

# Converting Colors

YIQ(232.9280, 25.7250,  
-20.1870)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(232.9280, 25.7250,  
-20.1870)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5EFAA
RGB	245, 239, 170
RGB Percent	96%, 94%, 67%
CMY	0.0392, 0.0627, 0.3332
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.31, 0.04
HSL	55°, 79%, 81%
HSV	55°, 31%, 96%
XYZ	75.7788, 84.0464, 50.2785
YIQ	232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

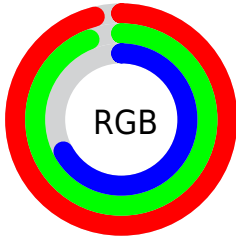
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">177, 245, 170</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16117674</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">93.47, -8.22, 34.16</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">93, 35.133, 103.539</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">84.0464, 0.3607, 0.4000</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294307754</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF5EFAA</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">232.9280, -31.0235, 10.5871</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">91.6768, -12.8887, 31.6572</a>

# Details

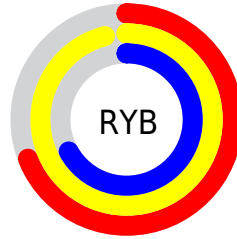
The YIQ color  $232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $182.0720, -25.7250, 20.1870$ , and the grayscale version is  $233.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $251.6940, 9.3090, -9.0190$ , and  $176.9710, 24.1660, -19.4660$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $229.0180, 33.9790, -26.6050$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $236.9520, 17.1500, -13.4580$ .

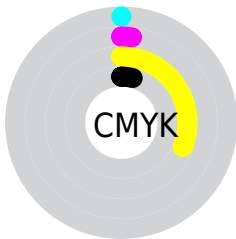
# Distribution



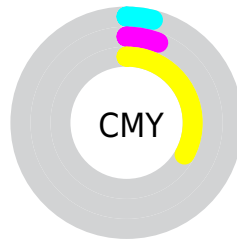
- Red (96%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



232.9280, 25.7250,  
-20.1870

232.9280, 25.7250,  
-20.1870

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

204.7430, 24.8080,  
-20.0880

251.6940, 9.3090,  
-9.0190

176.9710, 24.1660,  
-19.4660

149.9000, 22.9280,  
-19.0560

123.7150, 22.0110,  
-18.9570

98.6440, 20.7730,  
-18.5470

74.3450, 20.1770,  
-18.7590

51.3880, 18.6180,

-18.0380

■ 31.8850, 10.0890,  
-12.1430

■ 9.9790, -4.6750,  
-8.8910

■ 232.9280, 25.7250,  
-20.1870

■ 232.9280, 25.7250,  
-20.1870

■ 229.0180, 33.9790,  
-26.6050

■ 236.9520, 17.1500,  
-13.4580

■ 224.9940, 42.5540,  
-33.3340

■ 240.8620, 8.8960,  
-7.0400

■ 221.0840, 50.8080,  
-39.7520

■ 244.8860, 0.3210,  
-0.3110

■ 217.0600, 59.3830,  
-46.4810

■ 247.3140, -3.7600,  
2.0640

■ 213.1500, 67.6370,  
-52.8990

■ 248.4880, -4.3100,  
1.0180

■ 209.1260, 76.2120,  
-59.6280

■ 249.6620, -4.8600,  
-0.0280

■ 205.3300, 84.1450,  
-65.7350

■ 250.8360, -5.4100,  
-1.0740

■ 252.0100, -5.9600,  
-2.1200

# Harmonies

## Analogous

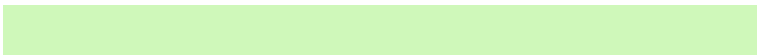
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



229.6890, 34.0680, -11.6920



232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870



228.6730, -4.5340, -27.9740

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870



217.6580, -70.0990, -23.6590



230.9330, 11.2750, 21.4430

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870



182.0720, -25.7250, 20.1870

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



235.6290, 9.0750, 17.2590



232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870



223.1170, -49.1020, -13.2140

# Square

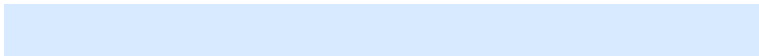
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870



219.5610, -68.4480, -26.0480



230.7130, -18.0650, 2.5030

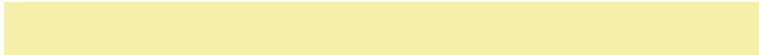


225.9970, 22.4180, 12.2260

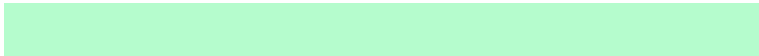


# Rectangle

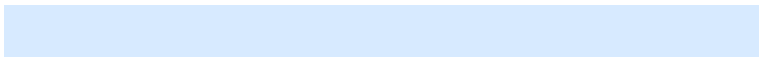
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870



225.4130, -27.2290, -29.6690



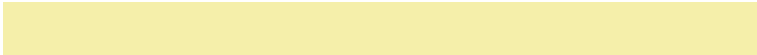
230.7130, -18.0650, 2.5030



232.1070, 10.7250, 20.3970

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870



251.2040, 7.9330, -6.1070



193.1090, 42.7740, 17.7660



125.1160, 5.3650, -3.6190



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

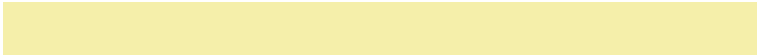


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

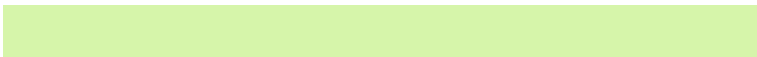
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870



239.5880, 32.3740, -25.0500



227.1810, 5.5990, -29.8970



120.0450, 4.1270, -3.2090



155.9910, 63.8310, -50.0010



49.3390, 20.3140, -15.7340



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182.0720, -25.7250, 20.1870



175.8250, -32.0990, 25.5730



187.8190, -5.5990, 29.8970



111.9550, -4.1270, 3.2090



30.0090, -63.8310, 50.0010

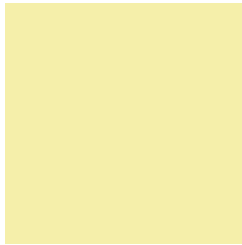


9.6610, -20.3140, 15.7340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

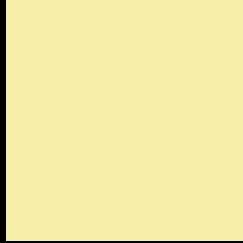
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

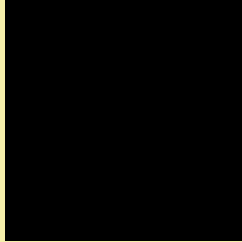
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.9280, 25.7250,

-20.1870.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870

### Protanopia

233.7440, 32.2350, -17.0210

### Deuteranopia

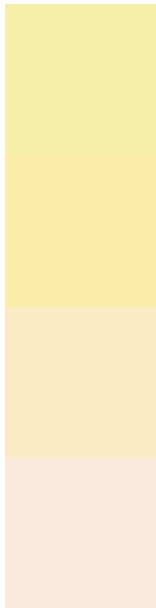
236.7110, 19.8070, -1.0330



## **Tritanopia**

238.5270, 9.1220, 10.8980

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870

## Protanomaly

233.4340, 30.1720, -18.1800

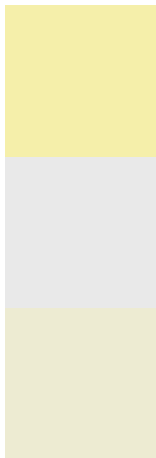
## Deuteranomaly

235.4520, 21.7340, -8.4260

## Tritanomaly

236.7860, 15.2220, -0.5380

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870

## Achromatopsia

233.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

232.7480, 9.2170, -7.3510

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 239, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 239, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 239, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 239, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 239, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 239, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 239, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 239, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 239, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 239,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 232.9280, 25.7250, -20.1870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 239, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
239, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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