

# Converting Colors

YIQ(232.9930, 27.1000,  
-17.5720)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(232.9930, 27.1000,  
-17.5720)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8EDAD
RGB	248, 237, 173
RGB Percent	97%, 93%, 68%
CMY	0.0275, 0.0706, 0.3214
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.30, 0.03
HSL	51°, 84%, 83%
HSV	51°, 30%, 97%
XYZ	76.5397, 83.5401, 51.6463
YIQ	232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

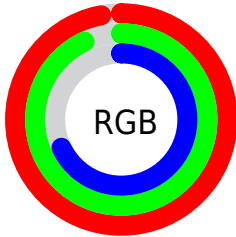
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	186, 248, 173
Decimal	16313773
CIELab	93.25, -5.73, 32.39
CIELCh	93, 32.890, 100.031
Yxy	83.5401, 0.3615, 0.3946
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294503853 (0xFF8EDAD)
YUV	232.9930, -29.5765, 13.1611
Hunter-Lab	91.4003, -10.4725, 30.4780

# Details

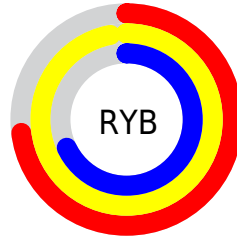
The YIQ color  $232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $188.0070, -27.1000, 17.5720$ , and the grayscale version is  $233.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $252.0360, 8.3460, -8.0860$ , and  $177.0360, 25.5410, -16.8510$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $227.7950, 36.2250, -23.2550$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $238.1910, 17.9750, -11.8890$ .

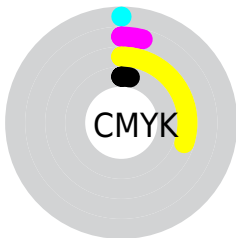
# Distribution



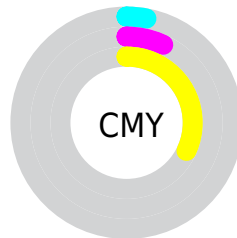
- Red (97%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



232.9930, 27.1000,  
-17.5720

232.9930, 27.1000,  
-17.5720

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

204.8080, 26.1830,  
-17.4730

252.0360, 8.3460,  
-8.0860

177.0360, 25.5410,  
-16.8510

149.9650, 24.3030,  
-16.4410

124.3670, 23.1110,  
-16.8650

99.2960, 21.8730,  
-16.4550

74.8120, 20.3600,  
-16.5680

51.3990, 20.0850,

-17.0910

■ 32.1950, 12.1520,  
-10.9840

■ 9.7020, -2.3370,  
-7.2090

■ 232.9930, 27.1000,  
-17.5720

■ 232.9930, 27.1000,  
-17.5720

■ 227.7950, 36.2250,  
-23.2550

■ 238.1910, 17.9750,  
-11.8890

■ 223.1840, 45.0750,  
-29.4610

■ 242.8020, 9.1250,  
-5.6830

■ 218.1000, 53.8790,  
-34.8330

■ 247.8860, 0.3210,  
-0.3110

■ 212.9020, 63.0040,  
-40.5160

■ 251.1460, -3.3470,  
0.0850

■ 208.2910, 71.8540,  
-46.7220

■ 252.9070, -4.1720,  
-1.4840

■ 203.0930, 80.9790,  
-52.4050

■ 198.5960, 89.5080,  
-58.3000

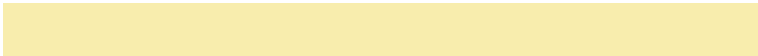
# Harmonies

## Analogous

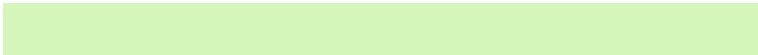
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



229.0850, 33.0130, -9.0910



232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720



229.2930, -0.4080, -25.6560

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720



219.1640, -65.6520, -21.6520



231.5200, 11.0000, 20.9200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720



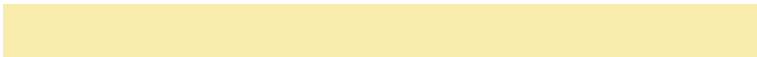
188.0070, -27.1000, 17.5720

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



236.5040, 7.9290, 16.0010



232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720



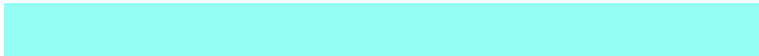
223.1170, -49.1020, -13.2140

# Square

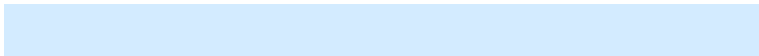
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720



221.2800, -60.2870, -25.2710



230.1040, -20.7240, 1.1320



227.0400, 20.8590, 12.9470

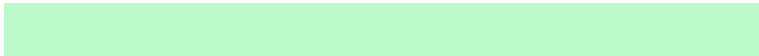


# Rectangle

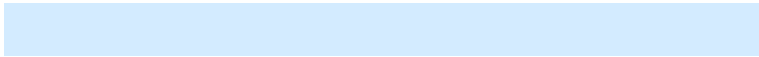
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720



226.1040, -21.8650, -27.7610



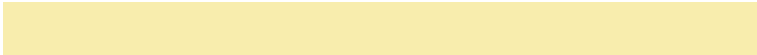
230.1040, -20.7240, 1.1320



233.2810, 10.1750, 19.3510

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720



250.6170, 8.2080, -5.5840



196.6790, 41.1690, 19.3210



124.5290, 5.6400, -3.0960



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

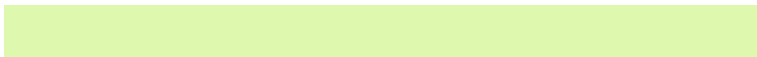
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720



236.8810, 33.1070, -21.8130



231.6760, 8.5790, -28.8370



122.3440, 4.7230, -2.9970



151.0180, 68.3690, -44.1350



48.7630, 22.0560, -14.2640



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188.0070, -27.1000, 17.5720



181.7060, -33.3820, 21.2900



189.3240, -8.5790, 28.8370



114.6560, -4.7230, 2.9970



37.9820, -68.3690, 44.1350

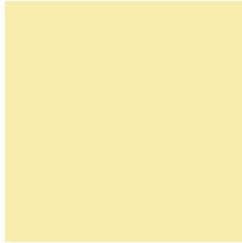


12.2370, -22.0560, 14.2640



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

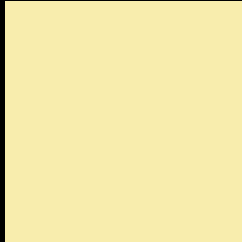
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

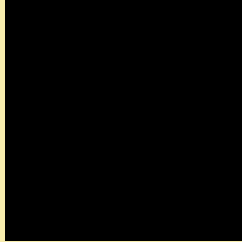
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720.

-17.5720.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720

### Protanopia

233.2000, 30.9510, -15.7770

### Deuteranopia

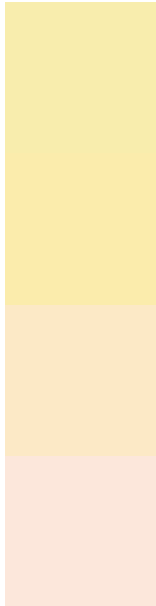
236.0100, 20.4030, -0.8210



## Tritanopia

238.0110, 10.6350, 11.0110

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720

## Protanomaly

233.1890, 29.4840, -16.7240

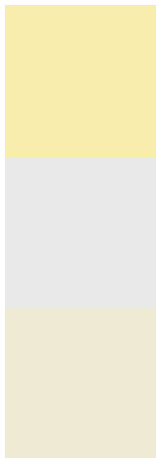
## Deuteranomaly

234.6910, 22.5590, -6.8570

## Tritanomaly

235.9110, 16.3680, 0.7200

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720

## Achromatopsia

233.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

232.5740, 9.7670, -6.3050

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 237, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 237, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 237, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 237, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 237, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 237, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 237, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 237, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 237, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 237,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 232.9930, 27.1000, -17.5720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 237, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
237, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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