

Converting Colors

YIQ(234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100)
contains.

YIQ(234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(234.9390, -7.1980,
-1.7100)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3EEF0
RGB	227, 238, 240
RGB Percent	89%, 93%, 94%
CMY	0.1098, 0.0666, 0.0588
CMYK	0.05, 0.01, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	189°, 30%, 92%
HSV	189°, 5%, 94%
XYZ	77.9795, 83.7724, 94.4918
YIQ	234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

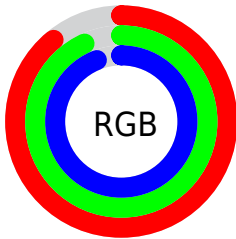
Format	Color
R _Y B	227, 233, 240
Decimal	14937840
CIE Lab	93.35, -3.27, -2.23
CIE LCh	93, 3.956, 214.348
Yxy	83.7724, 0.3043, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293127920 (0xFFE3EEF0)
YUV	234.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625
Hunter-Lab	91.5273, -8.0942, 2.8587

Details

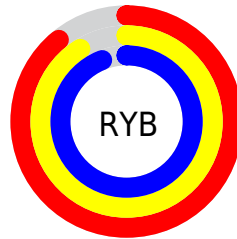
The YIQ color $234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $232.0610, 7.1980, 1.7100$, and the grayscale version is $235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $179.2380, -6.6020, -1.4980$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $225.4150, -20.4020, -4.7060$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $244.4630, 6.0060, 1.2860$.

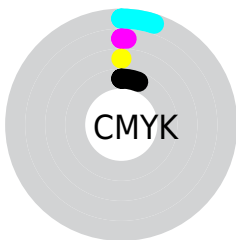
Distribution



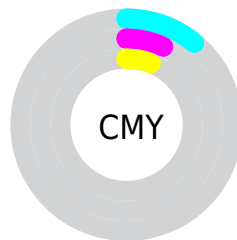
- Red (89%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 234.9390, -7.1980,
-1.7100

■ 234.9390, -7.1980,
-1.7100

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 206.9390, -7.1980,
-1.7100

■ 179.2380, -6.6020,
-1.4980

■ 152.2380, -6.6020,
-1.4980

■ 126.2380, -6.6020,
-1.4980

■ 101.5370, -6.0060,
-1.2860

■ 77.5370, -6.0060,
-1.2860

■ 54.5370, -6.0060,

-1.2860

■ 33.4230, -5.6850,
-1.5970

■ 10.3410, -8.3900,
-2.1340

■ 234.9390, -7.1980,
-1.7100

■ 234.9390, -7.1980,
-1.7100

■ 225.4150,
-20.4020, -4.7060

■ 244.4630, 6.0060,
1.2860

■ 216.4780,
-33.8810, -8.2250

■ 247.4200, 7.5650,
0.5650

■ 206.9540,
-47.0850, -11.2210

■ 249.7680, 6.4650,
-1.5270

■ 197.4300,
-60.2890, -14.2170

■ 252.1160, 5.3650,
-3.6190

■ 188.4930,
-73.7680, -17.7360

■ 253.2900, 4.8150,
-4.6650

■ 178.9690,
-86.9720, -20.7320

■ 169.4450,
-100.1760, -23.7280

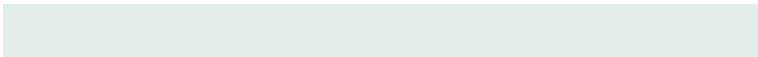
■ 160.5080,
-113.6550, -27.2470

■ 150.9840,
-126.8590, -30.2430

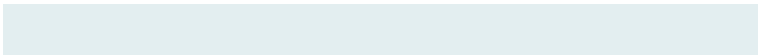
Harmonies

Analogous

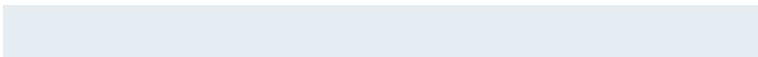
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



234.4830, -5.9140, -2.9540



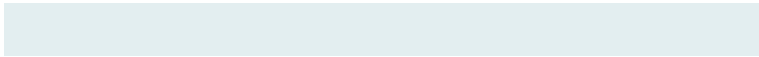
234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100



235.2920, -6.6940, 0.1700

Triad

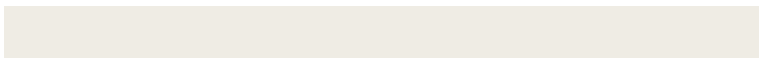
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100



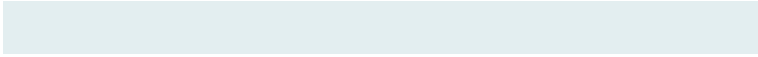
236.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510



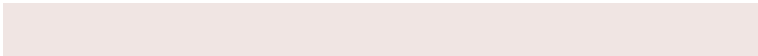
235.9850, 4.3560, -1.8520

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100



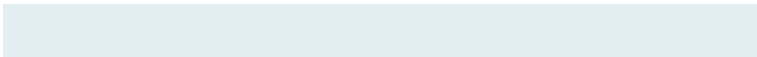
232.0610, 7.1980, 1.7100

Split Complementary

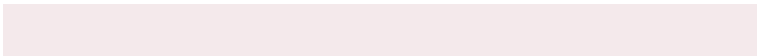
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



236.4090, 6.0980, -0.3820



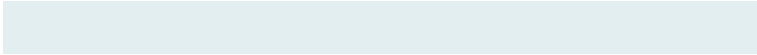
234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100



236.5170, 5.9140, 2.9540

Square

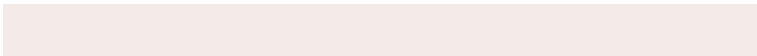
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100



236.3960, -1.0550, 2.6010



236.7620, 6.6020, 1.4980



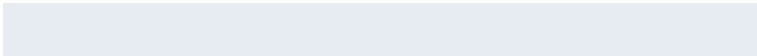
235.3050, 0.4590, -2.8130

Rectangle

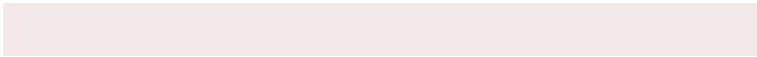
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



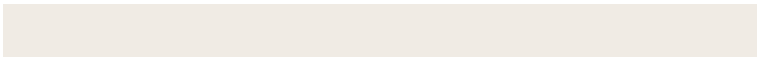
234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100



235.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170



236.7620, 6.6020, 1.4980



235.6970, 5.2270, -1.1170

Sweetspot

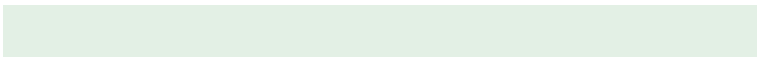
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100



252.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370



234.8590, -4.2170, -6.1770



126.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



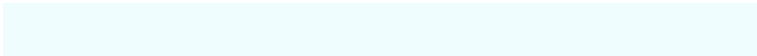
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

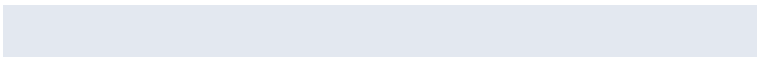
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100



249.3410, -8.3900, -2.1340



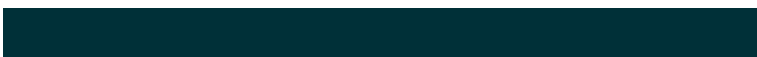
231.4170, -5.5480, 1.4280



116.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850



112.5480, -101.9640, -24.3640



34.5600, -31.1760, -7.6880

Inverse Universe

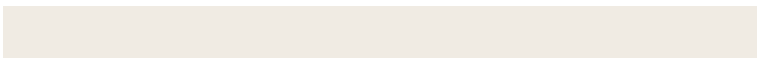
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



232.1410, 4.2170, 6.1770



245.9670, 4.7670, 7.2230



235.5830, 5.5480, -1.4280



114.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



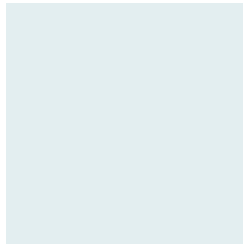
72.8000, 59.5880, 87.5240



22.2160, 17.9680, 26.8000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

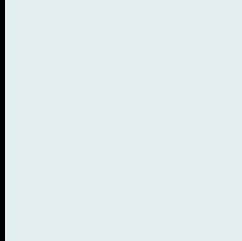
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

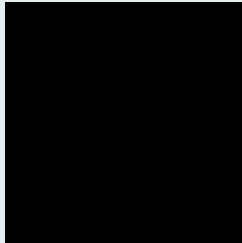
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

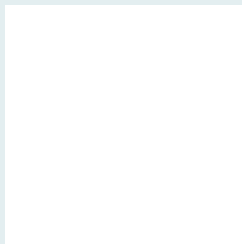
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100.



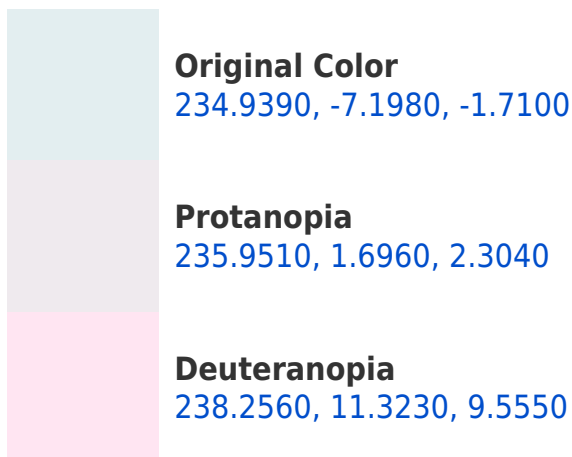
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 234.9390, -7.1980,

-1.7100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

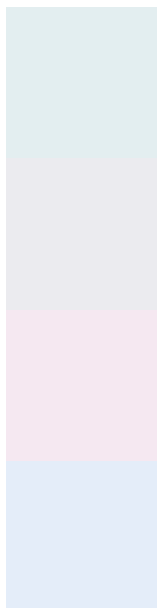




Tritanopia

235.9590, -9.9500, 4.1140

Trichromacy



Original Color

234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100

Protanomaly

235.4560, -1.2840, 1.2440

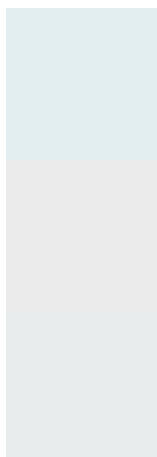
Deuteranomaly

236.9130, 4.8590, 5.5550

Tritanomaly

235.6770, -9.2160, 1.8240

Monochromacy



Original Color

234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100

Achromatopsia

235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

234.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 238, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 238, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 238, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 238, 240) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 238, 240) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 238, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 238, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 238, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 238, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 238,  
240) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 234.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 238, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
238, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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