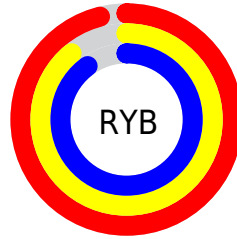
The YIQ color  $232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $239.3900, -10.0860, -4.4380$ , and the grayscale version is  $233.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $177.3110, 9.4900, 4.2260$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $215.4270, 24.0230, 10.6710$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $249.2060, -3.5760, -1.2720$ .

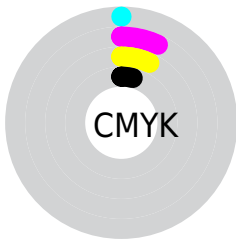
# Distribution



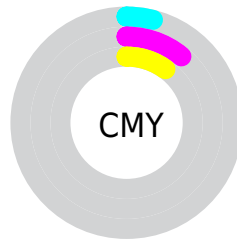
- Red (96%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (10%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 232.6100, 10.0860,  
4.4380


 232.6100, 10.0860,  
4.4380


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 204.6100, 10.0860,  
4.4380

 177.3110, 9.4900,  
4.2260

 150.3110, 9.4900,  
4.2260

 124.0120, 8.8940,  
4.0140

 99.7130, 8.2980,  
3.8020

 75.7130, 8.2980,  
3.8020

 53.0010, 7.4270,

3.0670

■ 31.7020, 6.8310,  
2.8550

■ 7.2080, 11.2780,  
4.8620

■ 232.6100, 10.0860,  
4.4380

■ 232.6100, 10.0860,  
4.4380

■ 215.4270, 24.0230,  
10.6710

■ 249.2060, -3.5760,  
-1.2720

■ 198.8310, 37.6850,  
16.3810

■ 252.0100, -5.9600,  
-2.1200

■ 181.7620, 51.3010,  
22.9250

■ 165.1660, 64.9630,  
28.6350

■ 147.9830, 78.9000,  
34.8680

■ 131.3870, 92.5620,  
40.5780

■ 114.3180,  
106.1780, 47.1220

■ 97.7220, 119.8400,  
52.8320

■ 80.5390, 133.7770,  
59.0650

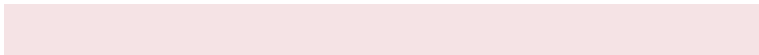
# Harmonies

## Analogous

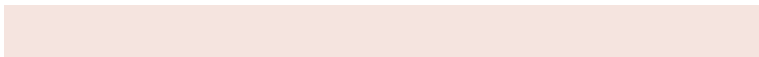
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



232.3970, 6.3720, 5.6680



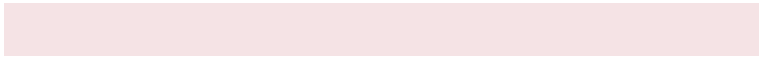
232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380



232.5130, 11.7370, 2.0490

# Triad

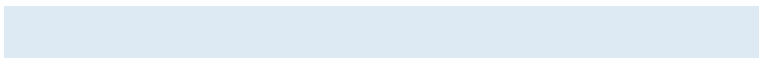
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380



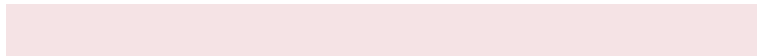
229.8380, 0.2760, -5.0040



230.5520, -10.3620, 0.5660

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380



239.3900, -10.0860, -4.4380

# Split Complementary

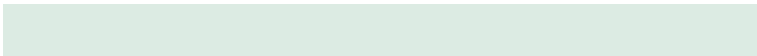
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229.4870, -11.7370, -2.0490



232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380



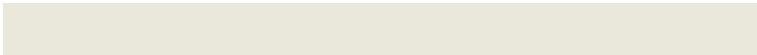
229.6030, -6.3720, -5.6680

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380



230.5290, 5.6400, -3.0960



229.0910, -10.6820, -4.6500



231.4710, -5.6400, 3.0960

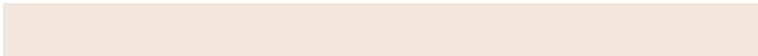


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380



231.8610, 10.6370, -0.0430



229.0910, -10.6820, -4.6500



230.4270, -11.5080, -0.6920

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380



251.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600



233.8360, 3.7580, 8.9900



125.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

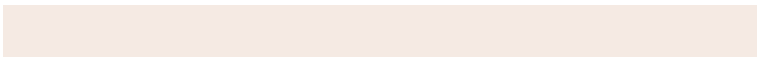
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380



239.2190, 12.7450, 5.8090



236.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550



113.8160, 6.5100, 3.1660



58.0080, 104.1150, 45.9630



18.4390, 32.9170, 14.6850



# Inverse Universe

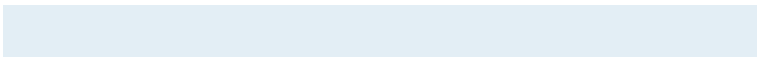
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380



239.2190, 12.7450, 5.8090



235.5090, -8.8030, -0.1550



113.8160, 6.5100, 3.1660



58.0080, 104.1150, 45.9630

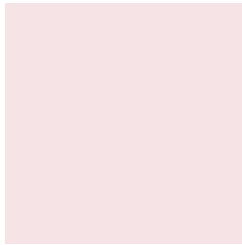


18.4390, 32.9170, 14.6850



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

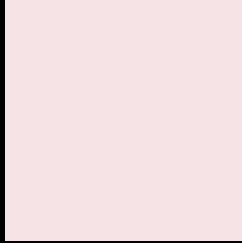
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

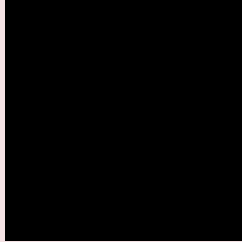
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

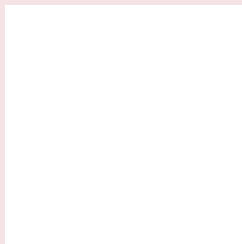
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380.



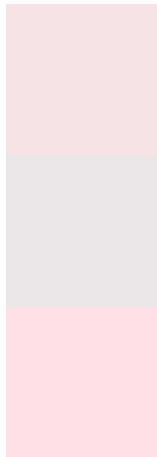
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.6100, 10.0860,

4.4380.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380

### Protanopia

231.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710

### Deuteranopia

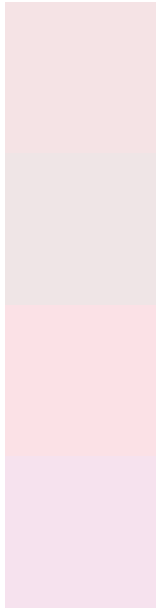
233.6540, 15.9540, 8.2260



## Tritanopia

233.6300, 7.3340, 10.2620

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380

## Protanomaly

232.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310

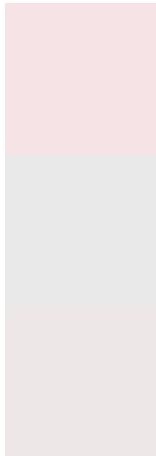
## Deuteranomaly

233.3440, 13.8910, 7.0670

## Tritanomaly

233.3480, 8.0680, 7.9720

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380

## Achromatopsia

233.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

232.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 227, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 227, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 227, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 227, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 227, 229) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 227, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 227, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 227, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 227, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 227,  
229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 232.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 227, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
227, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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