

# Converting Colors

YIQ(235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(235.3850, 6.6460,  
11.7180)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9E2F8
RGB	249, 226, 248
RGB Percent	98%, 89%, 97%
CMY	0.0235, 0.1137, 0.0274
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	303°, 66%, 93%
HSV	303°, 9%, 98%
XYZ	83.2105, 81.3079, 100.1172
YIQ	235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

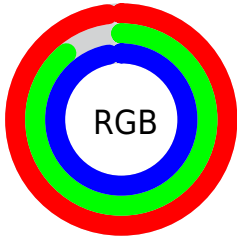
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	249, 226, 248
Decimal	16376568
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	92.27, 11.64, -7.81
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	92, 14.021, 326.140
Yxy	81.3079, 0.3144, 0.3072
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294566648 (0xFFFF9E2F8)
YUV	235.3850, 6.2192, 11.9404
Hunter-Lab	90.1709, 6.9224, -2.7104

# Details

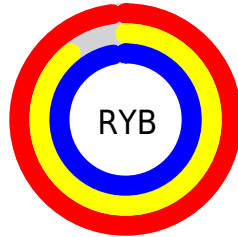
The YIQ color  $235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $239.6150, -6.6460, -11.7180$ , and the grayscale version is  $235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $179.6730, 5.7750, 10.9830$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $220.5960, 13.8420, 24.4820$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $250.1740, -0.5500, -1.0460$ .

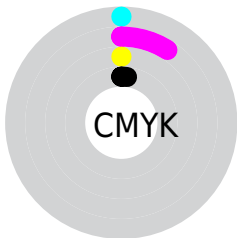
# Distribution



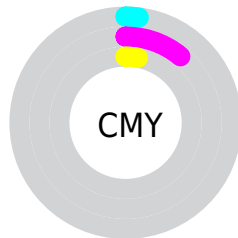
- Red (98%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



235.3850, 6.6460,  
11.7180

235.3850, 6.6460,  
11.7180

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

206.9720, 6.3710,  
11.1950

179.9720, 6.3710,  
11.1950

152.6730, 5.7750,  
10.9830

126.5590, 6.0960,  
10.6720

101.8470, 5.2250,  
9.9370

77.7330, 5.5460,  
9.6260

55.0210, 4.6750,

8.8910

■ 33.6080, 4.4000,  
8.3680

■ 9.7980, 6.9210,  
12.2410

■ 235.3850, 6.6460,  
11.7180

■ 235.3850, 6.6460,  
11.7180

■ 220.5960, 13.8420,  
24.4820

■ 250.1740, -0.5500,  
-1.0460

■ 205.8070, 21.0380,  
37.2460

■ 252.6360, -1.9710,  
-2.8270

■ 191.0180, 28.2340,  
50.0100

■ 252.7500, -2.2920,  
-2.5160

■ 176.2290, 35.4300,  
62.7740

■ 252.8640, -2.6130,  
-2.2050

161.4400, 42.6260,  
75.5380

252.9780, -2.9340,  
-1.8940

147.1240, 49.8680,  
87.4680

253.2060, -3.5760,  
-1.2720

132.3350, 57.0640,  
100.2320

117.5460, 64.2600,  
112.9960

102.7570, 71.4560,  
125.7600

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233.7470, -6.2370, 8.4110



235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180



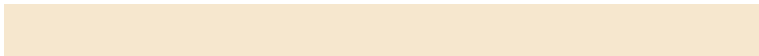
234.5230, 14.9450, 9.9930

# Triad

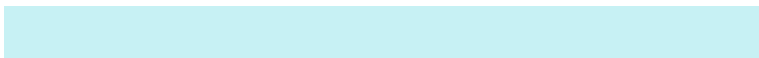
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180



232.6350, 16.9650, -4.5950



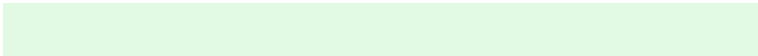
228.7840, -25.9950, -7.9710

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180



239.6150, -6.6460, -11.7180

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



228.6830, -18.5210, -11.2650



235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180



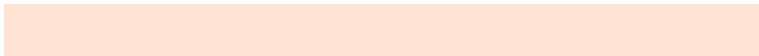
231.4270, 5.6870, -9.4570

# Square

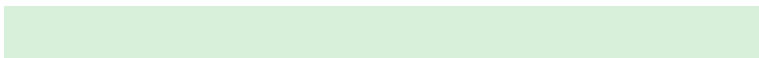
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



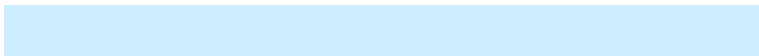
235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180



233.5480, 21.8240, 0.9600



229.6150, -6.6460, -11.7180



229.7720, -25.7210, -1.9210



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180



233.4970, 17.8340, 7.1940



229.6150, -6.6460, -11.7180



228.3280, -24.7110, -9.2150

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180



250.3040, 2.2000, 4.1840



228.9210, -6.7870, 7.3650



124.3640, 1.9710, 2.8270



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180



238.4500, 8.0210, 14.3330



234.1310, 10.1770, 8.2970



117.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



77.0310, 54.8640, 96.0480



24.9650, 17.4170, 31.2810



# Inverse Universe

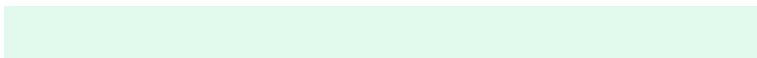
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180



238.4500, 8.0210, 14.3330



240.8690, -10.1770, -8.2970



117.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



77.0310, 54.8640, 96.0480

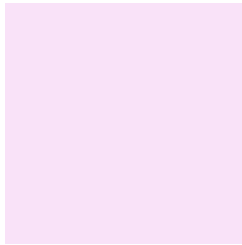


24.9650, 17.4170, 31.2810



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

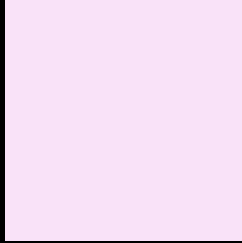
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

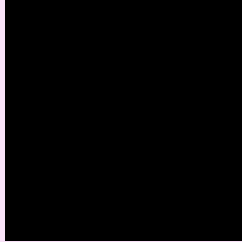
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180.



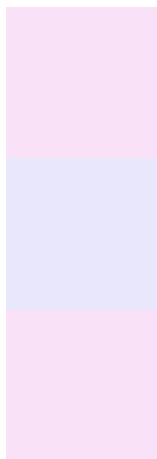
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 235.3850, 6.6460,

11.7180.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180

### Protanopia

233.5790, -5.8240, 6.4320

### Deuteranopia

235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180



## Tritanopia

235.2170, 7.0590, 9.7390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180

## Protanomaly

234.0850, -1.3770, 8.4390

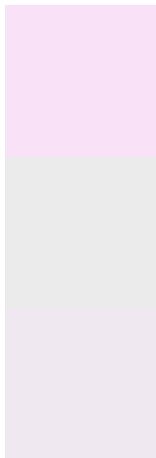
## Deuteranomaly

235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180

## Tritanomaly

235.3310, 6.7380, 10.0500

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180

## Achromatopsia

235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

235.3040, 2.2000, 4.1840

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 226, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 226, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 226, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 226, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 226, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 226, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 226, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 226, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 226, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 226,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 235.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 226, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
226, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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