

Converting Colors

YIQ(235.1440, -18.2010,
-6.0490)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(235.1440, -18.2010,
-6.0490)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6F4F5
RGB	214, 244, 245
RGB Percent	84%, 96%, 96%
CMY	0.1608, 0.0431, 0.0393
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	182°, 61%, 90%
HSV	182°, 13%, 96%
XYZ	76.5594, 85.5938, 98.8575
YIQ	235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

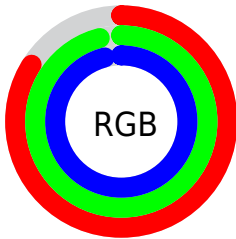
Format	Color
R _Y B	214, 229, 245
Decimal	14087413
CIE Lab	94.14, -9.52, -3.77
CIE LCh	94, 10.236, 201.607
Yxy	85.5938, 0.2933, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292277493 (0xFFD6F4F5)
YUV	235.1440, 4.8590, -18.5433
Hunter-Lab	92.5169, -14.1928, 1.4085

Details

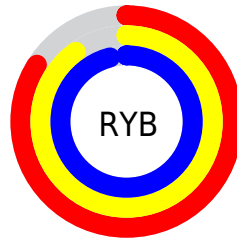
The YIQ color $235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFFF$. A complement of this color would be $223.8560, 18.2010, 6.0490$, and the grayscale version is $235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $179.4430, -17.6050, -5.8370$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $227.0820, -32.8260, -10.8260$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $242.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840$.

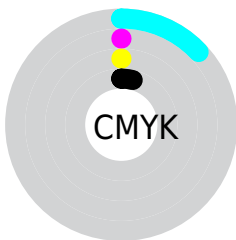
Distribution



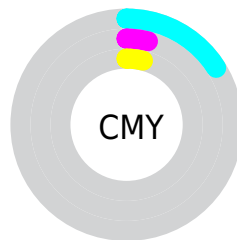
- Red (84%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 235.1440,
-18.2010, -6.0490

■ 235.1440,
-18.2010, -6.0490

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 207.1440,
-18.2010, -6.0490

■ 179.4430,
-17.6050, -5.8370

■ 152.7420,
-17.0090, -5.6250

■ 126.7420,
-17.0090, -5.6250

■ 101.0410,
-16.4130, -5.4130

■ 77.3400, -15.8170,
-5.2010

■ 54.3400, -15.8170,

-5.2010

■ 32.3400, -15.8170,
-5.2010

■ 14.0200, -11.9200,
-4.2400

■ 235.1440,
-18.2010, -6.0490

■ 235.1440,
-18.2010, -6.0490

■ 227.0820,
-32.8260, -10.8260

■ 242.9070, -4.1720,
-1.4840

■ 219.3190,
-46.8550, -15.3910

■ 248.5770, 5.6850,
1.5970

■ 211.8440,
-61.7550, -20.6910

■ 249.1640, 5.4100,
1.0740

■ 204.0810,
-75.7840, -25.2560

■ 249.7510, 5.1350,
0.5510

■ 196.0190,
-90.4090, -30.0330

■ 250.3380, 4.8600,
0.0280

■ 188.2560,
-104.4380, -34.5980

■ 250.9250, 4.5850,
-0.4950

■ 180.7810,
-119.3380, -39.8980

■ 251.5120, 4.3100,
-1.0180

■ 173.0180,
-133.3670, -44.4630

■ 167.0490,
-143.8200, -47.7560

Harmonies

Analogous

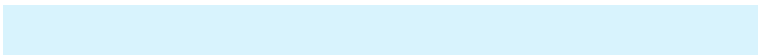
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



235.2000, -12.6070, -8.3110



235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490



236.0670, -19.3020, -2.6140

Triad

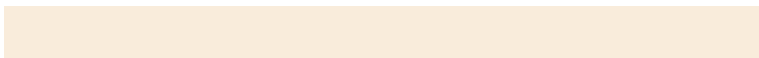
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490



240.4230, 3.4830, 8.4670



237.9490, 13.2050, -2.5310

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



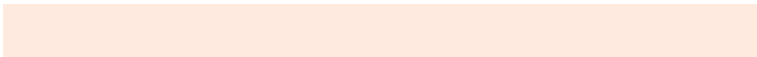
235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490



223.8560, 18.2010, 6.0490

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



239.0250, 16.0470, 1.0310



235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490



239.9030, 10.8190, 7.6750

Square

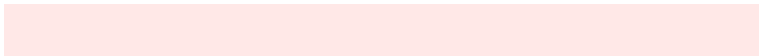
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490



239.0520, -5.7780, 5.5980



238.7630, 14.0290, 4.5650



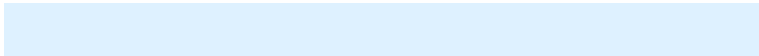
237.4210, 5.8240, -6.4320

Rectangle

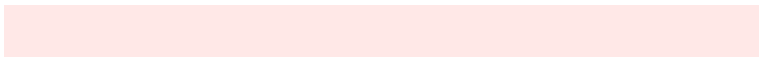
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



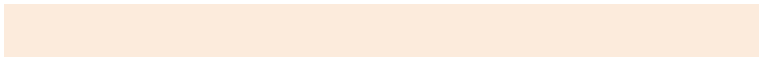
235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490



236.9150, -15.8180, 0.3260



238.7630, 14.0290, 4.5650



238.3730, 14.9470, -1.0610

Sweetspot

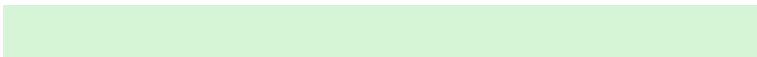
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490



252.0100, -5.9600, -2.1200



232.3110, -8.8460, -15.9020



125.3200, -3.8970, -0.9610



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490



243.0510, -22.3730, -7.5330



226.3390, -14.0760, 1.7960



118.4120, -7.1520, -2.5440



126.8640, -109.2060, -36.2940



40.1850, -34.6140, -11.4620

Inverse Universe

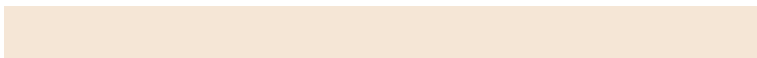
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



226.6890, 8.8460, 15.9020



232.5800, 10.7710, 19.5630



232.6610, 14.0760, -1.7960



114.9560, 3.3000, 6.2760



76.1340, 53.0760, 95.4120



24.1390, 16.8670, 30.2350

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

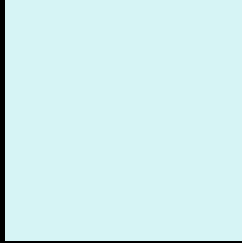
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

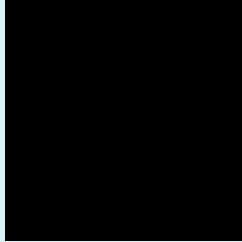
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

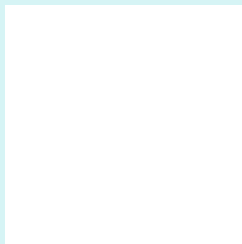
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490.



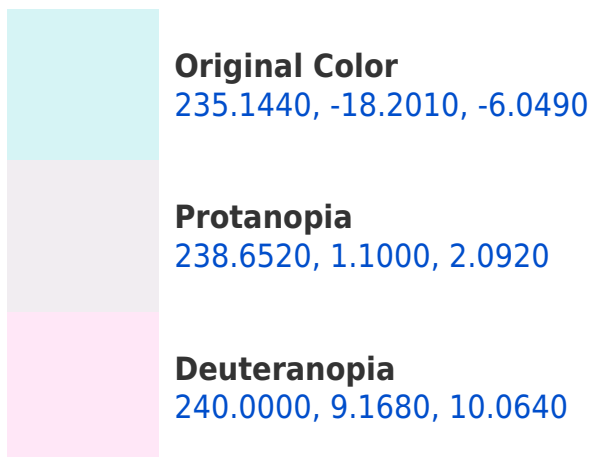
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 235.1440, -18.2010,

-6.0490.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

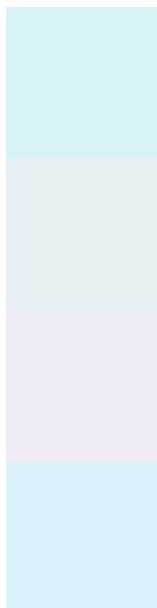




Tritanopia

237.2140, -15.2220, 0.5380

Trichromacy



Original Color

235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490

Protanomaly

237.5370, -6.0060, -1.2860

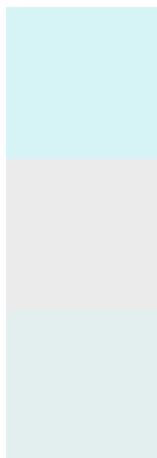
Deuteranomaly

238.3360, -0.8260, 3.9580

Tritanomaly

236.4480, -16.0010, -1.8650

Monochromacy



Original Color

235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490

Achromatopsia

235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

234.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 244, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 244, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 244, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 244, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 244, 245) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 244, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 244, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 244, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 244, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 244,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 235.1440, -18.2010, -6.0490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 244, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
244, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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