

# Converting Colors

YIQ(235.1600, 19.2600,  
-18.6600)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(235.1600, 19.2600,  
-18.6600)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2F2B6
RGB	242, 242, 182
RGB Percent	95%, 95%, 71%
CMY	0.0510, 0.0510, 0.2861
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.25, 0.05
HSL	60°, 70%, 83%
HSV	60°, 25%, 95%
XYZ	76.8135, 85.7584, 56.7775
YIQ	235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

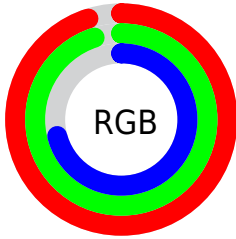
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	182, 242, 182
Decimal	15921846
CIE Lab	94.21, -9.31, 29.04
CIE LCh	94, 30.492, 107.771
Yxy	85.7584, 0.3502, 0.3910
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294111926 (0xFFFF2F2B6)
YUV	235.1600, -26.2079, 5.9987
Hunter-Lab	92.6058, -14.0003, 28.4729

# Details

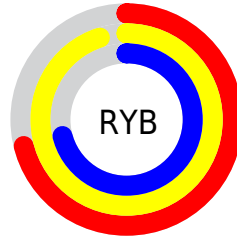
The YIQ color  $235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $188.8400, -19.2600, 18.6600$ , and the grayscale version is  $235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $253.0620, 5.4570, -5.2870$ , and  $179.2030, 17.7010, -17.9390$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $232.4240, 26.9640, -26.1240$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $237.8960, 11.5560, -11.1960$ .

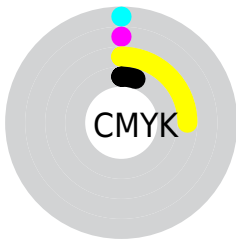
# Distribution



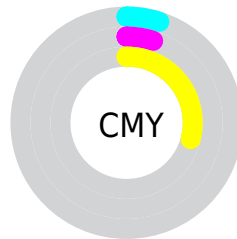
- Red (95%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 235.1600, 19.2600,  
-18.6600

■ 235.1600, 19.2600,  
-18.6600

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 206.9750, 18.3430,  
-18.5610

■ 253.0620, 5.4570,  
-5.2870

■ 179.2030, 17.7010,  
-17.9390

■ 152.3170, 17.3800,  
-17.6280

■ 126.2460, 16.1420,  
-17.2180

■ 101.0610, 15.2250,  
-17.1190

■ 77.1750, 14.9040,  
-16.8080

■ 53.8760, 14.3080,

-17.0200

■ 33.3580, 10.1350,  
-12.9770

■ 11.1530, -5.2250,  
-9.9370

■ 235.1600, 19.2600,  
-18.6600

■ 235.1600, 19.2600,  
-18.6600

■ 232.4240, 26.9640,  
-26.1240

■ 237.8960, 11.5560,  
-11.1960

■ 229.6880, 34.6680,  
-33.5880

■ 240.6320, 3.8520,  
-3.7320

■ 226.8380, 42.6930,  
-41.3630

■ 243.4820, -4.1730,  
4.0430

■ 224.1020, 50.3970,  
-48.8270

■ 221.3660, 58.1010,  
-56.2910

■ 218.6300, 65.8050,  
-63.7550

■ 215.8940, 73.5090,  
-71.2190

■ 214.4120, 77.6820,  
-75.2620

# Harmonies

## Analogous

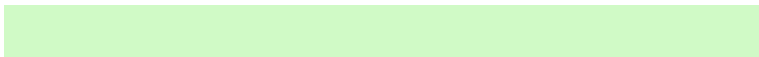
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233.0630, 30.0790, -10.9850



235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600



231.5140, -8.3400, -25.0760

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600



224.2360, -56.9870, -18.9950



232.9390, 11.1380, 18.4180

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600



188.8400, -19.2600, 18.6600

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



237.3900, 8.2500, 15.6900



235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600



228.7980, -37.7780, -9.1860

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600



225.3990, -59.0040, -20.9880



234.8880, -11.1880, 4.5240



229.5190, 20.7680, 9.0880

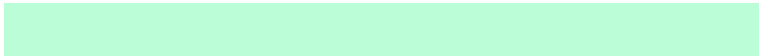


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600



228.6350, -27.7340, -26.0220



234.8880, -11.1880, 4.5240



234.4550, 9.6250, 18.3050

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600



252.9480, 5.7780, -5.5980



199.9400, 35.7600, 12.7200



126.4470, 2.9350, -3.6330



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

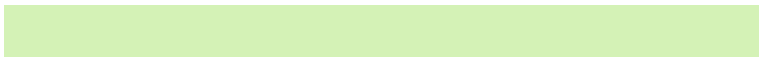
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600



246.3360, 24.3960, -23.6360



226.1900, 1.3800, -25.0200



118.6320, 3.8520, -3.7320



163.0240, 59.0640, -57.2240



49.6160, 17.9760, -17.4160



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188.8400, -19.2600, 18.6600



187.6640, -24.3960, 23.6360



197.8100, -1.3800, 25.0200



109.3680, -3.8520, 3.7320



20.9760, -59.0640, 57.2240

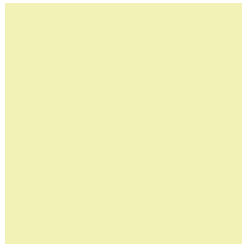


6.3840, -17.9760, 17.4160



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

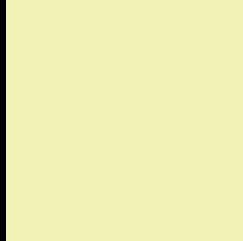
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

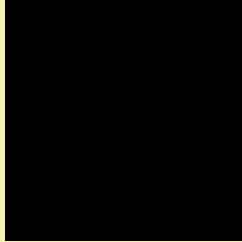
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600.



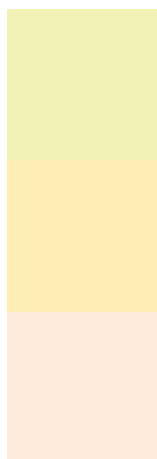
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600.

-18.6600.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600

### Protanopia

236.4710, 28.7500, -14.4340

### Deuteranopia

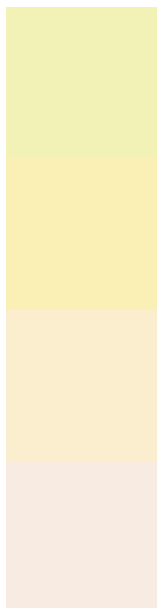
239.2700, 16.7350, -0.4250



## Tritanopia

240.4340, 4.9500, 9.4140

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600

## Protanomaly

235.6770, 25.1740, -15.7060

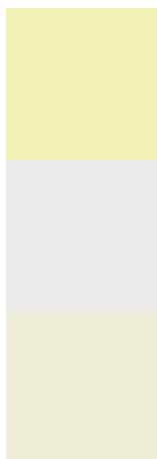
## Deuteranomaly

237.9400, 17.4240, -7.4080

## Tritanomaly

238.4480, 10.3620, -0.5660

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600

## Achromatopsia

235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

235.4920, 7.0620, -6.8420

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 242, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 242, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 242, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 242, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 242, 182) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 242, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 242, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 242, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 242, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 242,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 235.1600, 19.2600, -18.6600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 242, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
242, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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