

Converting Colors

YIQ(236.9490, 38.4270,
-30.1250)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250)
contains.

YIQ(236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(236.9490, 38.4270,
-30.1250)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF68F
RGB	255, 246, 143
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 56%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0353, 0.4390
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.44, 0.00
HSL	55°, 100%, 78%
HSV	55°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	79.1529, 89.1520, 39.0464
YIQ	236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

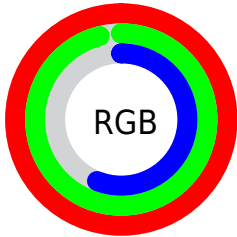
Format	Color
R _Y B	153, 255, 143
Decimal	16774799
CIE Lab	95.64, -10.81, 50.40
CIE LCh	96, 51.544, 102.107
Yxy	89.1520, 0.3817, 0.4300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964879 (0xFFFFF68F)
YUV	236.9490, -46.3169, 15.8307
Hunter-Lab	94.4203, -15.5983, 41.5756

Details

The YIQ color **236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **161.0510, -38.4270, 30.1250**, and the grayscale version is **237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **248.5020, 18.2970, -17.7270**, and **180.3940, 35.6760, -29.8280** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **232.9250, 47.0020, -36.8540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **241.0870, 29.5310, -23.0850**.

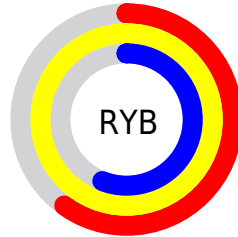
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

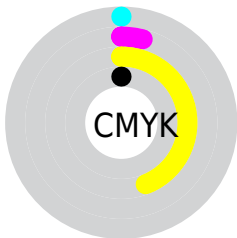
Blue (56%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (56%)

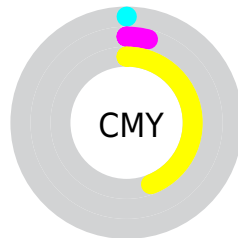


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (4%)


Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 236.9490, 38.4270,
-30.1250

 236.9490, 38.4270,
-30.1250


255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000


 208.4650, 36.9140,
-30.2380


 248.5020, 18.2970,
-17.7270


 180.3940, 35.6760,
-29.8280

 251.8080, 8.9880,
-8.7080

 153.2090, 34.7590,
-29.7290

 126.6110, 33.5670,
-30.1530

 99.5140, 35.2180,
-32.5420

 77.0820, 27.9270,
-27.0570

 55.8070, 18.7560,

-20.5400

■ 35.4180, 9.9060,
-14.3340

■ 14.6970, -3.9410,
-11.1810

■ 236.9490, 38.4270,
-30.1250

■ 236.9490, 38.4270,
-30.1250

■ 232.9250, 47.0020,
-36.8540

■ 241.0870, 29.5310,
-23.0850

■ 228.7870, 55.8980,
-43.8940

■ 245.1110, 20.9560,
-16.3560

■ 224.7630, 64.4730,
-50.6230

■ 249.2490, 12.0600,
-9.3160

■ 220.6250, 73.3690,
-57.6630

■ 253.2730, 3.4850,
-2.5870

■ 216.6010, 81.9440, 255.0000, -0.0000,
-64.3920 -0.0000

■ 214.1900, 87.3550,
-68.8450

Harmonies

Analogous

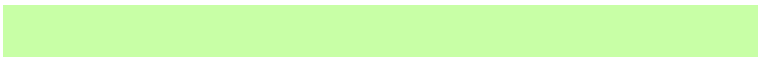
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



227.5400, 41.4970, -19.6790



236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250



228.4090, -4.2110, -39.3390

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250



178.7550, -151.9800, -54.0600



226.8240, 13.2000, 25.1040

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250



161.0510, -38.4270, 30.1250

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



235.6290, 9.0750, 17.2590



236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250



211.6450, -86.4200, -30.7400

Square

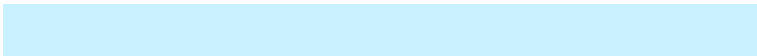
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250



193.1070, -123.3720, -43.8840



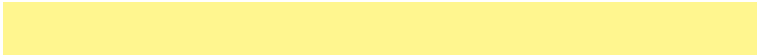
230.9350, -27.7380, -3.9140



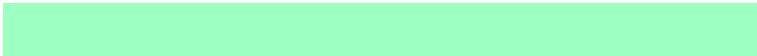
220.9420, 24.2510, 17.5550

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250



219.0430, -38.2310, -39.5350



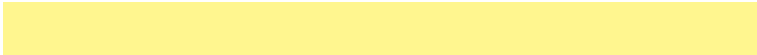
230.9350, -27.7380, -3.9140



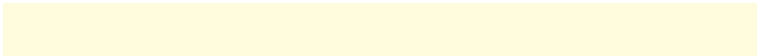
229.1720, 12.1000, 23.0120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250



249.4770, 11.4180, -8.6940



177.5140, 63.8630, 26.5430



124.4320, 7.2910, -5.4850



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

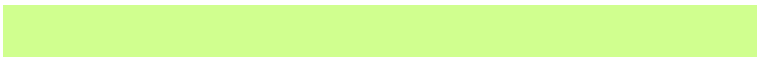
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250



233.1530, 46.3600, -36.2320



228.1790, 7.9400, -44.7960



125.3440, 4.7230, -2.9970



160.4210, 65.4360, -51.5560



53.7690, 21.9190, -17.2890

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161.0510, -38.4270, 30.1250



141.8470, -46.3600, 36.2320



169.8210, -7.9400, 44.7960



117.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



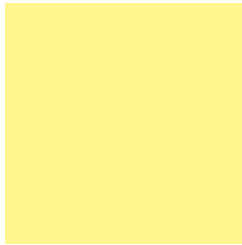
30.5790, -65.4360, 51.5560



10.2310, -21.9190, 17.2890

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

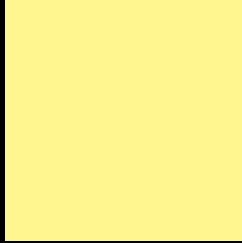
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250.



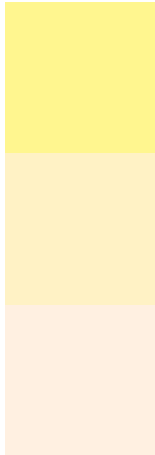
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 236.9490, 38.4270,

-30.1250.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250

Protanopia

240.7570, 22.1930, -11.2390

Deuteranopia

242.7750, 13.7550, -1.4850



Tritanopia

244.1090, 7.2430, 6.4030

Trichromacy



Original Color

236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250



Protanomaly

239.0640, 28.3380, -17.9820



Deuteranomaly

240.5290, 22.8350, -11.8610



Tritanomaly

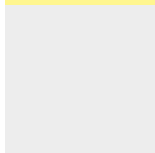
241.5380, 18.6160, -6.9840

Monochromacy



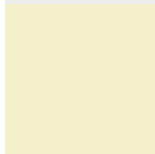
Original Color

236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250



Achromatopsia

237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

236.9780, 14.2610, -10.6590

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 246, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 246, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 246, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 246, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 246, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 246, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 246, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246, 143); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246, 143); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246, 143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 236.9490, 38.4270, -30.1250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 246, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
246, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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