

# Converting Colors

YIQ(235.9490, -5.1310,  
-22.6590)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(235.9490, -5.1310,  
-22.6590)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D9FCCB
RGB	217, 252, 203
RGB Percent	85%, 99%, 80%
CMY	0.1491, 0.0117, 0.2039
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.19, 0.01
HSL	103°, 89%, 89%
HSV	103°, 19%, 99%
XYZ	74.2017, 88.6892, 69.7106
YIQ	235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

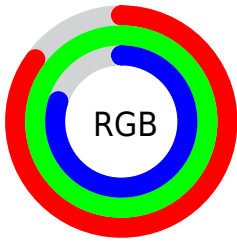
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">203, 252, 238</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14286027</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">95.45, -20.00, 19.78</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">95, 28.127, 135.312</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">88.6892, 0.3190, 0.3813</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292476107 (0xFFD9FCCB)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">235.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">94.1750, -24.1638, 22.0346</a>

# Details

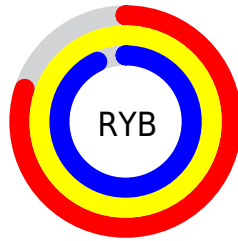
The YIQ color  $235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $219.0510, 5.1310, 22.6590$ , and the grayscale version is  $236.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $179.8890, -4.9020, -21.3020$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $227.7170, -7.8340, -34.2500$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $244.1810, -2.4280, -11.0680$ .

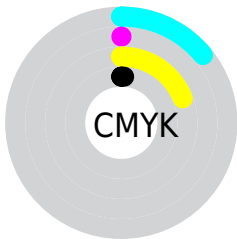
# Distribution



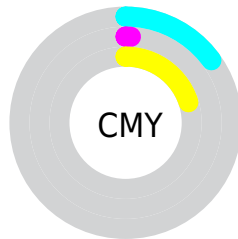
- Red (85%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 235.9490, -5.1310,  
-22.6590


 235.9490, -5.1310,  
-22.6590


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 207.4760, -5.1770,  
-21.8250

 179.8890, -4.9020,  
-21.3020

 153.0030, -5.2230,  
-20.9910

 127.1170, -5.5440,  
-20.6800

 101.9430, -4.9940,  
-19.6340

 77.4700, -5.0400,  
-18.8000

 53.6980, -5.6820,

-18.1780

■ 31.7690, -4.4440,  
-18.5880

■ 15.2620, -7.1500,  
-13.5980

■ 235.9490, -5.1310,  
-22.6590

■ 235.9490, -5.1310,  
-22.6590

■ 227.7170, -7.8340,  
-34.2500

■ 244.1810, -2.4280,  
-11.0680

■ 219.4850,  
-10.5370, -45.8410

■ 252.4130, 0.2750,  
0.5230

■ 211.1390,  
-12.9190, -57.7430

■ 253.2390, 0.8250,  
1.5690

■ 202.9070,  
-15.6220, -69.3340

■ 194.6750,  
-18.3250, -80.9250

■ 186.4430,  
-21.0280, -92.5160

■ 178.2110,  
-23.7310, -104.1070

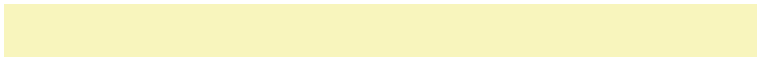
■ 169.8650,  
-26.1130, -116.0090

■ 169.4520,  
-26.3880, -116.5320

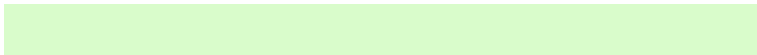
# Harmonies

## Analogous

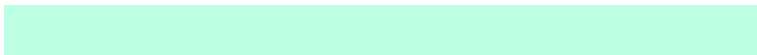
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



239.5130, 19.7640, -16.7800



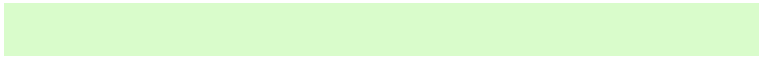
235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590



231.7750, -30.9440, -22.9120

# Triad

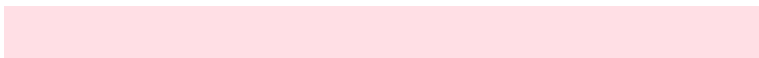
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590



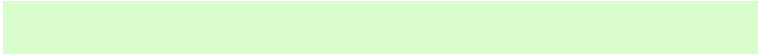
232.3530, -35.0270, -9.4830



233.2520, 17.1460, 8.6500

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590



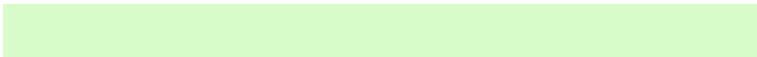
219.0510, 5.1310, 22.6590

# Split Complementary

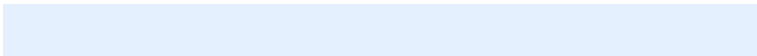
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



236.8030, 8.5250, 16.2130



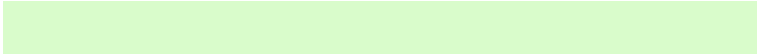
235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590



238.4210, -11.3710, 2.3330

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



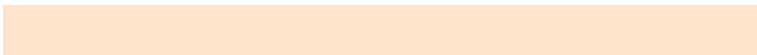
235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590



229.2860, -51.2560, -18.2320



240.3250, 6.8750, 13.0750

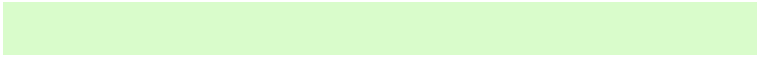


232.7500, 24.0710, -1.2170



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590



229.4560, -45.9830, -20.1830



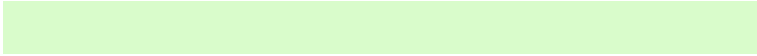
240.3250, 6.8750, 13.0750



233.6910, 14.5320, 11.9720

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590



250.0010, -1.7410, -6.9970



237.6090, 19.8540, -7.3940



124.8810, -1.2830, -4.2830



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

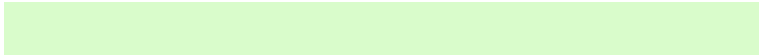


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

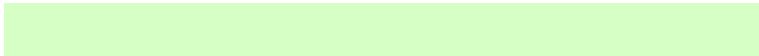


# Same Dimension

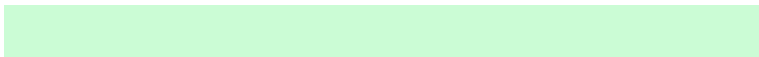
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590



235.7160, -6.0930, -27.2530



232.9030, -16.6850, -22.5170



120.8270, -1.1910, -5.9510



127.0890, -19.7910, -87.3990



40.8900, -6.6430, -28.2990



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219.0510, 5.1310, 22.6590



215.2840, 6.0930, 27.2530



222.0970, 16.6850, 22.5170



116.1730, 1.1910, 5.9510



61.9110, 19.7910, 87.3990

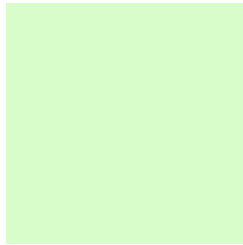


20.1100, 6.6430, 28.2990



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

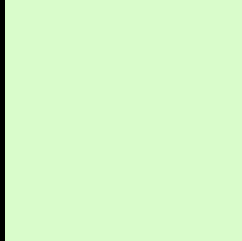
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

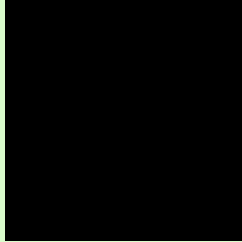
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

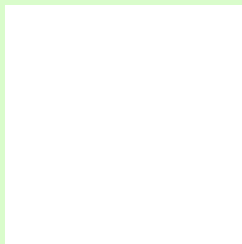
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590.



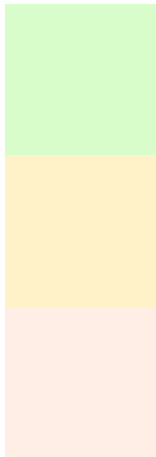
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590.

-22.6590.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590

### Protanopia

240.5120, 21.5050, -9.7830

### Deuteranopia

242.1710, 12.7000, 1.1160



## Tritanopia

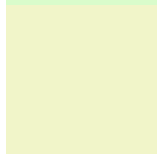
241.0790, -10.4080, 1.4000

# Trichromacy



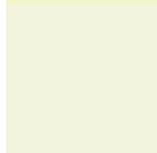
## Original Color

235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590



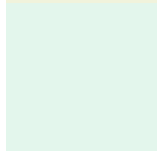
## Protanomaly

238.7880, 11.7400, -14.5320



## Deuteranomaly

239.7800, 6.1910, -7.5770



## Tritanomaly

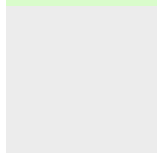
239.1790, -8.1140, -7.1380

# Monochromacy



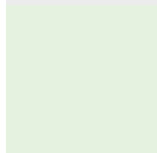
## Original Color

235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590



## Achromatopsia

236.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

236.0610, -1.9700, -8.3540

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 252, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 252, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 252, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 252, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 252, 203) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 252, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 252, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 252, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 252, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 252,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 235.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 252, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
252, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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